CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, special barton-on-
Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, special barton-on-
Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324-nett, all complete.
Full particulars supplied free.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 208 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1922. TWO ANNAS.

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SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date. 1922	Steamers.	Tons.
2nd September	MOREA * ..	10,911
9th " ..	PLASSY ..	7,393
16th " ..	MALWA ..	10,941
23rd " ..	KAISAR-I-HIND..	11,430
30th " ..	NALDERA * ..	15,825
7th October..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
14th " ..	MACEDONIA † ..	11,089
21st " ..	DELTA	8,097
28th " ..	CHINA	7,952
4th November	KASHMIR.. ..	8 841
11th " ..	MANTUA † ..	10.902
18th " ..	MOREA	10,911
25th " ..	MALWA	10,941
2nd December	KAISAR-I-HIND..	11,430
9th " ..	NARKUNDA * ..	16,227
16th " ..	CALEDONIA ..	7,622
23rd " ..	KARMALA † ..	9,098
30th " ..	KHIVA	9,097

MOREA, NALDERA, NARKUNDA } * Through steamers from Australia.

MACEDONIA, MANTUA, KARMALA } † Through steamers from China

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN.—A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date About	Steamers.	Tons.
1st September.	MULBERA ..	9,100
13th "	MERKARA ..	8,285
27th October ..	MARGHA ..	8,258
10th November	DOMALA ..	8,441
24th " ..	NEVASA ..	9,071
7th December .	MANDALA ..	8,246
21st " ..	MANTOLA ..	8,963

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA.

About		
8th September .	MANTUA ..	
21st " ..	SICILIA ..	
6th October ..	NARKUNDA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nankin.
27th " ..	SOUDAN ..	
2nd November .	KASHGAR ..	
25th " ..	SICILLA ..	
25th December .	MACEDONIA ..	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nellore.
31st " ..	SOUDAN ..	

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons
9th October.	NARKUNDA ..	16,227
24th November.	NALDERA ..	15,825
15th December.	MACEDONIA ..	11,089

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Destination.
4th Sept...	VITA ..	Karachi direct.
6th " ..	KAROA ..	East and South Africa.
7th " ..	BARJORA	Karachi & P. Gulf.
7th " ..	VASNA ..	Basrah via Karachi

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED,
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT

Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
10, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 168.

Telephone No. 1220.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. "Jalavihar"	8750	2nd half Sept. 1922.

For freight and other particulars apply to

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N.Y.K. LINE.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Regular Service to Japan via Singapore Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer,	Commander,	Tons.	Arrival	Dep.
† Gyokoh Maru	H. Ogata	6,101	26 Aug	9 Sep.
Akita Maru..	Y. Kotoril.	8,817	4 Sep.	14 Sep
Wakasa Maru	M. Goto	6,083	11 Sep.	25 Sep
KamakataMaru	J. Fujisawa	5,843	21 Sep.	9 Oct

†This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.

For particulars, apply to—

H. UYEMURA,
Acting Manager.

Telephone No. 879, 4382.
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL ... Rs. 85,00,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ... Rs. 85,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc.. ... Rs., 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Mutra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100 000 provided the interest amounts to Rs 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL ... $20,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... £4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ... $25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS ... $20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON, OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Hongkong	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Johore	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Dairen	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Haiphong	New York	Vladivostock
Hamburg	Peking	Yloilo
Harbin	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods or terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

E. R. HYND,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED

ESTABLISH 1895.

Capital authorised ..... Rs. 100,00,000
Capital issued ..... ,, 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... ,, 50,00,000
Capital Paid up ..... ,, 25,00,130
Reserve Fund ..... ,, 18,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa City	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Amballa Cant	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan.	Kasur	Rahon
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Sialkot
Gojra		Srinagar

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted. For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 7,50,18,450
Paid-Up Capital and Reserved ..... Rs. 2,42,56,535
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... Rs. 5,25,12,915

Sir D. T. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Board of Directors.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDERABAD, (DECCAN), LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON.

Every facility offered for General and Exchange banking throughout India and with Europe and America, Bills of Exchange negotiated. Deposits received.

For terms apply to Head Office or to any branch.

General Manager,
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 61,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Shimonoseki
Darien	Nagasaki	Singapore
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

H. UNAGAMI,
Acting Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 297.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... ,, 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... ,, 72,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C. 2.

BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basrah	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £ 999,844
Reserve Fund ..... £ 300,000

Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,156

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK,

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)

(Incorporated in Holland.)

Established 1863.

Authorised Capital ..... Fl. 60,000,000 about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund ... Fl. 75,000,000 ,, £6,250,000

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland).
SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.
EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA.

BRASCHES.

DUTCH EAST BRANCHES:

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandoeng	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Probolingge
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevereden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.
CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.
BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.
LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Wiliams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.
PARIS BANKERS:—Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.
NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust Co., Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, Goldman Sachs and Co.
Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

Sorab Building, No. 7, Murzban Road, Fort. Post Box No. 876.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. J. de GRAAN,
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ...	59,82,112/8

HEAD OFFICE,
62-63, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.

LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTRY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at ½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

every description transacted.

General Banking and exchange business of

F. C. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASSETS EXCEED RS. 30,00,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

5% P. A. ON DAILY BALANCES.

As long as the Government of India finds it difficult to borrow funds in the open market at rate of interest lower than 6 per cent. p. a. or at any rate below 5 per cent. p. a. we have decided to give full advantage to our customers of the predicament of the Government and grant them 5 per cent. p. a. on their daily balances with us on Savings Accounts on and from the 1st of August, 1922. Interest payable only on the 31st day of December each year, even though an account may be closed earlier

Investments mainly in or against Government of India Securities and in Securities admitted by the Trust Act. For rules and particulars apply to

YESHWANT ANNA KUNTE, Esq., Director, Girgaum Branch.
Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M.A., Ph.D., Managing Director.

THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

7, FORT STREET, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI RAWALPINDI SURAT AND KAPURTHALA Agencies in all parts of India. CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 5 per cent.

FIXED DEPOSITS for short period, one year and more accepted, interest allowed for 18 months at 6 per cent. for 5000 and under and at 6½ per cent. on sums above 5000, special rates for large deposits. Cheque or receipts of any part of India accepted at par in long term deposits. ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CASH CREDIT OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES. Bills for Collection accepted. Every description of Banking business undertaken.

SHARES AVAILABLE AT PAR.

G. P. Notes. Shares Stocks bought and sold Free of Charge for Customers.

Short terms deposits invited on favourable terms.

Further particulars from:—
Post Box. 22.
Phone 5306.
KHOLSA AND CO.,
Managers.

INDIAN CAPITAL, INDIAN MANAGEMENT.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS.—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... ,, 48,00,000
Reserves Liability for Calls ,, 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... ,, 39,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

HOTELS.

PROSPECT HOTEL.

PANCHGANI.

Opened under entire new management of Western principles. Bracing climate, excellent cuisine and comfortable room open on all sides. Terms moderate. Book rooms sharp. Season commencing October.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

AT WHICH TO PUT UP IS THE

RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Bombay" Hotel situated at Charney Road in a healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.

Competent Chafes. High Class cuisine and Billiard Tables.

CHARNI ROAD, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 111.

Tel. 2710. Telegraphic:—"LODGE."

THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.

FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.

Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge.

VITHAL SAVANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL

Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges.:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	5—0—0
2nd Class	50—70	3—8—0
		3—0—0
		2—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

INSURANCE.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.

113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN.
Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, Esq.

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.

For particulars apply to—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation-Report and commends a Bonus of ½ per cent., on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 47,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. B. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
48, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD

Head Office.

7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.

Total Invested Funds exceed Rs. 58,00,000
Claims Paid over ..... Rs. 14,00,000
New Business 1921 ..... Rs. 55,86,000

Lowest Rates of Premiums in India, Liberal Policy Conditions.

For all Forms of Assurance please apply

S. N. BANERJEA.
Secretary.

RAE AND CO.
Managing Agents.

Or

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C. I.
383, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book.

The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.

Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.

Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to—
The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
309, Bowbazar Street, D. N. SEN & CO.,
Calcutta.

1, Chowringhee,
Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

Bengal Paste Board and Paper Mills, Ltd.

THE ONLY BOARD MILL IN INDIA.
Card Board, Coloured Boards, etc., speciality.
HIGHLY APPRECIATED BY H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES
and other eminent Gentlemen
Shares available and alloted on the basis of Prospectus.
THE DIRECTOR
THE BENGAL PASTE BOARD AND PAPER MILLS, LTD.
8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA.

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA

Leucoderma or white patches is a disease very obstinate in its nature but it is not leprosy, as is popularly known and a good servant should not be dismissed for his having white patches. The white patches are due to loss of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood, and sometimes to syphilitic, mercurial or venerial poison and hereditary causes and some other known or unknown sources of infection and freaks of nature. But after all, this nasty disease is a curse to humanity and a vigorous and systematic treatment is essential to root it out. Unscientific drugs—Pills and Oils—of the market, sold by people who pose too much and offer lower prices are worse than no treatment and surely no sane man should resort to same. The scientific drugs of the Behar Chemical works have proved to the world that these can cure Leucoderma of any variety, chronic or acute, and the medicines are non-poisonous, produce no re-action, non-irritant, and can be safely used by all without any harm.

For internal use, to purify the blood, increase new blood in the system, and improve general condition of health, mind and body and make up loss of pigmentation in the blood etc., NERVINUS (Regd.) with gold at Rs. 5/- per bottle. For external application—medicine to last one month—at Rs. 5/- per bottle.

BOTH SHOULD BE TAKEN TOGETHER TO ENSURE PROMPT AND LASTING EFFECT. Postage, etc., extra.

Writes B. Singh from Port Blair :—

The medicine was used on the white patches of my son who got the complete cure from this dangerous disease. The public should TRUST upon my writing that the Behar Chemical Works very favourably selling this wonderful medicine for Rs. 10/- If they charged Rs. 50/- for this it can be considered very cheap.

MANY OTHER GOOD REFERENCES.

LEPROSY (Tropical or Post Venereal)

Our specifics for 45 days including medicines for internal and external uses as well as for Fumigation and Bath are scientifically prepared by us according to the principles laid down by the latest and highest authorities and these cure Leprosy of all varieties, viz : Nodular, Tubercular, Para or Mixed Leprosy. Anaesthetic Leprosy, etc., etc. Rs. 15 per set. Postage extra. Best and safest scientific treatment ever invented. A trial will show its merits.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS MIHIJAM E. I. R.

The India Equitable Insurance Coy., Ltd.

Head Office:—1 Lal Bazar Street, CALCUTTA.

Note well :—The Astonishing Profits (Reversionary Bonus) declared to the Policy holders at the last Actuarial Valuation of this Company :—Rs. 15/per thousand per annum.

Please compare this results with the results of other Companies before insuring your life.

Wanted Agents on Commission and Allowance guaranteed business,

For further particulars, Proposal forms and terms of Agency please apply to—

THE INDIAN PRODUCTS SUPPLYING AGENCY, LTD.

Local Secretaries, 79 Medows Street, Bombay.

P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary, Head Office, CALCUTTA.

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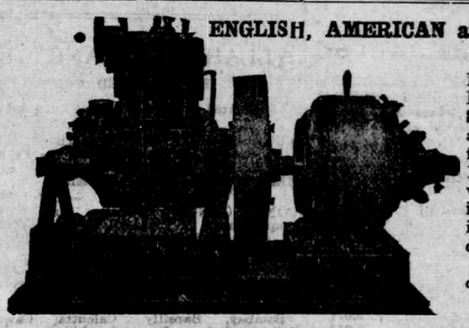

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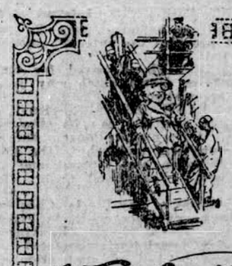

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"I wish to point out that I have been taking the medicine for some time for malaria and it has done me very great good."

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BOMBAY SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the members of the Bombay Harbour Mission and Prince of Wales Seamen's Institute was held on Wednesday evening at the Institute Hall, Nicol Road, the Ven'ble Archdeacon C. F. W. Hatchall presiding. In the couse of the annual report, it was stated:—

The most important event in our past year's history has been our transfer to the new Institute on its completion. By the courtesy of the builder we were able to do our house ridding in July, though the new Institute was not quite ready by then. The contractors were out of the building by November. The execution of the building scheme has cost considerably more than we originally estimated that we should require. When we framed our proposals in 1917, we expected to need Rs. five lakhs to carry it through. Of this we expected Rs. 4 lakhs to go in initial expenditure, including furnishing, and the remaining one lakh to be available for repairs and insurance endowment. But our scheme required Government sanction and lay many months in the Secretariat awaiting it. During that period prices made their first great upward move, our building contract consequently figured Rs. 3,41,399 instead of Rs. 2,80,000, or Rs. 3 lakhs, upon which we had calculated. Our expenditure upon electrical equipment, installation of water supply and drains and furnishing were also unavoidably higher than we anticipated in 1917.

Consequently, we have succeeded in rounding the financial side of the undertaking in the manner that at the outset we considered desirable. That is to say, after meeting all initial costs we shall have a lakh or a little more in hand for the establishment of an insurance and repairs endowment fund.

We have yet fully to develope our profit earning facilities. In particular, we shall personally make money with a new cinema, which is now being installed, and we hope to derive an increasing advantage from letting our Entertainment Hall to the public at times when it is not required for our own purposes. It will seat 350 to 400 people, and is one of the best halls in Bombay for concerts, dances—it has a dancing floor—dinners and meetings, several of these have already been held in it with satisfaction to their organisers.

In reply to Mr. W. S. Hoseason, Mr. A. H. Byrt, Honorary Secretary said with regard to the Indian Laskir's Annexe that he had been in communication with Government, who stated that they had no funds at present, and the scheme was under consideration. The speaker had not heard, further, on the matter from Government.

The annual report on being proposed and seconded was declared carried unanimously.

The office- bearers for the ensuing year were then elected.

CHAIRMAN'S REMARKS.

The Chairman in winding up the proceeding of the meeting regretted the retirement of Mr. Byrt who, in his opinion, was the moving spirit of the Seamen's Institute. He suggested that they should have something in the Institute to commemorate the work of Mr. Byrt.

Speaking about Indian Lascars, the Chairman said that they were a very fine body of men doing excellent work in the war and he hoped steps would be taken as soon pas possible to give them a proper place in Bombay.

MR. BYRT'S REPLY.

Mr. Byrt, in reply thanked them very much for having eulogised his work for the Institute. The work of the Institute had given him an opportunity to render assistance in the uplift of the Institute. The great amount of work with regard to the collection of funds was done by the Hon. Sir Arthur Froom and had it not been for him and the speaker, they would not have been able to collect them. In the and, he hoped that the public of Bombay would continue subscribing to the funds of the Institute as they had done hitherto. He once again thanked them for their very kind remarks in connection with his work for the Institute.

The meeting was, then, dissolved.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay was held on Wednesday, the 30th August 1922 at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the rooms of the B. B. R. A. Society, Town Hall, when the Honourable, Mr. Justice C. A. Kincaid, I.C.S., C.V.O., the President, occupied the Chair. The following Princes and gentlemen were duly elected Life and Annual Members of the Society:

LIFE-MEMBERS.

His Highness the Nawab Hussein Yawarkhan of Cambay, the Chief Saheb of Sangli, His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj of Patiala, the Honourable, Justice, Mr. D. F. Mulla, Sir Hormusjee A. Wadya, Sir Hormusjee C. Adenwalla, Mr. Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy, Mr. Roostumji Muncherji Kooka, Mr. Cowasjee N. Chhoi, Mr. Dadyba H. Billimoria, Sirdar Khan Bahadur, Adarjee M. Dalal, Sohrab Framjee Bharucha. Mr. Nadirshaw Eduljee Dinshaw, (Karachi), Mr. D. M. Wadia, Khan Bahadur, Burjorjee D. Patel, C.I.E., (Quetta).

ANNUAL MEMBERS:—

Mr. A. W. Stonebridge, Mr. Shivram Vithal Bhandarkar, B.A., LL.B.

The following donations were announced:—

Rs. 100 Khan Bahadur, Burjorjee D. Patel, C.I.E., O.B.E. (Quetta), Rs. 25 Mr. Nowrojee Sorabjee Bangalee.

The following popers were then read:—

"Ptolemy's Geography of Sind" by G. E. L Carter, Esq., I.C.S. "Some Nursery-Rhymes from the District of Chittagong in Eastern Bengal, Part, I," by Sarat Chandra Mitra, Esq.

The author endeavoured to interpret the statements of Ptolomy regarding the places of interest in Sind in the light of the unchanging geographical features of the country. Emphasis was laid on Ptolemy being a geographer and not an archaeologist, who wrote for travellers and geographers on information supplied by travellers. His map of the Lower Indus valley is particularly good, except that it is too elongated, a striking illustration of the direction of the main trade routes and the tediousness of travel in those times. Of the identifications proposed three are particularly interesting. The chief town of Baluchistan was Sokstra, on the Indus, in the neighbourhood of Larkana. Patala was on the island-hill of Tharro, near Dabeji station. Minnagar, the great mart of Central Sind, becomes an Indo-Scythian mud-fort, critically watchful of Sckstra.

The paper concluded with an expression of opinion that the great Indo-Iranian invasion was still in progress in Ptolemy's time, and, in summarising the value of Ptolemy's evidence, pointed to the weight of the political information contained in the map, which presumably would be as true as the geographical information is demonstrably sound.

The Paper was interesting and instructive and the President, Mr. P. R. Cadell, I.C.S., and Dr. Jivanji Jamshedji Modi made a few remarks and voted thanks to the author of the Paper.

The next Paper was that of Mr. Sarat Chandra Mitra. The following is the outline:—

In this paper Mr. Mitra publishes the texts, in Devanagari script and the English translations, of the first instalment of a collection of nursery-rhymes and lullabies which are current in the district of Chittagong in Eastern Bengal. Along with the English of each nursery-rhyme, Mr. Mitra has given notes thereupon setting forth the Ethnographical facts embodied therein, as also the other interesting features thereof. This instalment consists of 8 nursery-rhymes.

A vote of thanks to the author of the paper concluded the proceedings of the meeting.

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HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

During the week ending 26th August, the total mortality 654 was 6 less than in the preceding week; the death-rate registered was 28.33. These figures compare favourably with those for the 34th week of 1921 when the mortality was 922 and death-rate 48.95, and with those for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium (1917-1921) when the average mortality was 807 and death-rate 42.54. The number of deaths from Influenza during the week was 5 and that from the diseases of the Respiratory System 213 as against 3 and 186 respectively in the preceding week. One notification of Influenzal Pneumonia was received during the week. Of the total deaths, 169 were among infants under one year of age; 15 deaths occurred among recent arrivals from the mofussil who at the time of their death had resided for less than 10 days in the City. Small-pox and Cholera were absent during the week. Plague caused 8 attacks and 6 deaths. The number of live births registered during the week was 412 and compares favourably with that of the 34th week of the last year when the number was 338, and with the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1917-1921) namely 401.

The body of Mr. P. V. Naidu, Assistant Secretary, Finance Department was brought to Secunderabad from Bezawada on 1st inst. Mr. Naidu was travelling with his wife to Ellore for Muburrum holiday and on entering his carriage at Bezwada fell between the foot board and patform and both legs were crushed. He died in Bezwada hospital. The deceased was a popular officer and held in high esteem.

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"THE KID" HIMSELF!

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The world's most talked-of child

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"PECK'S BAD BOY"
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Written by Irvin S Cobb, the world's funniest Writer.

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Next to 'Jackie Coogan's own delightful humour in "Peck's Bad Boy" must be placed the astonishingly clever antics of his little Dog, "Tar Baby." "Tar Baby" enters into every prank of the mischievous Kid with enthusiastic Zest. He plays Leap Frog, secures delectable oddments from the Grocer's shop and diverts the attention of the Kid's pursuers.

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Late Mr. Keshavrao Bhonsale
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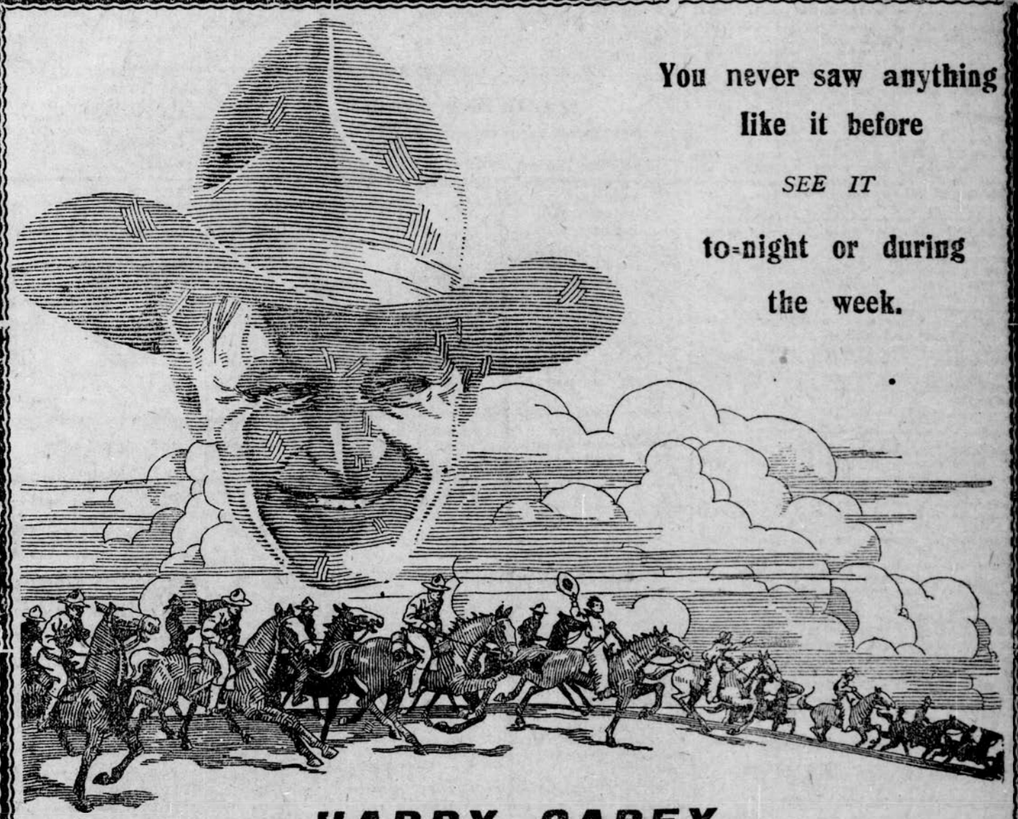

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Bandra. R4785

THE KHANDESH PRESS CO. LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIRST DIVIDEND at the rate of 8 per cent. that is Rs. 20-0-0 Rupees Twenty per share will be paid up Capital upto the 30th June, 1922, to the Shareholders of the Khandesh Press Company, Ltd., on and after MONDAY, the 4th September, 1922, between twelve noon and 3 p.m. on production of share certificates at the registered office of the Company No. 46, Church Gate Street, Fort.

DREWET CHOWNA & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 31st August, 1922. C14208

FOR HOUSE CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

BEST GRADE double boiled LINSED OIL now ready in stock. Apply immediately.

MANAGER,
GODREJ OIL & SOAP CO.,
Surti Moholla,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla. R4797

TO LET IN BALLARD ESTATE.

OFFICES and SHOW ROOMS for immediate occupation with lift.
I. In AMARCHAND BUILDING on BALLARD ROAD, near Mole Station, blocks FACING SEA.
II. In AMRUT BUILDING on Dougall Road, opposite E. D. Sassoon Co.'s Offices. Rents from Rs. 90 and upwards. For particulars apply to the OWNER on the Premises between 12-30 and 1-30 p.m. and 5 and 6 p.m. or in writing to

AMRATLAL AMARCHAND,
36, Kazi Syed St.,
Mandvi, Bombay No. 3. M4774

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT.

GUARANTEED.
British standard tests and specifications.

Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.

For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we the undersigned hold the sole and exclusive rights for sale, hire or exploitation of films "BLUE FOX" and "NAN OF THE NORTH" (serials) for India, Burma and Ceylon.

It having come to our notice that pirated copies of the above have been imported into India and Burma. We hereby give notice that should any individual or company buy or sell, hire or cause to be hired, or exhibit these films, we hall hold such party responsible for all damages and shall institute legal proceedings at once.

J. PEARSON & CO.,
VICTORIA BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazar, BOMBAY,
C14171

NOTICE.

THE UNIVERSAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LIMITED.
(Incorporated in India.)

CHAIRMAN.
H. L. ASPDEN, Esqr., A. M.I. Mech. E. I. Mech. India, etc.

THE COMPANY sent to London, in May last, its Engineer to purchase three steamers for passenger service and one cargo liner, out of a lot offered by a London firm of shipbrokers, but on inspection, almost all of them were found to be unserviceable. Selection had, therefore, to be made in Germany, where two fast steamers, almost new, with plenty of room for passenger accommodation have been purchased and are undergoing slight modifications to suit Indian traffic conditions. From advices so far received, it would appear that the Management would be able to commence a passenger service in October 1922.

Shareholders, who have so far, not remitted the amount of the 1st call will please expedite payment.

For particulars, please apply to the MANAGING AGENTS, 69, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.
29th August, 1922. C4750.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR HOUSEWIVES.

BEST GRADE filtered TIL OIL for edible purpose untouched by hand in different packings.

Sold everywhere.
Manufactured by,
GODREJ OIL & SOAP CO.,
Surti Moholla,
Near Parsee Statue, Byculla. R4798

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JEHANGIRJI BOMANJI COOPER and Mr. MEHERJIBHOY BOMANJI COOPER, of Bombay Parsi inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 61, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Free-hold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Syed Mukri Street Dungri, Mandvi, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 126 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1599 New No. 7327, Old Survey No. 27, New Survey No. 2470 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B. Ward No. 1231 and Street Nos. 83, 85, 87 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by G. I. P. Railway Musjid Bunder Station on or towards the West by Syed Mukri Street on or towards the North by the property of Satlad Mosque and on or towards the South by the property of Satlad Mosque and which said premises were formerly occupied by the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this day of September, 1922
AMIN & DESAI.
Purchasers Attorneys.
C14204

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1345 of 1922.

(1) GULAMALLY G. MERCHANT and (2) MAHOMEDALLY NAZARALLY MUNJI both of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants, the former a Pleader High Court and the latter an Attorney of this Hon'ble Court, residing at New Queens Road, and Chinch Bunder respectively without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

Versus.

MADAME ZOLASKY of Bombay European inhabitant, residing at No. 81, Suklaji Street, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit on the First day of May one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two, it was ordered interalia that the defendant do pay to the Plaintiffs their costs of this suit when taxed and noted in the margin thereof.

And whereas by a warrant of attachment of moveable property dated the 16th day of June, 1922, the following property, namely, Sofas, chairs, tables, picture frames, cupboards, etc., was attached.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the warrant of sale of moveable property, dated the 2nd day of August 1922, put up for sale by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 18th day of September, 1922, at 4 o'clock p. m. (S. T.) in the defendant's residence at No. 18, Sukhlaji Street, the aforesaid moveable property or so much of it as shall be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs of previous and of this execution together with the Sheriff's poundage.

Each lot to be paid for at the time of sale.

For further information application should be made at the Office of the Sheriff of Bombay.

Dated this 29th day of August, 1922.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. MANCHERSHAH & NARMADASHANKAR,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C14209

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KHETBAI, widow of Vardhaman Govindji of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Shakgally Mandvi, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

BHAWANJI VARDHAMAN, of Bombay Bania Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Shakgally, Mandvi, without the Fort, the Sole Executor of the Last Will and Testament of the abovenamed deceased ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH Knight Ag., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 21st day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and twenty-two and in the Thirteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI.
Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 21st day of August, 1922.
Messrs. MALVI MODI RANCHHODDAS AND CO.
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C14713

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

IN continuation of my notice, dated 13th October, 1921, given in the papers through my Solicitors, Messrs. Little and Co., I do hereby give further notice in connection with the piece of land situate at Khersetji Sukhlaji Street and Bapty Road, Bombay, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 505, 506, New Nos. 14021, A/14021, A/1/14021, Old Nos. 65, and A/20, New Survey Nos. 6943, 6944, 6945, 6948, 1/6943, 3/6943, 1AA/6943, 1/6944, 1/6945, 1B/6943, 4/6946 and 5/6943, the Municipal Ward Nos. and Street Nos. and the names of the purchasers so far I have been able to ascertain upto now are mentioned below had been sold by Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala by 1 is conveyances dated 28th January, 1879, and 27th February, 1896, and subject to the terms and conditions thereof have been devised under the will of the said Khersetji Jamasji Banatwala to his son Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala for his life only and after his death the same was devised absolutely to the children of the said Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala including myself in terms of the said will and that the said will was duly proved in the High Court of Bombay in the Year 1871 and the extent and nature of the respective rights of the said Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala and his children in the said Land was duly declared as aforesaid by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in suit No. 595 of 1917 whereby it was declared that the said Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala was entitled to a life interest only in the said land he is not entitled to sell the said immoveable property for a period longer than his life and that after his death the same would belong absolutely to his children, who will at the death of the said Rustomji Khersetji Banatwala claim possession of the said land.

R. Municipal D Ward Nos.	Khersetji Sukhlaji St. No.	Purchaser's name.
4110 600 Sq. Yds. 142-152		Ebrahim Abdul Kayum decd. by his heirs.
3971½ Sq. Yds.		
4029, 4030	10, 15, 16A, 18-30	Ardeshir Khersetji.
4031 to 4038	48, 48A, 50, 52, 52A1	Daruwala recent.
4039, 4040, 4041	54 to 60, 118, 128, 1	Occupant his widow.
4042 to 4046	130, 1, 132-138, 140	Dosibai.
4052, 4053, 4054 to 4056, 4057, 4098, 4099, 4102, 4103, 4104, 4105, 4106 to 4108, 4109		

SORABJI R. BANATWALA.
Helsima Mansion,
Wadia Street, Tardeo.
C14103

AUCTION SALE.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
No. 88, Hummum Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 4082.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 1457 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 5th instant at 4 p.m. (S. T.) at Arthur Bunder Colaba near the Fort Press on account of the Insurance Offices concerned the following Cotton salved from the late fire that occurred at Colaba in Mr. Mohomedally Essabhoy Godown.

About 1457 Bales Cotton (Khandeshi, Berar, Bengal, C. P. &c.,) slightly damaged by fire and water.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

Auction Sale of 22,820 Gallons Lubricating Cylinder Engine Oil (Motor Light Car for Ford Cars): 608 Lubricating Cylinder Engine Oil (Motor "B" for Lorries). 600 Oil Lubricating Machine Light; 284 Oil Lubricating Transformer for cooling Electric transformers; 176 gallons Turpentine, 130 gallons Linseed, 79 gallons Sperm and Mobil Oil.

Under instructions from the Controller (Sales), Surplus Government Stores, Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 7th September, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the Port Trust Grain Depot, "F" Shed, Tank Bunder, Sewree, the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The sale is subject to conditions which will be posted and can be seen at the Office of the Controller (Sales), Surplus Government Stores, Amrut Building, Ballard Estate, or at the abovementioned place of sale or at the Office of the undersigned and which will be read out at the commencement of the Auction Sale.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

SURPLUS GOVERNMENT STORES.

Paulins and Cart Covers, Canvas and Rubber Hosepipe, miscellaneous carpenter tools, Paint and Varnish, Lift and Force pumps, Corn Crushers, Copper and Brassware, Copper wire, Alluminium Utensils, Brass hooks, and Eyes, assorted Steel scrap, Steam Boilers, Ice plant, Oil and Petrol Engine, Motor Car and Motor Cycle parts, Machine tools, anvils, Brass ingot, Pulsometer pumps, ship's machinery, Greadnought files, Leather goods, etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, 11th September, 1922, and following days at 2 p.m. (S. T.),, at the Government Stores, Hajee Bunder, Sewree, the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent. in cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

The sale is subject to conditions which will be posted and can be seen at the Office of the Controller (Sales) Surplus Government Stores, Amrut Building, Ballard Pier, at the Surplus Government Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Sewree, and which will be read out at the commencement of the Auction Sale.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 TONS DELHI-CAWNPORE WHEAT.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 2nd September, at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Seth Ganeshdas Joharmal at the godown of Seth Kalidas Naranji at Thana Street, Dana Bunder, and on account and at the risk of Seth Shukhanand Shyamlal:—

25 tons New Delhi-Cawnpore Wheat Order No. 6, August-September Delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT CAVEL STREET.

On FRIDAY, the 8th of September, 1923, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will, in accordance with the mortgage deed made between Gordhandas Mavaji of the one part and Narottamdas Jutha, Monaji Jutha and Haridas Jutha of the other parts, by order of Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., the Attorneys for the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Gordhandas Mavaji, the mortgagor, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned very valuable properties at the premises.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece and parcel of pension land and tax land (and no other worse tenure) situate at and fronting Dadyseth Agiary Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and ten square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 11 and 59, New Nos. 63 and 549, Old Survey No. 247 and New Survey No. 2/246, together with the messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward Nos. 3977 and 3979 and Street Nos. 154 and 1 and 156, which said premises are bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Damodardas Ramjim, on or towards the West partly by the property formerly belonging to Atmaram Ramchandra Jayker and others but now belonging to Vajeeram Devchand and Bros., and partly by the property of Dadabhoy Nusservanji Kerawalla, on or towards the North by the Dadyseth's Agiary Street and on or towards the South by the property of Vasudev Laxmanji.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground of which the Fazandars are of X. A. J. Gomes and others together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Cavel Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement three hundred and eighty-four square yards and two-ninths of another square yards or thereabouts being a portion of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 26, New No. 189, Old Survey Nos. 252 and 192 and New Survey No. 199 and bounded on the East by the public road and a temple on the West by the property formerly of Govind Abaji and of Jagannath Shankerseth, on the North by the property formerly of Venkoba Dayanathji and on the South by Atmaram Vishwanath and of Harischandra Bhaorao, which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 3795 and 3796, and Street No. 136.

THIRDLY.—All that piece and parcel of land or ground of the Fazandari tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Cavel Street, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and twelve square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue (along with other land) under Old No. New No. Old Survey No. and New Survey No. 199, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the West partly by the property formerly of Jamnadas Harakji Sanghvi and now of Himatlal Jugaldas, partly by a sweeper's passage and partly by the property of Damodar Ramchandra Gokharkar, on or towards the South by the property formerly of ChandraBhagabai, widow of Pandharinath Sadashiv Hate and now of Gordhandas Mowji and on or towards the North by the property belonging to the said Francis Cathedral Church and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3787 and Street No. 130.

FOURTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground containing by admeasurement 244 square yards or thereabouts to the last document and 245.5 according to the plan situate at Cavel in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3796, Street No. 129 and bounded as follows: on or towards the East by the property of Sadashivshanker Agasker, on or towards the West partly by the property of Rao Bahadur Nana Moroba and partly by the property of Edulji Adurji Homji, on or towards the North by the property of Gordhandas Mowji and on or towards the South by the property of Gordhandas Mowji, and being a portion of land bearing Collector's Old No. 26, New No. 169 and Old Survey No. 252 and New Survey No. 199.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee at their offices at No. 1 Ash Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1922.

GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4927.

AUCTION SALE OF TEAK AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 2nd September, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, household teak and blackwood furniture including glass door cupboards, cloth screen, dinner waggon, dining table, chest of drawers, dressing table, hat and umbrella stand, towel rack, arm and armless chairs, caned easy chairs, big office stand, sideboard, teapoys, big carpets, typewriting machine.

Property of a private gentleman:—

Specially made complete blackwood drawing room suite.

1 Remington typewriting machine No. 10, steel composite table.

1 English slightly used Baba gadi.

By order of an office concerned:—

1 big writing table, 1 writing desk in three pieces, chairs, 1 glass door big cupboard, table fan, easy chairs.

Goods on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 CASES ALLUMINIUM CIRCLES SOFT AMERICAN QUALITY.

On MONDAY, the 4th September, 1922, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. Meghjee Gurudina and Co., and on account and at the risk of defaulting Indentor Messrs. Gulam Hussein Allimahomed of Kansara Chawl. 25 cases alluminium circles each of 500 lbs. 98/990 pure soft quality of American Salamander brand of 18 and 20 gauge including:—

12 cases arrived per s. s. Westminster.
13 cases arrived per s. s. Kumeric.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

126, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

On SATURDAY, the 2nd September, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, one iron safe on stand, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred canoe victoria in good order.

1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office Shigram.

1 second-hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.

By order of the Commandant Bombay Light Horse.

2 Waler horses.

One Daimler motor car 20-25 H. P. in good running order.

By order of the Bank concerned and on account and risk of the concerned.

1 case Brass goods.

1 D'Deon 2 cylinder car with Bosch magneto and Zenith Carborator.

1 Briscoe 4 cylinder car 25 H.P. in working order.

On account and risk of Mr. Virji Welmahomed.

1 Crate stone pots.

AUCTION SALE OF IRON SCREWS, HILT TIPS, CABINET GLASS PAPER, ETC.

Under instructions from Messrs. LITTLE & Co., Attorneys for Peter Harrower and Co., (Suit No. 1014 of 1922 Peter Horrower and Co. vs. E. H. Jiwabhoy and Co.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 2nd September sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their rooms at Apollo Street on account and risk of E. H. Jiwabhoy and Co., the following;—

3 cases Bright Iron Heel Tips; 3 cases Flexible cabinet glass paper; 10 cases Flat head Iron Screws and 10 cases counter sunk head Iron, wood, screws.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTIES AT HAINES ROAD AND AT LAWRENCE DE LIMA STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Attorneys, for Messrs. Sheriff Dewji Kanji and Dawoodbhoy Nancy, Executors of the estate of the deceased Dawoodbhoy Fazalbhoy the mortgagee and on account and risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Ismail Mohamed, the mortgagor in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee by an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 21st day of August, 1920, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on the following dates and time sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties on the premises.

LOT NO. 1.—On TUESDAY, the 26th instant Haines Road property. All that piece or parcel of land or ground formerly of the foras tenure but now freehold (the cess thereon having been redeemed) tenure together with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Haines Road outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 426 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 414-113, New No. 26/13913 and E/13617, Old Survey Nos. 373-374 and New Survey Nos. 1A/A/3499 and 1A/3500 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by the Haines Road aforesaid on or towards the West by the property of Amador Bocarro, on or towards the South by the property of Mahomedalli Jafferji and on or towards the North by the property of Haji Dawood Ismail and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4435(1) and Street No. 390 and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the mortgagor.

LOT NO. II.—On Thursday, the 28th instant property at Lawrence De Lima Street Mazagon. All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Lawrence De Lima Street Mazagon, outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement, 1,141 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 312-313 and 314 and Ward Nos. 11606, 11607, and 11608, Old Survey No. 564, and New Survey No. 1/3599 and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the East by the said Lawrence De Lima Street on or towards the West by Reay Road on or towards the South by the property of Kikabhai Abdul Hussein and on or towards the North by the property of Pranjiwandas Motilal Chanawalla and which premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward Nos. 5087(1), 5088-5089 and 5092(1) and 5092(2) and Street Nos. 12, 1-2-3 and 5A and which said premises are now in the occupation of the mortgagor and his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1922.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

IMPORTANT TO TYPEWRITER DEALERS AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

AUCTION SALE OF YOST TYPEWRITERS, SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITERS OF DIFFERENT MAKES, TYPEWRITERS ACCESSARIES, RIBBONS, PAPERS, ETC., ALSO OFFICE FURNITURE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will by order of Messrs The Yost Typewritter Co., sell by Public Auction on Wednesday, the 13th September, 1922. at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Sale Rooms, 123, Medows Street, Fort, the following:—

A number of Yost Typewriters of No. 20 model.

Second-hand Typewriter of Remington, Monarche, Century, Yost, Oliver, Corona, Bartock, Noiseless, Remington Junior, Empire, Williams, Ideal Hammond, Underwood.

Typewriter Ribbons, Typewriter Carbon Paper, Typewriter papers, and Impression paper.

Accessaries:—Yost Copyholders, Eraser shilds, Copying Baths, Copying bath Lids, Typer brushes, Leather case brief, Gem paper clips, Yost silencers, Typewriter oil, Note book holders, Wooden handle brushes, Rubber covers F'Cap, Rubber covers brief, Wire handles brushes, Celluiod caps, Simplex copyholders.

Duplicator Foolscap and Duplicator Brief.

Duplicator accessaries:—Stencil Paper F'cap, Stencil Paper Brief, Disphragma F'cap, Disphragms Brief, Rubber Roller F'cap, Rubber Roller Brief, Roller Handle Brief, Silk Sheets F'cap, Silk Sheets Brief, Kleeno, Stylus, Plates Brief, Correcting Fluid, Yost Rotay Stencil F'cap, Yost Rotary Stencil Brief, Purple Ink Tins, Yost Foolscap Type Stencil, Yostograph Slate F'cap.

Furniture:—Wooden stools, Table fans, Large tables, Copy Press Machine, Iron safe with stand, Cash and Beed boxes, Bell Iron Rubber stand, etc.

Will be on view three days previous to sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 2nd Sept., 1922.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Aug. 30th

	Sales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	6,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp	—
" " Sales of East Indian	50
" " Import	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—	
Old. Americans Spot	14 75
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	18 00
New York, 11 a.m. Oct.	22 65
(As known in Liverpool at Jan. closing time.)	22 59
	Mar. 22 63
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct.	22 23
Jan.	21 18

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 30th

Months.	To-day's Price.
August	13 21+18 Unchgd
Sept.	13 03+3
Oct.	12 89+3
Nov.	12 63—7
Dec.	12 71+3
Jan.	12 66+4
Feb.	12 63+5
Mar	12 60+5
April	12 55+5
May	12 51—5
June	12 45+6
July	12 39+6

Tone:—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

London, Aug 30th.

Months.	To-day's Price.
Aug.	17 15—5
Sept	17 15—5
Oct.	17 30—5
Dec.	17 45—5
Jan.	17 55—5
Feb.	17 60—5
Mar.	17 70 Unchgd
April	17 75—5
May	17 85—5

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 30th

B. G. Bengal.	
" " Fully Good	8 75
" " Fine	9 15
" " No. 1 Oomra Good	9 55
" " " Fully Good	10 45
" " " Fine	10 85
T. G. Broach Good	11 25
" " Fully Good	11 35
" " Fine	11 75
K. G. Scinde Good.	12 15
" " Fully Good	8 65
" " Fine	9 05

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 30th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	21,000
" Exports to Great Britain	20,000
" " to Continent	3,000
Futures at New York Oct.	22 53—7
" " Dec.	22 64—8
" " Jan.	22 51—6
" " Mar.	22 55—7
Spot Cotton, at New York	22 80—5
" at New Orleans	22 00 Unchgd
Futures at New Orleans Oct.	21 16—8
" at New Orleans Jan.	22 06—12
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)	—
Demand Bills	10
Silver Commercial U. S. mint	99 5/8
Do. Foreign	5 8

MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 30th

Rentes 3%	60
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/8
" " 2 months hence	35 1/8
Tone:—Quiet.	
Interest day to day loans	2 1/4
" 7 day Market loans	1 5/8
Discount, Bank of England Rates	3
3 p/s. since last ultimo.	
German Bank Rate	7 %

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Aug 30th.

WHEAT.

Rosario Santa Fe 62 1/2 lbs. Aug.-Sep	
Sellers	45/3
Barletta Russo 63 lbs. Aug.-Sep.	
Sellers	44/6
Australian 62 lbs. Aug.Sept Sellers	59
Tone:—Dull.	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 18 1/4
Hongkong	£ 118 1/2
National	£ 43 3/4
P. & O. Banking Corp	£ 14 1/4
Eastern Bank	£ 5

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Ferosepore real Bold Aug-Sept. value	£ 17
Rapeseed, Yellow Gusrat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship	—
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug-Sept Nominal	£ 16
Tone of Rapeseed:—	
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Nominal	£ 19 1/4
Tone of Linseed:—	
Cottonseed, Bombay sound delivered per ton Aug-Sept Value	£ 8 1/4
Toria Rapeseed Aug.-Sept. Quoted	£ 17 3/4
Linseed, Argentine Aug.-Sept. Sellers	£ 16 3/4
Tone:—Dull.	

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£8 1/2
Standard Copper G. M. B.	£8
Copper Braziers	£8
Yellow Metal	£ 3/16
Hard Spelter	£4 3/4
Corrugated Sheets	£ 16 3, 8

WAR LOANS, ETC.

Funding Loans 4% 1960/90	£ 86 5/8—5 8
Victory Bonds 4%	£ 87—1/4
War loan 5% 1929/47	£ 99 5/8—1/16
Consols 2 1/2%	£ 57 1/4 Unchgd
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	37 "
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	68 1/2 "
Govt. Securities 3%	57—1/2
7 p/c. Indian Loan	£ 117

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Oct, Nov.	10 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe Sept. Paid Buyerr	6 3/4
Freight to Cont. Cardiff to Bombay	20
Tone:—Steady.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Brown Sugar 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct, Sellers	19/6
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Sept.-Oct. Sellers	20/9
Do. Do. Oct.-Dec. Sellers	20/10 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay Oct.-Dec Sellers	21/6
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Oct.-Dec. Sellers	21/7 1/2
Tone:—Quiet—steadily held.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Sept. 1.

To-day Reuter reported 8 points lower in New York futures. The decline was due to considerable selling by South. The Bureau crop condition report is published in New York to-day and will be known here to-morrow. Our Liverpool friends expect it to be about 57 per cent. September Oomras have been easier for the last two days owing to selling by the Bull Syndicate, but their operations are a little difficult to understand as they have been alternately selling and buying. It is expected that they will receive very heavy tenders to-day, estimates vary from 50/60,000 bales, and it remains to be seen how they will cope with them.

The tenders for the day are as under—

Fine M G Oomra September 92-500 bales. (57,000 bales Berar, 20,000 bales Central Provinces No. 1 and 15,500 bales Central Provinces No. 2).

The Marwari bazar opened this morning for F G M G Broach April-May at Rs. 488 and fluctuated within a range of two rupees the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 489½. The market was totally featureless, and there was very little business passing in New Broach and Oomra. The bazar finally closed at Rs. 49. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 493 and closed at Rs. 494½. Fine M G Oomra September opened at Rs 471 and advanced to Rs. 474. At this level the Bull Clique began to buy and the prices improved to Rs. 480. On selling by Marwari operators the prices eased to Rs. 473½ and after fluctuations the rate at 4 p.m. ruled Rs. 475½. F M G Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 486 and going up to Rs. 445 remained Rs. 438 at 4 p.m. F G M G Bengal December-January was Rs. 358 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain dull yesterday and the off-take was quite nominal.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (S. F. E.)

Bombay, Sept. 1st.

			Rs.
F. G. Broach	April/May		494 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan.		363
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.		442
" "	Sept.		483

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 1st

			Rs
F. G. Broach	April/May		491
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan.		358
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.		439
" "	Sept.		478

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 1st.

Description. Super Fine Good					
M. G. Bengal and Sind					
Punjab	385	365	345	—	
M. G. Oomra's No. 3	488	465	450	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 1	525	505	490	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 2	510	490	470	—	—
M. G. Broach	—	535	525	515	—
Southerns	—	—	535	525	515

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 31st Aug. 1922.

Cotton	1241 Bs.
Wheat	41093 Cwts.
Linseed	1404 "
Rape, etc	425 "
Gingellyseed	21 "
Poppyseed	Nil "
Groundnuts	869 "
Cottonseed	744 "
Rice	60 90 "
Myrabolams	697 "
Cottonseed	1828 "
Mowrassed	1086 "
Gram	471 "
Jowar	573 "
Masur	26 "
Barley	400 "
Bajri	551 "
Coal	7258 Tons

PIECE-GOODS.

A dragging state of affairs continues to exist in the cloth market, and another unsatisfactory week has passed on, without the hopes for better demand being realised. Most of the dealers were expecting good inquiry from the 23rd August, but in the absence of any demand they have been compelled to reduce the rates to effect the clearance of old stocks. But as usual the buyers are remaining aloof when prices are giving way, and business has therefore been restricted. Unless demand broadens, further depression is likely to set in here, the moreso as the quotations from Manchester have been easier. Makers are in want of work to keep their looms going, some have been obliged to stop machinery and others are considering the question of curtailing production as order lists have been running down. Fresh shipments have been arriving, but although invoice prices are lower, the unfavourable rate of exchange and the depression in the market, have not enable the merchants to secure profits that were anticipated at the time of purchase. No substantial improvement in the state of the market seems to be in sight until the old stocks have been liquidated. To add to the difficulties of the merchants it is eported that some upcountry buyers have played fraud with the merchants, by purchasing goods without payment and after taking delivery and forwarding the same to their destination, have filed, the schedule of insolvency and absconded. It is understood that warrants have been issued on two such buyers, one of whom is from Daood and Godra, on the charge of cheating, and it is likely that the goods will be brought back to Bombay.

Stocks of various cloths have been lying unsold with some of the Importing Firms here, who, after waiting in vain for a better opportunity have thought fit to dispose off the same at prices which would show them a very heavy loss. Merchants should buy such old stocks with due caution, as in some instances the white goods have been found to become tender and easily give way when stretched, being imported in December 1918. White Cotton Ducks have been drugs in the market and these have been put up for sale at various places, for instances at cycle shops on Kalbadevi Road and at some auctioneers. Grey Shirtings have shown a slightly easier tendency. 40 and 44 inches Jaconets have declined by four annas per piece. It is anticipated that the value of 45 inches standard Grey Jaconets will drop down to Rs. 8 on the Dewali occasion. Sacharilla Heading White Mulls as well as green and mulls in 27 inches have been easier, 58 inches by 20 yaards Red End Mulls similar to no. 88 have been quoted at Rs. 8-6 only. In narrow width low quality Nainsooks, in 16 by 13, 16 by 14 and 16 by 15 counts, a depression has set in, and values have gone down by eight to twelve annas per piece. This low rate at first attracted the attention of some buyers from Delhi, who purchased about five hundred packages, but fresh buying has stopped in anticipation of further reductions in the near future, in view of needy sellers.

In Woollen Goods and Fancies the position is far from satisfactory. The fact is that the consumers have been using Khadi instead of these and find it suitable and economical specially during the cold season.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
GREY SHIRTINGS—					
Ralli's, Part No. 2000	39×37 1/2/8		13	10	0
" 100,000	45× "		17	0	0
" No. 33,000	45× "		15	0	0
" " 2800	37× "		12	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	39× "		13	10	0
" Yellow Horse	43×39		16	0	0
" No. 2310	44×38 1/2		16	0	0
Dewhurst's BBB	38×38 1/2		22	0	0
" BB	38×38 1/2		19	0	0
" Rupee No. 5	38×38 1/2		17	0	0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	44×38 1/2		—		
" No. 1500	39×37 1/2/38		—		
" No. 6000	38×37 1/2/38		—		
Ritchie's No. 510	39×37 1/8/38		13	10	0
" No. 4462	41× "		17	0	0
" No. 1566	38×37/37 1/2		—		
Forbes' 651	38×37 1/2/8		—		
Lyon's Shunker	39× "		13	14	0
GREY DRILLS—					
Pepperell's Dragon	29×40	Net	21	8	0
Ralli's Masjid No. 425	26×40		14	0	0
Mitsui's Elephant	29×40		19	0	0
GREY JACONETS—					
Ralli's No. 18	45×22		8	12	0
" " 18	40×22		7	12	0
" " 138	40×22		6	14	0
" " 636	44×22		7	6	0
WHITE SHIRTINGS—					
Liepman's No. 1500	32×42		26	8	0
H.B.T.C. 40000	36×40		32	8	0
Ralli's No. 9899	33×40		22	0	0
Forbes' K. B. 100	33×40		19	8	0
" 151	33×40		19	8	0
WHITE MULLS—					
Ralli's No. 5	41×19		8	8	0
" No. 60	46×19		9	8	0
" No. 600	51×19		10	8	0
" No. 6000	56×19		11	8	0
" No. 88	58×20		8	8	0
" No. 1270	27×18		4	5	0
" No. 818	39×20		8	12	0
" No. 1440	36×20		6	6	0
" No. 8332	42×20		12	8	0
" No. 2755	42×20		14	0	0
" No. 1703	52×20	Net	16	12	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27×18		4	4	0
" No. 119	37×18		5	8	0
" No. 229	42×18		6	0	0
" No. 339	47×18		6	8	0
" 1K/4K 38",43",48",	53" x 18	Avg.	6	8	0
" No. 95	58×20		8	6	0
" No. 86999	40×18		6	12	0
" No. 86999	" "		7	4	0
" No. 775	40×18		—		
" No. 875	45×18		—		
" No. 975	50×18		—		
" No. 515	" "		8	8	0
Graham's "Baloon"	58"×20		8	6	0
" No. 142	34×19		—		
" No. 850	36×18		—		
Greaves' No. 5060	27×18		—		
WHITE NAINSOOKS—					
Ralli's No. 7070/9090	27×18		4	12	0
" No. 81/81	" "		4	8	0
" No. 1850	" "		3	8	0
" No. 1900	" "		3	9	0
" No. 33044/88	30×18	Avg.	3	4	0
" No. 39620 T.B.	38×22		6	12	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	20×18		—		
" 95350/97970	" "		—		
" Saraswati	33×18		—		
" "Tipoo W/WWW	34×18		8	12	0
" No. 50000	" "		7	4	0
" No. 33340/33350/33360	" "		7	12	0
Lyons' o. 4545/5656/6767	26×18		4	6	0
Greaves' No. 30000/50000	" "		4	6	0
" No 8060 T.B.	38×22		7	4	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520	26×18.		4	4	0
S. W. & Co's Nos. 5800/5820 "Motor Car"	" "		4	4	0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	" "		—		

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3 1/2 per cent. on Grey Go

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

The S. S. Morea with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Poona Races: First Meeting, Second Day.

Dr. P. S. G. Dubash's Lecture on the "Relations of Ancient Zoroastrians and Jews", Sassoon Mechanics' Institute, 6-15 p.m.

By-election for B. P. Congress Committee, 7—10 a.m. and 3—6 p.m., Govardhan Mansion, New Bhatwadi Road.

Mr. K. S. Paranjpe's lecture at the Brahmin Sabha, 6 p.m.; also Mr. Jayakar's lecture on "Education" at 9 p.m. at the same place.

SUNDAY, September 3.

Celebration of the Jayanti of the "G. O. M. of India", Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6 p.m.

Ashura Day: Muharram.

Anniversary celebration of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji, Empress Theatre, 10-30 a.m., Shams-ul-Ulma Dr. J. J. Mody to preside.

MONDAY, September 4.

Anniversary celebration of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji at the Gujerati Hindu Stree Mandal, 4-30 p.m., Girgaum Back Road, Mrs. Shuffi G. Tyebji to preside.

DAILY.

Imperial Cinema: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Cinema Majestic, Girgaum: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m

Excelsior Cinema: 6-30; and Chefalo and Palermo at 9-30 p.m.

Empire: 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Empress: 3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

West-End Cinema, Charni Road: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.

Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road: 5, 6-15, 8-15 and 10 p.m.; Matinees Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 3-30 p.m.

Star Cinema: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

B. B. & C. I. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.
VICTORIA TERMINUS).

	Arr. H.	Arr. M.	Dep. H.	Dep. M.
Punjab Mail	17	0	12	30
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13	15	21	0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9	30	15	30
Madras Mail	8	40	21	15
Poona Mail	11	30	14	45
Inter & 3rd Poona Express	12	5	14	10
Poona Express	19	45	7	50
*Delhi & Lucknow Express	9	0	22	0
Madras Express... ...	21	40	8	30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H.	Arr. M.	Dep. H.	Dep. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail...	13	35	16	0
Gujarat Mail	11	10	20	20
Delhi Express	6	30	20	45
Kathiawar Express ...	7	45	21	35
Mail Passenger	21	40	7	5

*Delhi Express trains will stop at Grant Road in both directions.

BOMBAY RED CROSS WEEK.

Mile of rupees—534 feet of rupees have so far been collected in the scheme of raising "a mile of rupees."

PASSENGERS TO ENGLAND.

Among the passengers leaving India for England per P. and O. s. s. Morea to-day are Justices Buckland, Cuming, Greaves, Rankin and Woodroffe and Mr. Cowasji Jehangir.

CONVERSION TO HINDUISM.

Miss Sakhubai Aherkar (age 17) who was a Christian since her childhood, renounced Christianity and embraced Hinduism. She was converted by the Hindu Missionary Society of Bombay on 30th ultimo in the presence of members and friends. Mr. L. B. Raje acted as Acharya and Mr. S. B. Vaidya as Fire-warden.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

A public lecture will be given by Mr. K. P. Khadilker, Editor of the "Lokmanya", at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) to-day (Saturday).

There will also be a singing entertainment at 9-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Girgaum Back Road.

A SOCIAL PROBLEM.

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League, Mr. A. S. Dholeker will deliver a public lecture on "A Social Problem" at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) to-day (Saturday) at the Girgaum Gujrathi Boys' School, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum.

BOMBAY ACCOUNTANT STUDENTS' SOCIETY.

A general meeting of all Accountancy Diploma students (past and present) will be held in the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics at 4-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday), when Mr. F. R. Merchant, Incorporated Accountant, will advise the students how to start a union under the above name.

PAISA FUND MELA AT BANDRA.

Under the auspices of the Bandra Ganesh Utsav Mandal, Mr. Ranade and his Mela will visit Bandra to-day (Saturday) at 4-45 p.m. There will be an interesting programme of songs on the present industrial situation in India. All persons, irrespective of religion or creed, are requested to attend and contribute their mite to the purse to be presented to the Paisa Fund on behalf of Bandra citizens. Place: Old Rangari Chawl, Khar Road, Bandra.

THE SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, Prof. H. L. Kaji will deliver a public lecture in English on "The Producers' Movement" to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.) in the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, when Mr. L. S. Potnis, Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Bombay, will preside.

GIRGAON DIST. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The by-election of the representatives to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will take place to-day (Saturday) from 7 to 10 a.m. (S. T.) and from 3 to 6 p.m. (S. T.) in the Committee's office, Govardhan Mansion, New Bhatwadi Road (near Opera House Tram Terminus). Voting papers will be supplied in the office.

Also a general meeting of the members of this Ward will be held in the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) to receive the report of the work done up to August last.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Dr. P. S. G. Dubash, of Karachi, will deliver a lecture before the above Institute to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. on "The Relations of Ancient Zoroastrians and Jews." The lecture is open to members and the public.

BRAHMIN SABHA.

At the Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, Mr. K. S. Paranjape, Editor, "Swarajya", will deliver a public lecture to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), and at 9 p.m. Mr. M. R. Jayakar will speak on "Reconstruction of our Educational Ideals."

GANPATI CELEBRATIONS.

BY JITEKAR'S WADI RESIDENTS.

There will be a public lecture by Dr. Sawarkar on "The secret of (self) sacrifice" at 6-30 p.m. and wits and tricks by Messrs. Devrukhkar and Mr. Potdar from 10 to 12 p.m.

BY SHRI GANESH UTSAV MANDAL.

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) by Dr. N. D. Savarkar and Mr. K. F. Nariman at Morarji Gokuldas Hall, Cavel Street, Kalbadevi, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.). Subject: "Origin of Non-Cooperation."

BY KANDEWADI RESIDENTS.

Mr. J. S. Karandiker will deliver a lecture at 9-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Keshavji Naik's Chawl's Ganpati, Kandewadi.

BY BOMBAY WORKING MEN'S INSTITUTE.

The following will be the Ganeshotsav programme of the Institute to-day (Saturday):—(1) Bal-Bhagini Mela at 4-30 p.m.; (2) Lecture by Prof. Tipnis on "Religion and Superstition" at 6-30 p.m.; (3) Magic Tricks by Mr. Likhite at 8 p.m.

BY VYANKATESHWAR STEAM PRESS.

Under the auspices of the Bharat Bandhu Samaj, Mr. Krishnarao Arjun Kelusker will deliver a public lecture in Marathi on "National Education", to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. on the occasion of Shri Ganpati Utsav in Shri Vyankateshwar Steam Press, Khambata Lane, Khetwadi, Mr. Damoder Savlaram Yande will preside.

AT PRARTHANA SAMAJ.

Mr. V. S. Sohoni will conduct the Weekly Divine Service in the local Prarthana Mandir on Sunday at 5-30 p.m. All are invited to attend.

FORTH-COMING MEETINGS.

S. V. SOCIETY'S UNION.

Under the auspices of the Shamrao Vithal Society's Self-help Union of past and present members, a communal meeting of all Saraswats will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) in the Gamdevi Temple, when the Secretary will lecture on the "Advantages of Reserve Fund in Co-operative Societies and Benefits to Shareholders." Mr. T. Ganesh Rao will preside.

HIND-SEWAK CRICKET CLUB.

The annual general meeting of the above Club will be held at 8 a.m. (S. T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at the residence of Mr. K. R. Swami, No. 1, Javjee Building, Chikalwadi, Grant Road, to elect the office-bearers for the ensuing year and to do such other business as may come before the meeting. The members of the Club are requested to attend the same in time.

MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION AND MUNICIPAL FINANCE CLASS.

Under the auspices of the Study Circle of the Indian Liberal Club, a class on "Municipal Administration and Municipal Finance" will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) in the hall of the Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road. Mr. C. S. Deole will conduct it.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the above Institution, Mr. Shalom Rahamin Penkar will deliver a lecture in Marathi to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S. T.) in the Brotherhood's premises, Jail Road East, Umerkhadi.

3RD SANITATION ROUND.

The 3rd Sanitation Round has been arranged by the Sanitation Department of the Social Service League, to-morrow (Sunday) morning. The party will start from the Bombay Working Men's Institute, Poibavdi, Parel, at 9 a.m. (S. T.) and will visit certain insanitary places in the G Ward.

BOMBAY SOUTH INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY, LTD.

The annual general meeting of the above Society will be held in the South Indian Club premises (opposite Marine Lines Station), Queen's Road, to-morrow (Sunday), at 5 p.m., at which Mr. Otto Rothfeld, the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bombay Presidency, will be present. All members are requested to be present.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League, Prof. R. D. Karve will deliver a public lecture on the "Population Problem" to-morrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Girgaum Gujrathi Boys' School, Bombay.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION.

There will be a social gathering to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. at Girgaum Back Road.

JAYANTI OF INDIA'S "G. O. M."

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, there will be a public meeting at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to celebrate the Jayanti of Dadabhai Naoroji, when Messrs. D. G. Dalvi, B. G. Trivedi, Jamnadas Mehta, Havelivalla, Nariman, Dange, Mistri and Principal Puntambekar will speak and Mr. C. V. Vaidya will preside.

DADABHAI JAYANTI.

Under the auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal, "Dadabhai Jayanti" will be celebrated in the Mandal's hall at Kakadwady, Girgaum Back Road, on Monday next at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), when Mr. K. B. Maniar, Mrs. Bhesania and others will address the meeting on the life of Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji. Mrs. Shuffi C. Tyebji will preside. Women of all communities are requested to be present.

"MY IMPRESSIONS OF AMERICA."

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League, Miss Manik Kosambi of the Howard University will deliver a public lecture on "My Impressions of America" at 6 p.m. (S. T.) on Monday, the 4th instant, at the Prarthana Samaj Mandir, Girgaum, Mrs. J. McKenzie will preside.

"WAR WEAPONS OF SHRI GANPATI."

Under the auspices of the Bharat Bandhu Samaj, Mr. Shripad Amrit Dange will deliver a public lecture in Marathi on "The War Weapons of Shri Ganpati and the Present Indian Politics", to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 p.m. in the Surya Mahal (Girgaum Road. Thakurdwar), on the occasion of Shri Ganpati Utsav at Mr. Kondiram Damodar Dhavle. Dr. Narayan Damodar Saverker will preside.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

CARGE AGAINST COMPANY AGENTS AND DIRECTORS.

FAILURE TO CONVENE A GENERAL MEETING.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, (1) Chhotubhoy Makanji Desai, (2) Nasirbhoy Abdullabhoy Lallji, (3) Hajibhoy Allarakhia, (4) Vaikunth A. Desai, (5) Karamally Abdullah Allarakhia and (6) Hussein Karamally Abdullah Allarakhia were charged with failing to convene the ordinary general meeting and to circulate to shareholders the audited balance sheet of the Standard Alluminium and Brass Works, Ltd., as required by the Indian Company Act. The complaint was filed by Mr. Phirozeshah M. Madon, a shareholder in the Company. Accused No. 1 was a Secretary of the Company and the accused Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 represented the Agents and the Board of Directors of the Company.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar, Bar.-at-Law, with Mr. Dastoor of Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Solicitors, appeared for the complainant; while Mr. N. N. Saher, Barrister, defended accused No. 2, and Mr. Kanuga, pleader, defended all the other accused.

Mr. Phirozeshah Mancherji Madon, the complainant, in continuation of his evidence said that he was not present at the statutory and ordinary general meetings of the Company. No copy of the balance sheet had been sent to his registered address. No ordinary general meeting was held after the 30th March, 1921.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga, witness said one Mr. Patel was the certified auditor of the Company. He had not summoned Mr. Patel as his witness. He had not talked to him at all. On 29th June, 1922, an extraordinary general meeting was called on a requisition sent by some of the shareholders. Witness was one of the leading requisitionists. At the meeting he had been given a copy of the so-called report of the Company by his solicitors. He could not say whatever he had a copy of the balance sheet on that day. That was the new report other than the one adopted on the 30th March, 1921. He knew Mr. Vaikunth Desai, accused No. 4, who made himself the chairman of the meeting in spite of their protest. In the meeting he learnt that Mr. Desai had become a director. As far as his knowledge went, Mr. Desai had not the qualification shares. Witness did not call him a director. He did not know the date on which Mr. Desai was appointed a director.

Mr. Maneck Nusservanji Dastoor, solicitor for the requisitionists, said he was present at the extraordinary general meeting. The auditor had sent a copy of the report of the Company to his firm. There was no balance sheet annexed to the report. There was no balance sheet shown at the meeting.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga, witness said 'inter alia' seven clear days' notice was necessary for calling either extraordinary or ordinary general meeting.

Mr. Sorabji Jamshetji Patel, Government certificated auditor of the Company, said he audited the accounts of the Company of 28th February, 1921. In March, 1922, he went to the office of the Company and was told that the accounts were to be made up to 31st March, 1922; so he could not audit. No trial-balance sheet was prepared till the 1st of June. He was told the final accounts were not ready, then he asked for other vouchers. He, then, started auditing the accounts. It was the business of the Company to prepare the balance sheet. On 22nd June he sent a balance sheet and the report to the Company. He had sent a copy of the report to Mr. Dastoor. He was informed by accused No. 1 that accounts would be ready by 30th May. He had asked to see securities of moneys lent to agents amounting to Rs. 2,47,000. He was not shown the securities till to-day by the agents.

Cross-examined by Mr. Kanuga, the witness said he was asked to prepare the statutory report of the Company. The Company's accountant did not know to prepare a skeleton balance sheet, and therefore witness had to prepare it. He was given the necessary papers to prepare the balance sheet. He was not ill in April. He knew Mr. Madon, the complainant by sight.

The case was then adjourned.

IMPERSONATION AND FORGERY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Prosecuting Inspector Finan charged (1) Varjiwan Dhanji and (2) Nandlal Thoban with cheating, abetment and forgery in respect of a Hundi valued at Rs. 4,557.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai, pleader, appeared for was defended by Messrs. Dhonh and Kantilal Thakar pleaders.

The evidence showed that the accused posing as Mehtas of Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas who has his Pedhi at Mint Road received from the postman a letter enclosed with a hundi for Rs. 4,557 and presented it for payment at the firm of Haji Mohmed Huseini Boosari at Oomercarry. Haji Mohmed Huseini Boosari gave the accused a cheque on the Imperial Bank of Persia which was subsequently cashed. Later on it transpired that the accused were not the Mehtas of Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas and Inspector I. C. Kadiswar of the C. I. D. was deputed to make enquiries and he traced the accused and placed them for trial. Rs. 1,500 worth of jewellery bought with the money was traced.

The accused pleaded guilty. Mr. Dhondi on behalf of the second accused submitted that he was merely a tool in the hands of the first accused and that he had only received Rs. 300 for his trouble. Besides, after the arrest he had helped the police in tracing similar cases of cheating and forgery in which several accused were charged. On being questioned by the Court Mr. Finan admitted that the second accused had helped the police. His Worship on evidence convicted the first accused to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default six months' further rigorous imprisonment on the first count and six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default six months' further imprisonment, the sentenced to run concurrently. The second accused was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default six months' rigorous imprisonment on the first count and a one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 or in default six months' rigorous imprisonment on the second count.

FALSIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. G. R. Khairaj, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate concluded the case in which Inspector Barnes, charged Harischandra Gopal, a clerk employed at the Royal Indian Marine Office with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 2,507-11-4 between March 1921 and February 1922, belonging to Government. The accused was arrested at Chinchpokiy on June 22nd.

Inspector Davison prosecuted while the accused was defended by Mr. Vizayker, pleader.

The facts of the case have already been reported.

The evidence of Mr. A. B. Colkers, Deputy Assistant Controller, R. I. M., showed that the accused had made a false entry on the 10th December 1921 for Rs. 1,350 in the cash book and another on the 12th September when a cheque for Rs. 55-11-0 was given to him for encashment out of which he misappropriated Rs. 200 and made an entry for Rs. 355-11-0 and not for Rs. 355-11-0. Also an entry dated 26th January 1922 for Rs. 360 was false as it showed that the amount was remitted to the bank by the accused as he could not produce a Treasury receipt in respect of this item.

The accused admitted having committed defalcations amounting to Rs. 1910-11-5 between 1st March 1921 and February 1922 while he was employed as a cashier in the R. I. M. Dockyard and also admitted two previous convictions and prayed for mercy.

His Worship convicted him on evidence and sentenced him to suffer rigorous imprisonment for two years.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Kadam charged one Ramniklal Maneklal, a clerk in the employ of Indo-British Company, with criminal breach of trust, as a servant, in respect of Rs. 550.

The prosecution case was that the accused who was serving as a clerk in the abovenamed Company, was given by his master Rs. 300, Rs. 200 and Rs. 50 on the 1st, 8th and 9th of June, respectively, for defraying the cost of freight for soda water bottles, etc. The accused misappropriated the money and ran away. He was, however, subsequently traced by the police.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted one previous conviction. His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to suffer three months' hard labour.

TAJ STRIKE.

NO CHANGE.

Yesterday being the first Friday of the month and dedicated to the Sacred Heart of Jesus, all the strikers went to the Church of the Holy Name for Mass in the morning. In the evening as usual they met at Wellington Mews, said the Rosary, and the prayers in honour of the Sacred Heart of Jesus to give them strength to continue their struggle till they get what is just to them. They discussed the news of the fresh move of the Secretary, Mr. Gandhy, in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate: The news of the fresh arrivals from Bangalore had no effect on the men. In 1919, 45 men from the Southweal brought in three batches. Within a short time they had all disappeared. The strikers dispersed after paying a visit to the Church of the Holy Name at Wodehouse Road.

"TAJ" STRIKERS CHARGED.

At the Esplanade Police Court on Friday before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Shaikh charged Shima Bhima, Pandoo Bhika and thirteen others, strikers of the Indian Hotels Co., Ltd., with being members of an unlawful assembly and in prosecution of the common object of such assembly committed the offence of rioting on the 25th ultimo at 9 p.m.

Mr. B. J. Dhondy, pleader, defended the accused.

On the case being called out, Mr. Dhondy asked for a postponement on the ground that Mr. Pais, who defended the accused on the previous occasion, had gone to Poona on account of the death of his relative and that he had sent a wire to Mr. Kanuga, pleader, asking him to appear for the accused. He had not yet taken any instruction from the accused.

Inspector Naden said that one of the accused was not present in the Court as he was down with fever. Besides his European witnesses were also absent as they were out of Bombay.

His Worship postponed the case till the 8th instant.

SUGAR MARKET.

Sept. 1.

Throughout the week our market ruled steadier with good demand and strong advices from all quarters and dealers became confident again and a good business was done in White Javas September/October shipment at 21s 5d to 21s 9d and October/December at 21s 9d to 21s 10d Free Bombay Harbour. The demand for ready sugar is not very good and dealers are not buying freely.

Karachi and Calcutta markets are also steadier in sympathy with strong reports from Java and fair business doing.

Java market is very strong again with speculators buying and strong news from American where prices have advanced again by half cent with good business doing. Home market keeps quiet but steady. American market is strong. There is no news from Mauritius.

The following are the bazar rates and stocks—

T M O Rs. 23-14-0 equals 21s 6d F B Harbour stocks 190,000 bags

Brown Rs. 22 equals 20s F B Harbour stocks 5,000 bags.

Beet Rs. 22-12-0 F B Harbour stocks 8,000 bags.

American Rs 23-4-0 F B Harbour stocks 5,000 bags.

Mauritius Rs. 23-4-0 F B Harbour stocks 7,000 bags.

Arrivals—

S S Nawab with 41,000 bags Java sugar.

COLOUR MARKET.

Sept. 1.

The fluctuations in the German marks are expected to a certain to effect the cost of all German dyes and so the indenting business remains standstill. Prices here are not much effected by the fluctuations. During the course of this week Alizarine 20 per cent changed hands in small lots at about Rs. 75 per cwt. Congo Red is firm and good shade fetches good price. Benzo Purpurine and Delta Purpurine are not in good demand. Magenta Crystals had some business at Rs. 10/11 per lb. Fast Red (Madrasi) passed at Rs. 6/8/0 per lb Sulphur Black has decreased its rates and good sales pass only in good qualities. Other miscellaneous dyes remain idle without genuine inquiries.

Quotations—

Alizarine 20 per cent Rs. 75 per cwt.
Congo Red Rs. 2/4/0 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine Rs. 3 per lb.
Delta Purpurine Rs. 4/4/0 per lb.
Malachite Green Rs. 7 per lb.
Magenta Crystals Rs. 10/11 per lb.
Methyl Violet Rs. 5/8/0 per lb.
Victoria Blue Rs. 7 per lb.
Fast Red (Madrasi) Rs. 6/8/0 per lb.
Sulpher Black Rs. 1/8/0 per lb.

PATHAN TERRORISM AT MATUNGA.

On Thursday last at 9-45 p.m. while going to the Improvement Trust Cottages from the B. B. & C. I. Ry. Matunga Station, through the level crossing of the G. I. P. Ry., Mr. A. G. Kemkar was attacked, between the B. B. & C. I. Matunga Station and the G. I. P. Matunga Station on the overbridge by a Pathan. He caught M. Kemkar by the neck and demanded the cash he had in his pocket and threatened to kill him if he shouted for help On refusing to hand over the cash the Pathan searched the pockets of Mr. Kemkar and took Rs. 165/- from his inside pocket and absconded.

Official and Personal.

Sardar Mahomed Tarzi Beg, new Afghan Minister for France, is expected to leave Kabul for Paris, almost immediately and to reach India on his way to Bombay during the second week in September.

His Excellency Sir George Lloyd attended a Cinema performance at the Napier Cinema in aid of Poona Charities on Thursday evening.

TO-DAY'S POONA RACES.

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP—1½ Miles.

CARBORUNDUM	1
NIGHT BOMBER	2
ALELI	3

THE POONA PLATE.—1 Mile.

FLAMING ORB	1
BRIXWORTH	2
SWEET ADARE	3

THE AUTUMN PLATE.—1¼ Miles.

TREDDLE	1
THE LARK	2
EAGLESWELL	3

THE VISITORS' PLATE.—6 Furlongs. (Div. I.)

MEG MERRILIES	1
ILA'S FANCY	2
LOMO	3

THE VISITORS' PLATE.—6 Furlongs. (Div. II.)

OLIVINE	1
MARY'S LAMB	2
BRITOMART	3

THE VISITORS' PLATE.—6 Furlongs. (Division III.)

CHEERY GIRL	1
NURSE BOBS	2
WOORALI	3

THE MODERATE PLATE.—6 Furlongs.

AMIN	1
WATERLOO	2
WARMINSTER	3

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—1½ Miles.

CESSATION	1
KHABOOR	2
ISHALLAH	3

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.—6 Furlongs.

HATCHEL	1
MARCH ALONG	2
HONEYSUCKLE	3

HORSES-LEFT-IN.

First Race at 2-15 p.m.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Starshot 9-2, Silver Jug 9-2, Carborundum 9-2, Aleli 9-2, United 9-0, Royal Charter 9-0, Night Bomber 8-12, Charlie's Smile 8-7, Plaxtol 8-7, Simon's Choice 8-7, Night Watch 8-7, Christmas Holiday 8-7, Sunstroke 8-7, Festivity 8-3, and Steel Blue 6-12.

THE AUTUMN PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Treddle 9-2, Summer's Joy 9-0, Silver Saint 9-0, The Lark 8-12, Archer 8-9, Lemoine 8-8, Cally 8-7, Christmas Holiday 8-6, On Leave 8-5, Plaxtol 8-5, Traceable 8-4, Entailed 8-3, Eagleswell 7-8, and Southwell 7-2.

THE VISITOR'S PLATE (Div. II.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Blackwater 9-9, Like Magis 9-6, Cyllian 9-2, Bohea 9-0, Lady Cleopatra 8-13, Olivine 8-12, Britomart 8-12, Pin Money 8-5, Walhachin 8-2, Sunnygame 8-2, Barbary 8-2, Mary's Lamb 8-0, The Shah 7-12, Golden Gleam 7-10, Marby 7-10, and Ho Ho 7-6,

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Amin 9-10, Dublin 9-3, March Along 9-0, Vernon 9-0, Towfik 9-0, Arvil 9-0, Shanavaz 9-0, Sannayet 9-0, Malabar 8-10, Imkin 8-10, Sir Jamal 8-10, Scotchpine 8-10, Toonah 8-7, Frosty Face 8-7, Fareek 8-6, Hatchel 8-6, Anit 8-2, Baktavar 8-0, Honeysuckle 7-12, White Rose 7-12, Nasrailla 7-12, Balance 7-12, History 7-9, Patriot 7-8, and Vagrant 7-8.

THE POONA PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Sweet Adare 9-9, Magical 8-9, Southern Beauty 8-5, Allington 8-5, Scribble 8-5, Brixworth 8-4, Flaming Orb 8-3, Madame Sze 8-2, Pilgrim's Pass 8-2, Grand Place 8-0, Risen Again 7-13, Chinese White 7-13, Crab Apple 7-10, Lady Loo 7-5, and Jovial 6-10.

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Dilawar 9-13, Dartmoor 9-9, Cessation 9-0, Union Jack 8-10, Hakum 8-10, Khaboor 8-10, Dublin 8-6, and Ishallah 8-4.

THE VISITOR'S PLATE (Div. I.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Perfect Day 9-10, Anthracite 9-0, Lisnasharragh 9-0, Meg Merrilies 8-13, Zigomar 8-12, Red Cross Boy 8-12, Balira 8-10, Forward III. 8-10, Laranja 8-5, Lomo 8-4, Prime Boy 8-2, Desert Gold 8-2, Ila's Fancy 8-2, Oregon Pine 8-0, Jadoo 7-11, White Dart 7-10, Sevenbeans Jam 7-8, and Cork Glass 7-0.

THE MODERATE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Warminster 9-2, Waterloo 9-0, Nevermind 8-12, Summerton 8-12, Amin 8-0, Centry 8-0, Cummer 8-0, Arthur 7-13, Taj 7-12, and Karam 7-12.

THE VISITOR'S PLATE (Div. III.)—Distance 6 furlongs.

Undies 9-2, Huon River 9-0, Lively 8-12, Stellite 8-12, Glass Rock 8-12, Roi Grison 8-11, Rakings 8-10, Woorali 8-8, Some Scribe 8-5, Nurse Bobs 8-4, Knight of Clonmel 8-3, Robina 8-1, First Grade 7-11, High Road 7-10, Cheery Girl 7-10, Florella 7-9, Vlinger 7-6, Unruly 7-4, Duet 7-3, Pretty Margaret 7-3, and Miss Glad Eyes 7-0.

CALCUTTA RACES.

ACCEPTANCES.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

THE JUVENILE PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Lily of the Valley 9-11, Savvy 9-5, Dynamo 8-13, Sack the Lot 8-10, Sir Isaac 8-2, Valentine's Morn 8-2, Taliesin 7-13.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Lough Corrib 9-3, Leading Girl 9-2, Squeers 9-2, Rheidol 9-1, Smoke Wreath 9-1, Dara Bay 9-0, Edgar's Jewel 8-13, Alien Daisy 8-10, Sage 8-8, Aguse Solis 8-8, Guileless 8-8, Cylarity 7-13, Xylophagus 7-10, Scarlet Berrill 7-9, Revoke 7-0, Savez Vous 7-0.

THE SUMMER HURDLE RACE.—Distance about 1¾ miles over 9 flights.

Marble Rock 11-12, King of Bees 11-11, Durban 11-6, Gavrelle 11-6, One Too Many 11-4, Well Over 10-8, Ready Cash 9-0, Joyship 9-0.

THE EMPIRE PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Tete Montee 9-12, Radius 9-1, King of Bees 8-11, Shruleen 8-11, Simple Simon 8-8, Ulster Maid 8-4, Nautch Girl 8-4, Norma Stoker 8-2, Mudeford Rex 7-11, Torchlight 7-11, Sole Bay 7-6, Silver Gift 7-4.

THE ELGIN PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 7 furlongs.

Verland Rose 9-0, Tycoon 8-13, Thumerstone 8-11, Little Life 8-10, Sherwood Belle 8-9, Sunny Time 8-8, Ashbede 8-8, Lussker 8-5, Tanyuma 8-5, Well Over 8-4, The Brat 8-2, Jolly Friar 8-2, Jazz Band 8-2, Advisor 8-1, Easter Holiday 8-0, I See 7-13, Grab 7-13.

THE RIVER PLATE.—Distance about 9 furlongs.

Slow Coach 11-7, Bachelor Girl 8-7, Forest Guard 7-13, Cambridge 7-8, Irish Molly 7-6, Lady Malwood 7-3.

CORNER'S COURT.

KNOCKED DOWN BY MOTOR LORRY.

At the Coroner's Court on Wednesday Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of a Hindu boy named Vithoba Tukaram, aged five, who was knocked down by a motor lorry driven by Michael Francis along the Hancock Bridge, Mazagon, on Tuesday at about 11 a.m. The evidence showed that the deceased and his brother Bhowde Tukaram went to buy sweets and were running behind a carriage. After leaving the carriage they were running across the road. The deceased ran from behind the victoria towards the other side of the road and so got in front of the lorry which knocked him down, the left front wheel going over his head. The lorry stopped at once. The deceased was found lying immediately behind the left front wheel. He died at once. The lorry was going at a moderate speed and the horn was being continually sounded. The road on the left side was dug up. The jury returned a verdict of death from his having been accidentally knocked down and run over by a motor lorry whilst he was running across the road.

VICTIMS OF AMMONIA EXPLOSION.

At about 2 p.m. on Tuesday an explosion of ammonia gas occurred in the hold of the R. I. M. Trawler "William Garrick" as a result of which Pascol Fernandez, aged about twenty-seven and Mohamed Husein Abdul Kader, aged also about twenty-seven working in the hold of the ship were found dead. Their bodies were taken out and removed to the morgue. Two others viz., Fatehkhan Azamkhan and R. DeSouza who were also burnt on their bodies were removed to the G. T. Hospital where they have been detained for treatment. At an inquest held on the bodies of Pascol and Mohamed Husein at the Coroner's Court yesterday by Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, Mr. I. S. Haji, bar-at-law, appeared on behalf of the widow of Mohamed Husein, Dr. W. Nunan, Police Surgeon, who held a post mortem examination on the bodies said that there were superfinal extensive burns all over the body of Pascol and internally the beings were congested as were other organs including liver and kidneys. The cause of death was asphyxia and shocks from burns due to explosion and inhilation of irresperable gas. The same was the cause of the death of Mohamed Husein Abdul Kader.

Further inquiry was adjourned.

STABBED WITH A KNIFE.

Mr. A. R. King, Coroner, held an inquest on Friday touching the death of Jeewa Walji (26), who was stabbed by Dewji Jagjiwan (28) with a penknife on Thursday evening on the "otla" of his house at Cavel Street, Kalbadevi Road. After inflicting about fourteen wounds Dewji surrendered to a policeman at the Ramwadi corner.

The evidence showed that the deceased Jiwa was betrothed about a year ago to Dewji's sister Suntokebai (12) and for the past two months had been living with Hirabai, mother of Suntokebai, who is aged about 40. Dewji who had returned from up-country recently, it was alleged, found his mother on intimate terms with the deceased Jiwa. It was alleged that he further saw Jiwa taking liberty with his minor sister. On Thursday evening Hirabai went upstairs when Jiwa was asleep on the "otla" and Dewji working in a room on the ground floor. She heard Jiwa's shrieks and ran downstairs when she saw him lying injured and Dewji running away.

Bhugwandas Trikumdas, a cloth merchant, said he was seated on the "otla" of his house when he heard shrieks and on going forward saw the suspect striking the deceased, who was lying down, with the knife. The suspect ran away.

Bhugwan Narayen, P. C. 120 B, said he was on duty at Ramwadi when the suspect came to him with the knife produced, and witness arrested him. The knife, his hands and clothes were covered with blood.

The jury returned a verdict of death from stab wounds inflicted with a knife by Dewji Jagjiwan.

A CASE OF SUICIDE.

A local train of the B. B. & C. I. Railway was proceeding from Elphinstone Road to Dadar Station at 6-30 a.m. on the 30th instant when on seeing a crowd of people near the lines the guard had the train stopped. He then went to the place and found a human trunk lying outside the down line and the head between the two rails. Information was given to the Stationmaster at Dadar. Subsequently one Sunker Ganesh Mahugorkar indentified the body as that of his father Ganesh Balvant. The body was removed

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, September 2, 1922.

THE SIKHS AND THEIR TRIAL.

Disquieting reports are reaching us concerning the fresh developments in the Punjab over Gurudwara Reform. It will be remembered that the Punjab Government, being aware of the justice of the Shiromani Gurudwara Prabandhak Committee's claim to purify the administration of the Gurudwaras, attempted at one time to conciliate the Akalis. But when the latter found that the Government, instead of allowing them a genuine measure of self-government in what is purely a religious matter, were attempting to throw a sop to weaken their determination, the opposition to the hybrid scheme of the Government stiffened, and the Government, after dallying with an impracticable scheme, finally abandoned it, but not before the Akalis had become convinced of the futility of expecting from the present Government any useful concessions to public opinion. Hundreds of Akalis have been sent to jail because of their unflinching devotion to the cause of their religion. Nor has the Nankana Sahib affair of last year been forgotten. This and the almost systematic persecution of the Akalis by Government have made of the Sikhs determined Non-cooperators, and Sirdar Bahadur Mehtab Singh, than whom there was not a more sincere and genuine Co-operator, resigned, as a protest, his seat on the Punjab Legislative Council and the Deputy Presidentship of the same body. The Sardar Bahadur subsequently identified himself with the Shiromani Prabandhak Committee and has been its most prominent member, having gone to jail over the Keys affair.

It seemed for a time as though some belated wisdom had dawned on the Punjab Government and that they would let alone a purely religious movement and refrain from further interference. But the Guru-ka-Bagh incident revives the sad memories of last year and gives point to the sacrifices which the Sikhs have made in the pursuit of their great ideal. Guru-ka-Bagh is a place of great sanctity to the Sikhs. It is situated in the Ajnala Tehsil of the Amritsar District. What really happened was that some of the voluntary workers chopped some branches of a dry *kikar* tree for use in the "Langar" or free kitchen attached to the Shrine. This is by no means unusual—nor would any Indian who knows the customs and usages regarding temples and temple property consider the action of the Sikhs unlawful in any way. Evidently, the local officials, who were by no means sympathetic towards the Akalis, misled presumably by the local Mahant, hauled up the men for theft and sentenced them to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 each! This naturally caused considerable excitement among the Sikhs all over the Punjab and volunteers began to pour in at Guru-ka-Bagh from all sides with a view to court arrest and imprisonment—and not to defy the authorities. Evidently the authorities made capital out of this incident and police and military were rushed up to the scene, and an attempt has been made to put down the Sikhs by force.

The Punjab Government seem to have misconstrued the attitude of the Shiromani Committee which appealed to the Sikhs "to stand by the Panth" as an invitation to the Akalis to come forward and offer resistance! An evidently inspired account in the "Pioneer" caricatures the intention of the Committee to meet in Amritsar on August 6, last and consider the situation, as a move towards the renewal of the policy of "forcible seizure", and it is not difficult to perceive why the motives of the Committee should be so misrepresented. The arrest of the members of the Committee, including Sardar Bahadur Mehtab Singh, is a most unjustifiable and unstatemanlike proceeding, and if it is calculated that it will weaken the resolve of the Sikhs, we think it is a great mistake. On the contrary, Government are rendering the situation more than ever difficult of solution by a policy whereby they will merely be completely forfeiting the confidence of the Sikhs. The reaction of Guru-ka-Bagh incident will continue to kindle the flame of indignation among the Sikhs wherever they may be, and it is hardly likely that the Mahants, some of whom are a disgrace to mankind, will not feel the effect of the reaction. The situation, so far as the Sikhs are concerned, is extremely critical, and in their hour of trial, it is the duty of every community to peldge them its whole-hearted sympathy and moral support.

THE CALL OF THE MOTHER.

Mrs. Rajendra Kuar, who is reported to have been addressing a series of meetings in Simla, is a Sikh lady, hailing from one of the Punjab States. She has been a sufferer from the intolerance of public opinion among the State officials. The lady belongs to the Akali sect among the Sikhs. Since large numbers of her brothers have been persecuted and imprisoned, because of their religious convictions and determination to purge the seats of worship of corruption and impiety, Mrs. Kuar has bravely come out on the arena of the public platform and is doing great service to the cause of her and her brotheirs' and sisters' Faith. She has visited many cities in India and addressed large gatherings of men and women on the trials and sufferings of the Akalies and made powerful appeals for unity among Indians regardless of classes and creeds, as the only way to peace—and Swaraj in India. She has become a staunch non-cooperator, as a result of all the oppression and repression that she has witnessed around her, and as one listens to her powerful and engaging voice, one cannot but feel a sense of gratitude that India is still capable of producing such gifted daughters as she is. The whole of India will feel proud of her for her devotion to the country's cause. We trust her appeal to Hindus and Mahomedans to stand by the Sikhs in the hour of their trial will not go in vain or fall on deaf ears. She was absolutely in the right when she emphasized at a public meeting in Simla that if the Hindus and Mahomedans failed the Sikhs at the present psychological moment the result to the country would prove disastrous. At no time in the history of India was the force of the old saying: "United we stand; and divided we fall," so potent as it is to-day. It is clear that even among the Moderates, who were hitherto prone, in spite of their experiences, to regard the word of British politicians as their bond, there is at last a strong reaction, and it may be assumed that they will soon fall into line with the rest of their countrymen and share their conviction that the salvation of India must come though the efforts of her people, their sacrifices and sufferings, and not through the grace of a foreign bureaucracy. The appeal of Mrs. Kuar is like the call of the mother to her wayward children not to stray hither and thither but to stand fast in the great march towards the goal. Her appeal derives special force in view of the rigorous repressive policy against the Akalis, which has been resumed by the Punjab Government.

THE GUJARAT VIDYAPITH.

We publish elsewhere an appeal for funds, issued by Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Gujarat Vidyapith. The appeal speaks for itself about the progress of this infant institution in the short period of a year and a half. No one who has had the pleasure of seeing the work done by this pioneer institution among purely national universities, has failed to be impressed with the fact that it is not only actuated by the highest idealism of Mahatma Gandhi, its first Chancellor, but that the Mahatma's spirit of sacrifice is reincarnate among its professors and the students. At the Vidyapith are to be seen students from far and near, who are there to qualify themselves for national service. The needs of the institution are growing; to meet these and to secure a permanent habitation, the Vidyapith has been able to secure a valuable site on the banks of the Sabarmati and great plans of future development are contemplated. It is the duty of every one who loves Mahatmaji and the Motherland to give his quota ungrudgingly to make the institution an abiding memorial to their great leader.

Notes of the Day

Turkish Successes.

The Central Khilafat Committee has received the happy news of the capture of Afion Kara Hissar by the Kemalists, from H. E. Jelaludin Arif Bey at Rome. The Kemalists have also occupied Eskishehir, an important junction between Angora and Kara Hissar on the Baghdad Railway, and thus the whole area between Konia and Ismid is now in the hands of the Kemalists. The reports mention heavy losses inflicted on the Greeks and the decisive character of the Kemalists' success is borne out by the admissions made in Athens, and London—which after all is not friendly to Angora. The Greeks are bewailing, we are told, that they have been hindered in the exercise of their right to search for contraband! It is sheer ingratitude for Greece to complain. For, inspite of the avowed neutrality of the Bosphorus, the Allies have allowed the Greeks to steal up to Rodosto within a few miles of Constantinople, and on the Sea of Marmora, and bombard peaceful Turkish towns. The successes of Mustata Kemal Pasha will undoubtedly have an effect—a great effect—on the Venice Conference by reminding European—especially British—statesmen that they have to face the realities if stable conditions are to be brought about in Eastern Europe. It is nonsense to suggest, as the "Times'" correspondent at Constantinople has done, that the offensive has been planned by the Kemalists with an eye to the coming peace conference. It seems to us that the Kemalists have long abandoned the hope of securing justice and fairplay from the tainted diplomacy of Europe, where non-"Christians" are concerned, and realised the absolute necessity of self-reliance. As we have pointed out, the present offensive is a renewal of the operations which had been interrupted by weather conditions. The success of these operations will certainly have the effect of making European diplomats revise their estimate of the Angora Government, its organization and equipment, and, we hope, will prevent them from falling victims again to Greek misrepresentations. Mustafa Kemal deserves the congratulations of the whole world for his brilliant leadership.

Futile Propaganda.

With the characteristic futility, which characterises its propagandist activities, Reuter's news agency has sought to throw dust in the eyes of the world by its message regarding events in Iraq which we published yesterday. The message ran as follows:—"Advices received indicate that the situation in Mesopotamia is regarded as being satisfactory, largely owing to the energetic measures taken by Sir Percy Cox. It is emphasised that Sir Percy Cox is in complete agreement with King Feisul." Regarded as satisfactory, forsooth! "Satisfactory" from whose point of view? Evidently the Mesopotamian Arabs cannot be expected to be satisfied by the "energetic measures" of Sir Percy Cox, when these include the suppression of even the 'Moderate" political parties. As to the complete agreement of Sir Percy Cox with King Feisul,—well, it does not mean much. For, the Arabs of Mesopotamia are in complete disagreement with the puppet King who has been imposed on them. They want no sham shows, but freedom. And they are in earnest, as later events will show.

The Savarkar Brothers.

Satisfaction will be felt that at last the Government of Bombay have realised the wisdom of ordering the release of Ganesh Savarkar, about whose treatment we commented in these columns sometime ago. While we congratulate the Government on the belated recognition of doing the right thing, it is pertinent to ask why the release of the younger Savarkar has not yet been ordered. As we pointed out in a leading article the other day, his term expired in July last, and it is inexcusable that he should be allowed still to rot in an Indian jail. At least an explanation is due concerning the reasons which have led Government to override dictates of justice and humanity in his case.

Corporation and Port Trust.

At its meeting on Thursday the Municipal Corporation adopted Mr. H. P. Mody's amendment about the question of the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner to the Board of the Port Trust. We think the Corporation missed the issue altogether. The speakers, neglecting the fundamentals, rivetted their attention to things of secondary importance. In this case the important thing was not the appointment of the Municipal Commissioner by the Government but his election by the Corporation. None of the members had the sense to insist on the principle of election. In the fury of words they had no time to concentrate their attention on such small things. The Municipal Commissioner is a nominited member of the Improvement Trust and we are aware of his attitude there. The Commissioner was formerly not seldom at loggerheads with the elected members of the Corporation on the Board of the Improvement Trust. Even when there were men like Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah and Sir D. E. Wacha on the Board of the Improvement Trust they did not fare better. There is no need to speak of the lesser fry. Of course, the proceedings of the Port Trust take place behind the *purdah*, but we have little doubt even there the members and the Commissioner do not agree on many an important matter. So long as the Commissioner is not elected by the Corporation itself, but by the Government, he is bound to be more loyal to Government than to the Corporation.

A Boureaucratic Tribute.

"The Independent" writes:—

"The 'Bihar Herald' has unearthed an interesting circular. It runs as below:—

Ranchi,
The 11th August, 1922.

Dear Sir,—You are no doubt aware that a Committee of the Indian National Congress is touring the country collecting opinion on the desirability of starting Civil Disobedience, and that the Committee is shortly expected to visit this Province. It is apprehended that men of sober views may not either like to appear before this Committee or may not be sure that their views will carry that weight with the Committee to which they are, by their place in public life, entitled. It is possible that in this way the opinions of an extreme minority may be published as the considered judgment of the Bihar and Orissa public. In order to guard against this contingency and to give public men and politicians an opportunity to express their views, the Bihar and Orissa Publicity Board will be glad to collect the opinions of leading and representative men of this Province on the subject of starting Civil Disobedience. I am desired to request you to be so good as to favour the Board with your views on the subject.

Yours faithfully,
B. K. SEN,
Publicity Officer.

Immitation is the sincerest form of flattery and the Civil Disobedience Committee will be touched by this bureaucratic tribute. But does the Publicity Officer in the case know that the 'Pioneer' and the 'Madras Mail' demanded the arrest and imprisonment of all who conducted so vicious an enquiry? And had the Civil Disobedience Committee been arrested, would the Publicity Officer have been arrested too? These are questions we cannot answer. It was but recently that we drew attention to the encouragement of the Charka advocated by a conference of bureaucrats in Bengal, and now that they have started Civil Disobedience enquiries of their own they will, we trust, set up a rival Congress Pandal at Gaya and arrange in competition with the Congress to secure Swaraj."

INDIAN UNITY.

AN ANSWER TO THE I. C. S.

(BY BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.)

In their recent representation to the Secretary of State, our Permanent Trustees, the I. C. S., have gone out of their way and belittled the Unity of India; and have practically asserted that should the English Government in India be weakened, the Indian Princes would at once fight for supremacy! These allegations should not remain unanswered. Here are some facts, gleaned from Mr. Buckler's article in the "Contemporary Review" of May 1922, which will speak for themselves:—

(1) "The Moghal Empire gained the independence of Persia *through Hindu support*"!

(2) Shivaji, the Mahratta, had been of great assistance to Aurungzeb in holding in check Bijapur during the war of the Succession"!

(3) "It was the work of the House of Scindia to unite the *whole* of the Mahratta confederacy in one loyal Mogul province, which distinguished itself in 1788 by rescuing the unfortunate Shah Alam from the brutality of Ghulam Qadir, while all other vassals, including the East India Company, stood aloof"!

(4) "His Majesty's Opposition could fight its battles in Parliament, while Scindia had only the field of battle on which to argue! For, whenever he attempted to assert his *master's* rights in discussion, the Company's Resident at Delhi used, as his ultimate argument, the threat of hostilities"! What have the I. C. S. to say to these? That the Rajputs, the Mahrattas and the Moguls did join hands for the good Government of the country, is obvious from these facts. But let us proceed.

(5) "From 1803, it (the East India Company) appeared to the Mogul more and more as a *traitor*, for he was never able to understand the diplomacy of that year"!

(6) "The Muslim creed of the Empire was broken by transforming into *political schism* the religious differences of Shiah Lucknow and Sunni Delhi in 1819, when the Nawab of Oudh was urged, successfully, to assume the title and status of King"!

(7) "Sixteen years later, the Company *usurped* the right of coinage!"

(8) Ten years later, as a result of Dalhousie's *intrigues* against the Mogul succession and against the ruling family of Oudh, Bahadur Shah II secretly acknowledged the creed of the Shiah at the shrine of Shah Abbas in Lucknow"!

(9) "In consequence of the outbreak of 1857, Bahadur Shah II was tried, not by military law administered by a conqueror, but under the law of the *Wellesley Fiction*, found guilty, deposed and removed from Delhi in 1858"! Let us proceed.

(10) "To both British and Mogul monarchies, indeed, the East India Company had been a *menace*"!

(11) "The Regulating Act of 1773, Pitt's India Act of 1784, the Impeachment of Warren Hastings, the Act for the Renewal of the Company's Charter in 1813, and the Reform Act of 1832 had all done their share *in saving the British Monarchy* from the encroachments of the Company, and *the dangers of shifty ideas of nationality on the part of its subjects—individual and corporate*"! It is now one hundred years and more, and yet the I. C. S. maintain, that the idea of nationhood is just born in India!

(12) "The British Government, having *drawn* to itself the feuds of Aurangzeb, proceeded to *drive* away his source of strength"! Is that policy altered? If so, when please?

(13) "*Though Hindu by religion, in politics they were Mogul*, and consequently regarded the British assumption of Empire in 1857 as something approaching *usurpation*"! Then why do the I. C. S. ascribe motives to the Hindus for their fraternizing in the Khilafat cause with their Moslem Brethern?

(14) And as regards the *Trust*, Mr. Buckler says, that "the crash of the Respublica Moslemica seemed at hand, while Great Britain appeared to stand by, despite solemn pledges and despite its old association in the Company's acceptance of an office of *trust* of a Muslim monarch—*a trust* of which the Company's unseemly *betrayal* had brought together Great Britain and India on a false basis!" Let the Permanent Trustees, the I. C. S., reflect calmly, and retrace their steps gracefully.

REPARATIONS PROBLEM.

CRISIS AVERTED.

GERMANY TO PAY IN TREASURY BILLS INSTEAD OF CASH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

The crisis of the subject of reparations has been averted. The Reparations Commission have unanimously accepted the proposal to allow Germany to pay in Treasury bills instead of in cash.

REJECTION OF BRITISH PROPOSAL.

BELGIAN RESOLUTION PASSED.

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Paris.—The British proposal for an unconditional moratorium for Germany to the end of this year was rejected by the Reparations Commission, to-day, by two votes to one. France and Belgium voted against the proposal, and Italy did not vote either way.

The Commission then unanimously adopted the Belgian resolution postponing the discussion of the moratorium demand until the Commission had completed the scheme for a radical reform of German finances. But, in order to give time for the preparation and execution of these measures, the resolution authorised Germany to pay instalments due to the end of 1922 in six months' Treasury bills backed by agreed guarantees, or failing an agreement regarding the guarantee, by the deposit of gold in a foreign bank acceptable to Belgium, to whom these payments would be assigned.

The resolution referred to the fact that Germany had lost all her credit at Home and abroad, and the mark had fallen to three-thousandths of its value. It specified that the reform scheme aforementioned should provide for the balancing of the German budget, the monetary reform, and the issue of internal and external loans with a view to consolidating the financial situation, and also provided for the reduction of Germany's external obligations if the Governments represented on the Commission previously consented.

LATER.

NOTE TO GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

The Reparations Commission has written to the German Government communicating its decision relative to the moratorium demand, adding that, as at present it is considered inopportune to pronounce upon the German proposals for assuring the strict execution of coal and timber deliveries, the Commission reserves the right to demand the enforcement of similar arrangements if, in future, such deliveries are unsatisfactorily executed.

IF GERMANY DEFAULTS.

SANCTIONS TO BE APPLIED BY ALLIES

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Paris.—A semi-official elucidation of the Reparations Commission's decision states that Germany's future default will automatically authorise the Allies, either separately or jointly, to apply the sanctions.

FRANCE SATISFIED WITH DECISION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Paris.—The decision of the Reparations Commission has been received with feelings of relief as the least objectionable of all compromise plans submitted with the object of securing a unanimous agreement and as averting an acute cleavage amongst the Allies. The decision is described by the Press as both moral satisfaction for France and a serious warning for Germany that patience of the Allies is exhausted, and that she is liable to heavy sanctions if she does not try seriously to put her house in order and compel industrial magnates to assure a big percentage of reparations charges. All eyes are fixed on great hope on approaching settlement of the reparations and debts between the Allied whose details will be worked out by the Brussels Conference. The Press, however, points out that a great effort towards conciliation of the most varying views is still necessary while it remains to be seen how Germany will except this solution.

SEQUEL TO ALARMIST RUMOURS.

SCENES ON BANKS' INABILITY TO MEET REQUEST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Berlin.—The nervous tension of the past few days and the suspense has naturally not been diminished by the crop of alarmist rumours circulating in newspapers and elsewhere, regarding the Tllies' intentions. Endless lines of motor-cars and carriages are drawn up outside the large banks, and crowds are inside some of whom are nervously enquiring how the dollar and the pound sterling stand, while others are seeking to withdraw money to meet the end of the month settlements, wage payments, etc.

Scenes occurred in several cases when the banks were unable to meet the requests owing to the scarcity of the paper currency demand, for which printing works have recently been unable to cope. Managers attempted to mollify customers, and explained that the Reichsbank intended to print higher denominations, probably a hundred thousand marks, in order to base the technical difficulty occasioned by the present rate of the issue, namely, four milliards daily. In the meantime, banks would issue the Reichsbank cheques in order to evade the actual refusal to pay.

MARKET STALLS WRECKED.

A strong force of police had to be requisitioned in a Berlin suburb of Neukdells where buyers, exasperated by the hourly increase of prices wrecked market stalls.

VALUE OF MARKS.

LONDON, Aug. 31.

The German marks went down to 7,900 owing to pessimistic views prevailing in Paris and Berlin to-day. Later, however, it rallied to 7,200 to the pound.

FRENCH FOREIGN LEGION.

POVERTY LEADS 1300 GERMANS TO JOIN.

LONDON, Aug. 31.

A Strasbourg message states that between twelve and thirteen hundred Germans enlisted in the French Foreign Legion during the past year. Many Germans are still volunteering every day. They ascribe their desire to do so to poverty and the conditions in Germany.

AIR FORCE IN INDIA.

CASE FOR SEARCHING INQUIRY.

"TIMES" URGES IMPROVEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The "Times" gives prominence to the correspondence demanding an improvement in the equipment of Air Force in India. The newspaper in the course of a long leading article comes to the conclusion that the force has never been given a fair chance. The Air Ministry has failed to supply it with a suitable equipment, while the Indian military authorities have prevented it from making a full use of such material and other facilities which it possessed."

The "Times" says that it is a case for searching impartial enquiry and admits that there is no question that the charges brought forward by the dead and the living against those in authority must be met without delay. The Royal Air Force in India must be equiped with proper machines and everything else it needs for service in the field. Economy that costs the lives of a country's defenders is economy gone mad.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

The suspension of the old established brokers' business has unfavourably influencend the Stock Exchange. It is understood the step is due to the inability to meet differences in connection with the settlement of the pre-war account which falls due to-morrow.

MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says that the market has been quiet this week. Support has come mostly from the bears and speculative quarters connected with China. America has not been a seller. The supplies from the Continent have been scanty. Had offerings been larger, the demand which was not keen would not have sufficed to uphold the prices. India has been more inclined to sell than to buy.

FAILURES OF 2 GERMAN NEWSPAPER CONCERNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Berlin.—The well-known newspaper "Taleglische Rundschan" had given its staff notice in consequence of the increasing economic difficulties in the newspaper business. Endeavours are being made to interest Herr Hugo Stinnes in the journal's reconstruction.

Another noteworthy newspaper failure is the "Cuxhaven Tageblatt", which has been published for ninety years.

DISASTROUS WINDSTORM IN FRANCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

A windstorm, accompanied by extraordinary heavy hail, has devastated vine-yards in many districts in South and Middle France. Hail-stones, in some places, were imbedded two and a half feet deep. Many tobacco plantations have been ruined. Swollen rivers in Savoy have swept away bridges and dykes.

KEMALIST ARMY.

WONDERFUL MORALE.

GEN. TOWNSHEND'S TRIBUTE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Major-General Sir Charles Townshend, in an interview with a representative of the "Daily Express", to-day, described the morale of the Kemalist army as wonderful. They were all united and determined as one man. Food and equipment were good, and ammunition plentiful. They had all the guns and rifles they had in the late War.

All breech-blocks surrendered at the time of the Armistice had been replaced by a factory at Angora. Breech-blocks were being made from locomotive wheels, railway trucks and so forth. Russian projectiles were being altered so as to fix the Turkish guns.

Major-General Sir Charles Townshend said he saw the captured Greek aeroplanes being repaired and fitted with new wings and propellers at a factory at Konia. The Turkish General officers were good and efficient, and battalion officers second to none in Europe.

RECEPTION AT AFGHAN LEGATION IN BERLIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Berlin.—The reception at Afghan Legation here, to-day, was marked by the first display of the Afghan flag in Germany. Visitors to the Legation included the British Ambassador, Lord D'Abernon, the Soviet Commissary, M. Tchitcherin, and representatives of the German Foreign Office. In the course of his speech, the Afghan Minister said he hoped shortly to see the German Minister in Kabul.

M. Tchitcherin and the Afghan Minister were subsequently photographed clasping each other's hands.

CRUISER NIIATAKA SUBMERGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Tokio.—The Japanese light cruiser "Niitaka" has been found submerged, and sixteen survivors have been picked up. (It was reported from New York on the 30th August that this cruiser had been lost in a typhoon off Kamchatka.)

BARI DOAB CANAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 31.

Sir Canga Ram has placed an order with Messrs. Vickers for water turbines and electrical plant for the purpose of power development on the Bari Doab Canal in the Punjab.

(Sir Gangam Ram, who is the Executive Engineer, was the Superintendent of the Coronation Durbar Works at Delhi in 1903. He was also the Superintending Engineer, Patiala State. He retired in 1911. He was also Consulting Engineer, Delhi Durbar, in 1911.)

Rome.—A message from Chieti reports that twelve bandsmen were killed and thirty injured whilst travelling in a motor coach. A train at a level crossing dashed into the coach.

CONGRESS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT REPORT.

FINAL APPROVAL POSTPONED

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

The Congress Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee met to-day, twice from nine to half past twelve in the morning, and from three to seven in the afternoon and considered the draft report. At the end of the meeting it was decided to postpone further consideration of the report till about the middle of this month when the Committee will meet at Bombay where it is expected the report will be approved. In view of the delay in the final adoption of the report by the Committee, it was decided to request Mr. C. R. Das, President-elect of the next Indian National Congress to postpone for the month the next meeting of the All-India Congress Committee which was to have been held on the 15th instant.

Hakim Ajmal Khan and Dr. Ansari left Calcutta to-night. Mr. V. J. Patel leaves for Gaya to-morrow to assist the Reception Committee of the Congress in arrangements for the next session. Mr. A. Kasturiranga Iyengar leaves for Madras and Pandit Motilal Nehru and Messrs. H. M. Hayat and A. Basit, Secretaries of the Committee will leave for Allahabad to-morrow.

CONGRESS WORKERS SENTENCED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Aug. 31.

Mahindra Gopal Singh and Ratan Chand of Jandiala Congress Committee have been convicted under section 108, Cr. P.C. in the court of the Additional District Magistrate, Amritsar. Each of them was asked to furnish a security of Rs. 2,000 to be of good behaviour which they refused and were thereupon sentenced to on year's rigorous imprisonment.

MR. SAVARKAR RELEASED.

LEAVES AHMEDABAD FOR BOMBAY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

Mr. G. D. Savarkar was released to-day and left for Bombay by Kathiawar Mail.

ARRIVES AT GRANT ROAD THIS MORNING.

Dr. Savarkar wires from Ahmedabad that his brother, Ganesh Savarkar, has been released and will arrive at Grant Road this morning.

WAKE UP, INDIA!

DO YOU WANT SWARAJ?

THEN BOYCOTT FOREIGN CLOTH.

READ WHAT MANCHESTER SAYS.

"At a conference of textile workers at Blackpool, to-day, Mr. Walter Gee, President, said that the cotton trade would not recover until the constant fluctuations of foreign exchanges were ended. Cotton operatives were in a worse position than in pre-war times. The Council reported that the political and religious agitation in India had raised a feeling that was most inimical to Lancashire trade. The President stated that textile-workers were in favour of development of Indian self-government."—Reuter's Telegram.

"A Manchester report states that the Textile Workers' Association recommends, in a public declaration, on behalf of the Textile Workers of Lancashire, that they favour not only the encouragement and development of self-Government for India but also peace with Turkey, giving Turkey self-control in her own territories, provided that she guarantees the rights of minorities. By such means they believe India could be pacified and the Indian people made friendly to Britain. At present, not only India but the whole of Middle East is unfriendly, and the consequences of our policy, if pursued on the present lines, must inevitably be a catastrophe for Lancashire textile workers."—Reuter's Telegram.

"The Executive of the United Textile Factory Workers' Association in their annual report draw attention to the conclusions reached by four Labour members of Parliament who investigated the cotton relations between Lancashire and India.

"The Labour M.P.'s have recommended a public declaration on behalf of the Lancashire textile workers affirming that they favour the encouragement and development of self-government in India and peace with Turkey giving her control over her own territories provided the rights of the minorities are safe-guarded.

It is pointed out that the Labour M.P.'s who investigated the problem consider that India could thus be pacified as a whole and the Middle East made friendly towards England. The M.P.'s aver that the consequences of the English policy if pursued on the present lines will inevitably result in a catastrophe for Lancashire textile workers."—"Times of India" Special Cable.

U. P. NOTES.

PRESERVATION OF "LAW AND ORDER."

PICKETING IN LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 22.

"Law and order" is having its own course and arrests of nationalist workers and orders under S. 144 against Congress propagandists continue with unabated vigour. Benares volunteers were posting placards on walls exhorting the people to purchase Khadar only. Three of them were arrested on the 13th and though they were released after being kept in police custody for some time the placards they had with them were taken possession of by the police. Messrs. Bhawani Prasad Srivatsawa and Baldeo Chanbe, Secretary and joint Secretary respectively of the District Congress Committee, Azamgarh were proceeded against under S. 108 Cr. P. C. on the 10th August. The District Magistrate tried the case on the 11th instant. On the morning of that day the Superintendent of Police had issued a notice prohibiting any procession accompanying them on their way to the court. They were directed to enter into bonds for Rs. 1,000 each with two sureties of Rs. 500 each for future good behaviour and on their refusal were sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 1 year each. On the 17th instant the police of Etawah arrested Swami Sivanand on a warrant under S. 107 Cr. P. C. It is not possible to give an exhaustive list of arrests and convictions.

PICKETING IN CAWNPORE AND OTHER PLACES.

Cawnpore is an important centre of cloth trade and the big merchants of that city control the markets of N. India. The piecegoods merchants of Cawnpore had signed pledges to the effect that they would not import any foreign cloth till the end of December 1922. In a weak moment, however, they placed large orders for foreign piecegoods. The Town Congress Committee of Cawnpore decided to picket their shops peacefully till they expressed repentance, and early in August picketing commenced. One of the merchants went to the length of assaulting the volunteers who were picketing in front of his shop. But owing to the careful handling of the situation by the president, Town Congress Committee and the thoroughly peaceful behaviour of the other Congress workers, the picketing went on without any further developments. By the middle of August almost all the merchants who had violated their pledges sincerely repented of their backsliding.

The authorities of the Fatehpur District have thought it necessary to take legal action against gentlemen who were engaged in peaceful picketing. Mr. B. Umashanker a pleader is being prosecuted in the Court of the District Magistrate of Fatehpur for an offence under section 506 I.P.C. (Criminal intimidation).

GANDHI DAY CELEBRATIONS.

The 18th of August was duly observed in Allahabad as well as in other towns of the U. P.

VICEROY'S SPEECH.

NATIONAL HOME RULER'S PROTEST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 31.

At a meeting of the National Home Rule Leaguers, Hyderabad, resolutions were unanimously passed expressing their emphatic opinion that the speech of Mr. Lloyd George is calculated to shake the faith of Indians in Britain's good faith. Further, they were of opinion that such an announcement is bound to imperil the maintenance of the connection between Britain and India. They also regretted that the Viceroy instead of securing a solemn assurance from the Cabinet that Indianization of services with a view to establish full responsible Government at an early date shall continue to be the guiding principle has, on the contrary, tried to expain away the speech by mere camouflage.

FRONTIER COMMITTEE.

MAJORITY OPPOSE AMALGAMATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 31.

The North-West Frontier Committee which has been deliberating in Simla since last week over evidence, concluded its sittings yesterday and will now proceed with the writing of the report. It is understood that great divergence of opinion has risen on all main issues between the President (Mr. Bray) and Messrs. Bolton, Parker, Raza Ali, Shahabuddin and Abdur Rahim Khan on the one hand and Mr. Rangachari of the Democratic Party and Mr. Samarth, the Chief Whip of the National Party, in the Assembly on the other. The principal difference of opinion is over the question of the separation of the political agencies from the settled districts with the adjoining tribal areas and with the Deputy Commissioners as at present.

LATEST CABLES

REPARATIONS COMMISSION.

A CRISIS AVERTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Alarmists who have been busy during the past few days in digging a grave of the Entente have again been confounded by the decision of the Reparations Commission. An unstinted praise from London has been bestowed on Belacroix as author of the compromise which, by providing a breathing space, opportunely removes the danger of what was fast developing into a first class European crisis. Nevertheless, much arduous negotiation remains, since the Commission's resolution leaves several loose ends, notably with regard to the determination of the nature of guarantees. Sir John Bradbury, after the Conference, referring to this, said that he hoped that means would be found other than deposit of fourteen million sterling worth of gold, which would have an effect of still further depreciating the value of the mark.

NOTEWORTHY ASPECT.

A noteworthy aspect of the decision is M. Poincare's virtual abandonment of his often repeated insistence on productive guarantees; but when the French Cabinet discusses the resolution to-day; it will be faced by a substantial fact that the reparation in kind—of which thirty-six millions sterling are still due this year—must be continued and a bulk goes to France. Moreover, although Germany has received a temporary remission of fourteen millions sterling, the sword of Damocles still hangs over her head. While Germany's acceptance is taken as a foregone conclusion, reports so far obtainable from Germany shew that unsatisfactory features of the decision are overshadowed by the intense relief that it is not worse, in view of the undiluted pessimism and sensational reports which have been holding field for the past few days.

"BLACK TROOPS IN GERMANY."

WITH DRAWAL URGED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Echoes of the controversy regarding France's employment of the coloured troops in the occupied zone in Germany are still being heard. It is stated that a great applause greeted the Archbishop's appeal to the French Catholics at the Congress of the German Catholics in Manion when he asked "Can you feel with us how our Catholic hearts are afflicted when we see heathens and Muhammadans controlling our Catholic Rhine province?"

Speaking in the United States' Senate, Mr. Hitchcock declared that it was America's duty to suggest to France that she should withdraw her black troops from Germany.

PALESTINE MANDATE.

LORD BALFOUR'S FRESH SCHEME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Geneva.—Earl of Balfour proposed yesterday a fresh scheme regarding the protection of the holy places under the Palestine mandate. He declared that Britain had done her best to solve the thorny problem impartially, and he hoped that the scheme would satisfy, as far as possible the requirements of justice and equity for all nationalities and religions.

He recommended his colleagues not to discuss the proposal until it had been referred to their respective governments.

WITHDRAWAL OF EX-EQUATUR FROM U. S. CONSUL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 1.

An extraordinary step has been taken by the British Government in withdrawing exequatur from the United States consul at Newcastle-on-Tyne. The Consul-General in London has consequently ordered closing of the office temporarily. It is understood that the action is due to an allegation that difficulties were put in the way of visa-ing passports of the passengers who did not promise to make a voyage on the American vessels. It is recalled that the American Government in the same way revoked three exequaturs in 1856 because the British consuls in the United States were alleged to help recruiting for the British army.

FOOD RIOTS IN GERMANY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Berlin.—Food riots have broken out in Etherswalde (?). Last night crowd numbering four thousand, many of whom were women, vented their indignation against high prices by smashing windows and plundering shops. The police were stoned, after which they fired on the crowd, of whom ten are reported to have been wounded. Police reinforcements are being sent from Berlin.

Sydney, (Nova Scotia).—The miners have accepted a new wage scale by a majority of five to one.

Washington.—The senate has passed four billion dollar bill providing for soldiers' bonus by forty-seven votes to twenty-three. The bill has now got the confidence of both the Houses.

SITUATION AT GURU-KA-BAGH

GOVERNMENT COMMUNIQUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The serious situation at Guru-ka-Bagh near Amritsar is the subject of a long communique by the Punjab Government giving the sequence of events leading to a serious fracas yesterday afternoon which resulted in 18 casualties among the Akalis.

The communique states:—The Gurdwara at Guru-ka-Bagh which is situated in the Ajnala Tahsil was taken possession of by the Akalis in August 1921 but the Mahant Sundar Das remained in possession of by residential houses and lands attached to the Gurdwara which are registered in his name. At the beginning of August in the present year five Akalis living in the Gurdwara under the instructions of the Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee cut down a tree on the Gurdwara lands ostensibly for use as fuel in the *langar* or public kitchen of the shrine. Mahant Sundar Das complained to the police of the theft of this property from his land and on the 9th August 1922 the five Akalis concerned were arrested and sent for trial. They were convicted of theft and were sentenced to undergo six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine. On the 22nd August on the occasion of the monthly *amawas* fair a number of Akalis, apparently acting under instruction, cut down some more trees on the Mahant's land. A fresh complaint was made to the District authorities and a detachment of police was sent to Guru-ka-Bagh in order to protect the person and property to Mahant Sundar Das. Further damage and mischief continued to be committed on the 23rd and the 24th August by batches of Akalis who refused to desist or to leave the land of the Mahant and the police were forced to make a number of arrests on charges of riot, theft, and house tresspass. The total number of arrests made up to the 24th August amounted to 110. The number of Akalis at Guru-ka-Bagh was increased by others arriving from outside districts in response to appeals issued by the Parbandhak Committee An attack was made on a small body of the police on the afternoon of the 25th August and they were stoned by the Akalis. The attack was repelled and the rioters were dispersed. Simutaneously with the despatch of Akali *Jathas* (batches) to Guru-ka-Bagh meetings were arranged for in the morning and evening at the Akal Takht in Amritsar which were attended by the leaders of the Parbandhak Committee. At these meetings violent speeches were delivered inciting Sikhs to continue the lawless resistance to authority at Guru-ka-Bagh. The action of the Parbandhak Committee forced the district authorities to institute proceedings against the leading office-bearers and members of the Committee and on the 25th August Sardar Bahadur Mahtab Singh, the President, and 7 others were arrested on charges of abetment of unlawful assembly, riot, theft and criminal tresnass. A warrant was also issued against Kehr Singh of Patti in the Lahore district who personally led a *jatha* to Guru-ka-Bagh on the 25th. The latter gave himself up at Amritsar on the 27th August.

POLICE BEHAVIOUR.

The position at Guru-ka-Bagh remained unchanged on the 26th, 27th and 28th August the number of Akalis being three or four thousand. Efforts to squat on the Mahant's land continued and the trespassers had to be forcibly removed. The action of the police in this connection has been adversely criticised in the press and has been made the subject of exaggerated stories of wanton assalt and indefensible behaviour. The Punjab Government has no confirmation of these stories which emanate from the interested sources. The police have admittedly been compelled on several occasions to resort to force owing to the wilful provocation offered by the Akalis but there is no reason whatever to suppose that the amount of force used exceeded the necessities of the situation. In consequence of the continued influx of bands of Akalis into the Amritsar district which was becoming a source of embarrassment alike to the local public and the district authorities, police pickets have been placed upon the roads in order to turn back the parties as they arrive. Arrangements have also been made to turn back Jathas travelling to Amritsar by rail *en route* to Guru-ka-Bagh. Most of the bands so stopped obeyed the orders and turned back but on the 31st August a *jatha* from Tarn Tarn attempted to force their way through a police picket and had to be forcibly dispersed. The *Jatha* suffered 18 casualties none of which were believed to be serious. A force of cavalry was present on this occasion but was not called upon to assist the police. These measures have resulted in a large reduction of the Akalis at Guru-ka-Bagh and the number who remain there, is, according to the latest information well below a thousand. The villagers in the vicinity of Guru-ka-Bagh have taken no part in recent events or in the dispute between the Akalis and the Mahant.

GURDWARA QUESTION.

NEW BILL BEING DRAFTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The Punjab Government in a communique state:—Some months ago certain Akalis obtained possession of the Gurdwara of Gurukabagh near Ajnala but they did not obtain possession of the lands of the shrine. The lands were still held by the Mahant. Recently the Akalis cut trees on these lands. This was an offence against law and the offenders have been prosecuted. Some members of the Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee who are believed to have incited to the commission of the offence are also being prosecuted. It is necessary for the Government to prevent breaches of law and to punish offenders but the Government continues its efforts to provide a suitable legislation for solution of the Gurdwara question. A new bill is being drafted and will be sent to the Government of India for sanction.

AKALI JATHA COLLIDES WITH POLICE.

PEOPLE CHARGED WITH LATHIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AMRITSAR, Aug. 31.

A serious fracas took place this afternoon about 2 p.m. when an Akali Jatha, 200 strong, on their way to Gurukabagh collied with the police with the result that 19 Akalis were injured. At the first bridge on Ajnala Road the Deputy Commissioner accompanied by Mr. MacPherson, Superintendent of Police, and Mr. Mercer, Deputy Inspector General of Police, met the Jatha and asked them to disperse but it is stated that the Akalis disobeyed the order and kept straight on. It is also stated they made a rush and attempted to break through the police corden. In order to carry out the orders of the District Magistrate the police used their *lathies* and dispersed the Jatha many of whom fell on the ground and some 19 are reported to have received injuries. A half squadron of cavalry also came out but their services were not availed of. The Akalis were at once removed from the place by some lorries sent out presumbly by the Gurudwara Parbandhak Committee. The situation at Gurukabagh is reported as being exactly similar. The few batches that come forward are rapidly dispersed. Fresh Jathas are not allowed to reach the place though some of the Akalis manage to visit the place individually.

GARAGAJ JATHA DISPERSED BY POLICE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AMRITSAR, Aug. 31.

Situation at Gurukabagh remains unchanged. Garagaj Jatha was dispersed by the Police on Ajnala Road this afternoon.

DHOLERA MUNICIPALITY.

TEACHERS' ULTIMATUM.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

The Teachers of the Dholera Municipality have given notice of going on strike from the 5th instant as they have not received their pay for the last eight months.

LOOTING IN PEDDAPURAM AGENCY.

SITUATION BECOMING SERIOUS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 31.

The "Swarajya" published the following dated Peddapuram August 30th:—The situation in the Agency seems to be reaching a very acute stage. Besides three stations namely Chintapalli, Krishnadevapeta and Rai Vommanagi which were already looted, another police station, whose name is not known, is also reported to be looted. The exact course of the Agency band is not known definitely, and it is reported that the reserve police is not able to find the whereabouts of the gang. Yesterday the situation appeared to be much improving but to-day fresh reports show that the situation is becoming more and more serious. An important report received to-day states that the Agency band consists of thousands and not merely of hundreds and have been distributing themselves through the Agency tracts. Another serious report is that the insurgents are flying towards Jaipur Agency but it is not yet confirmed Almost all the important officers in the District are now in the Agency. An unusually big motor lorry consisting of officers and police rushed to the interior this morning.

THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAVIGATION AND NRADING CO.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It has been said in the interested quarters that the difference over the question as to who should preside at the thirteenth ordinary general meeting of the said Company was due to the non-cooperators seeking to throw out the cooperators. As a shareholder I should like to make this point clear and I hope you will find some space for the following.

Sir Gokuldas K. Parekh resigned his office as *Chairman* and *Director* in April 1922.

Under the legal interpretations of Article 92 of the Company's Articles of Association his resignation was *valid* and therefore *irrevocable*.

Under Article 101 his resignation created a vacancy which cannot be filled up except at the next Board's meeting after the annual general meeting.

Under these circumstances his right to preside at this general meeting which is being held on the 3rd instant is *extinct*.

As Sir Gokuldas has himself stated at the last meeting that he was not keen on presiding at the annual general meeting and as he has already circulated his speech among the members and as nothing else is left for him in the shape of an explanation to the shareholders, it follows that he will not impose himself as the chairman of the meeting while his right no longer exists. It is the sincere wish of shareholders to have an independent non-party man in the Chair at the meeting.—Yours, etc.,

S. D. JOGLEKAR, B.A., LL.B.,
A Shareholder.

Girgaum,
Sept. 1.

"TREATMENT OF PRISONERS."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The harrowing accounts of cruelties and barbarities, perpetrated on our unfortunate fellow-creatures—political as well as non-political prisoners—in some of the Indian jails, especially in the notorious Visapur jail, the Bastille of India have shocked every sane Indian. In spite of the protest of the whole nation the jail system in India remains the most primitive and barbarous. It would not be tolerated for a day in any civilised country. It is a system, which, instead of reforming a criminal, is calculated only to wreak revenge on human beings, crushing the last vestige of self-respect and honour in the hearts of the hapless persons once hurled into jail.

We have appealed to the Government, we have entreated the Government, we have done our best to pursuade the Government to put a stop to such barbarities in jails as cross-barring, flogging, solitary cells etc., but our entreaties have absolutely fallen on deaf ears.

Will the Moderates, the supporters of Government, who kicked up a terrible row when the Prime Minister of England gave them a few kicks in their fond hopes of obtaining a self-government without exertions, realise that they, as helpers and supporters of Government, have to answer directly or indirectly for each act of cruelty perpetrated on their fellow-creatures in the name of Law and Order?—Yours, etc.,

A. B. CHOTHIA.

"MR. JAYAKAR'S SPEECH."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I thank Mr. Jayakar for having given to the public at large what he sought to give only to a small gathering on the Girgaum Back Road. For my part, nothing could grieve me more than to find that I should have given offence to Mr. Jayakar and I am willing to beg his pardon through these columns.

Mr. Jayakar is a master of English and I ought not to presume to put my knowledge against him. At the same time I should say that even a conception is an opinion and, therefore, a misconception is also an opinion. Mr. Jayakar himself admits "Mr. Lele is entitled to have his own views." A speaker speaks and is at the mercy of his hearers in respect of interpretation or conception. In this connection, Mr. Jayakar will certainly compliment me for having given him an occasion to put his interpretation in black and white. I accept it in entirety in preference to mine.

Now Mr. Jayakar will allow me again to go to the views. This year's Ganpati festival is being strenuously used by the Pro-Council party to plead their cause even as the Tilak anniversary was used. The position that the Pro-Council party was only asking for changes of detail is later day tactics. *I must make it clear that I am now putting Mr. Jayakar out of my sight.* To ask for changes is quite a legitimate and reasonable attitude. Therefore it has been taken up only to conceal what would appear hoo-zenfaced if placed by itself. The speeches and articles delivered and published during the Tilak anniversary fortnight were turned to one key. The speeches and articles delivered and published after Mr. Lloyd George's speech are tuned to another key viz., this that Mr. Jayakar has used and which was declared legitimate by Pt. Motilal Nehru. This position (which Mr. Jayakar takes up and has taken up as a logical position) was selected by the group of politicians flourishing in Poona as clever tactics only. I do not wish to pursue this controversy. I only wish the humble followers of Mahatma to see through this move. I have again and again written—for whatever I am worth—that those who want to enter the Councils should by all means do so, but—for country's sake—stop creating bad blood. They have another piece of work to do which was to the liking of Lakamanya viz., Foreign Propaganda. The activities in America of Mr. B. P. Wadia emphasise the need of foreign propaganda.

The triple boycott is another ground of strategy. To have the sympathy and following of all lawyers and parties to proceedings in courts, the Pro-Council party is laying the greatest emphasis on the unity of the Triple boycott. That, I submit, is a gross misconception. That it is a gross misconception is known to those who are using it. They do not say "fourfold boycott" although Mahatma Gandhi has all along laid the greatest stress and spent the greatest amount of energy on the boycott of foreign cloth. Even the last message that he gave was "Khaddar." This boycott has succeeded so well, that there are quarrels about the credit for the success. This boycott has succeeded and, therefore, is not mentioned in the same breath with the boycott of Councils. The other two boycotts which failed to a considerable extent for reasons (which cannot be gone into because they will be damned as odious comparisons), are without any justification—connected inextricably with the boycott of Councils. All four boycotts are equally connected or disconnected with one another. The boycott of Councils has to be considered quite apart from the boycott of courts or of schools. The latter may be given up or relaxed and the former maintained precisely as—the pro-council party will willingly say—all the three boycotts may be given up and yet the boycott of foreign cloth should be maintained, nay tightened. It is a misleading move to jumble up the three boycotts whose only connection with one another is that they are items of one programme, although it may be clever tactics. To speak in legal phraseology, it is a bad suit owing to misjoinder of causes of action. This independence of one boycott against another has not been sufficiently brought out by the humble followers of the Mahatma some of whom, indeed, are playing in the hands of the Pro-Council party by jumbling them up themselves.

I cannot conclude this without again referring to the example of Mr. G. B. Trivedi who is at once a member of the Bombay Legislative Council and of the National Congress and without praying that those who want to go to the Councils should do so without creating dissensions.—Yours, etc.,

P. R. LELE.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
SIMLA, Aug. 31.

The non-official resolutions to be discussed in the Legislative Assembly on 14th September have been balloted. Of these no less than three raise the question of reduction in Provincial Contributions to the Central Exchequer. Two resolutions on the same subject were also balloted for the Assembly sitting on the 7th. The feeling on this question seems quite intense and the idea generally favoured in these resolutions is that two crores should be given up by the Central Government and relief be given to Madras, United Provinces and the Punjab. Bakshi Sohan Lal, who drew the first ballot will move his resolution about Provincial Contributions or if this is discussed previously he will urge retaliatory measures against other parts of the Empire where Indians are not fairly treated.

INDIAN TAXATION.

The second in priority is an important resolution by Mr. Ginwala, the chief whip of the Democratic Party but as he sent notice of it only three days ago it has not yet been formally admitted by the President. He wants a committee to examine the system of Indian taxation especially with reference to the taxable capacity of the people, suggets proposals which, while improving and increasing the sources of Indian revenue, may contribute towards a more equitable incidence of taxation. Mr. P. L. Misra comes next with a long resolution urging the establishment of Technical Schools alongside all railway workshops in India for the training of mechanical and technical Engineers from all races who fulfil the qualifications laid down for apprenticeship. Mr. M. Ranji's resolution will ask for a Royal Commission to re-examine the present allocation of revenue between central and provincial heads. Mr. Haji Wajiuddin will press for a committee to suggest remedies for stamping out corruption in Cantonement Administration.

REFORM OF HIGH COURT PERSONNEL.

The standing rules allow only five resolutions to be put on the agenda for one sitting but the President has power to extend the number of resolutions to be put on paper. Mr. Rangachariar has drawn ballot for his motion which can be moved only subject to the order of the President. He asks the Governor-General in Council to take necessary steps to get Section 101 of the Government of India Act amended, (A) so as to make it clear that the Chief Justice of a High Court must be such barrister, advocate or pleader of a High Court as is referred to in the Section and (B) also to provide that not less than three-fourths of the Judges of a High Court including the Chief Justice but excluding additional judges must be such barristers, advocates or pleaders. Only three days are allotted during the Simla session for resolutions. Of these ballot has been already held for two and in none of these cases has any member succeeded in drawing ballot for the resolution censuring Mr. Lloyd George's speech. The only chance left us is on 6th September when the final ballot for resolutions will be held. There is a movement on foot to ask Government to allot a separate day for the full discussion of the Premier's speech in view of the intensity of feeling among the members of the House.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

Improvement in the European situation accounted for a sharp rise in Howrah and Clives. Soon after the opening to-day, dealings in Howrahs began at 45/8 but within a few minutes they had touched Rs. 45. Subsequently there was heavy buying and at 5 P.M. the shares were changing hands at Rs. 46/8. Clives were dealt in on a smaller scale than Howrahs but price moved up in sympathy sreavier. Jutes stocks were dull but prices generally showed no change. Very strong inquiry for Centuries pushed price up to Rs. 10/10. Waverleys were asked for but sellers did not put in an appearance. Dunbars and Kescrams were scarcely dealt in quotation being unchanged. Small lots of Bengal Nagpurs had buyers at 470. New Victoria were on offer but no business was reported with the single exception of Kalapaharis. There were no inquiry for coal shares and this section of the market continues dull and neglected. Industrials were quite with the Bengal Potteries almost the only good feature. The Imperial Banks may be quoted unchanged. The following were closing quotations:—

Bank:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1347, Calcutta Industrial Bank 6/8 disc.

Railways:—Bengal Provincial Railway 1/14, Mayurbhanj Railway 37, Tezpore Baliapara Tram 64.

Cotton:—Dunbar 390, Dunbar pref 199, Kesoram 12/12.

Jute:—Alliance 530, Auckland 202, Barnagore 121, Birla 5/6, Century 10/12, Clive 37, Craig 7/14, Howrah 46/8, Kanknarrah 470, Lawrence 465, Northbrook 58/8, Reliance 49.

Coal:—Century 3/8.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Potteries 6/4, Burma and Co ordinary 275 Hume Pipe and Concrete Constructions 2/4, Russa Engineering 44/8, Bandman Varieties 15, British India Corporations ordinary 8/8, Burma Finance and Mining 2/14, Indo Burma Tin 3/6, Purnea Rice 6/12, Spences Hotels 13, Calcutta Landing and Shipping 7, Gourepore Jute 82.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer one shilling three and seventeen thirtytwo pence and demand bills one shilling three and nine sixteenth pence.

MUSLIM PRAYER DAY.

FIXED SEPT. 9TH.

Mr. A. H. S. Khatri writes from the Central Khilafat Office—

In order to offer prayers for victory of His Excellency Ghazi Mustafa Kamal Pasha and Mujahidin of Angora Friday 15th. Moharram corresponding to September 8th is fixed as the prayer day. All the Khilafat Committees and Mussalmans of India are requested to arrange prayers in their mosques and in congregations on the above date at night at 9 p.m. (Railway Time) throughout India. At the instance of H. E. Djelaluddin Arif Bey, Rome and with the consent of the leading Ulema and leaders of India Seth Chotani, President of the Central Khilafat Committee has fixed the above date and time in order to observe harmony of time throughout the country. His Excellency suggests the prayers in India and the Islamic world should be offered at one and the same time, hence it is requested that in all parts of India the harmony of time may be strictly observed. Other Islamic countries have, also, been informed accordingly.

All national newspapers of India are requested to continue appealing to the public regularly in their columns till the prayer day.

FIRE AT BHENDY BAZAAR.

A CORRECTION.

Mr. Dullabhdas A. Malaviya, Vakil, High Court, writes:—My client Mr. Panachand Odhavji has drawn my attention to the publication in respect of Fire at Bhendi Bazaar appearing in your paper of the 30th August 1922. From the said publication I find that the shop wherein the fire broke out belonged to one Punamchand Udharchand. This publication, I understand from my client, is wrong as regards the owner of the shop and has caused the people to draw a good many unfavourable inferences prejudicial to my client to a degree, e.g., that my client has mortgaged his shop, that my client has made an ostensible transfer of the shop with a view to defraud his creditors etc., etc.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Rainfall in Amroha has been very excessive and has resulted in great distress by the falling of a large number of houses.

* * * *

The Standing Emigration Committee are examining at Simla the members of the Ceylon Deputation. The evidence of Malaya Deputation will be taken up probably on Saturday. (A. P.)

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In a letter to the Railway Board with regard to future management of Indian Railways the Committee of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce express themselves in favour of State management.

* * * *

The great rise in the river Ganges which has beaten all previous records during the last thirty years has led to heavy inundation of vast tracts of the country on the Unao side. Many villages on both the sides of the railway line to Unao are under water and hundreds of hamlets have been washed away. (A. P.)

* * * *

H. E. the Governor of Madras has disallowed Dr. U. Ramarao's resolution to the local Legislative Council recommending to the Governor-in-Council that a Committee of the Council be appointed to assist the Governor in making recommendations for the conferring of titles and honours to deserving public men in this Presidency before their names are submitted to the Government of India.

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A Madras message of September 1. states in the matter of Mrs De La Hay's claim against Kumara Zemindar of Singampatti a settlement has been effected to-day and the same has been mentioned to the Chief Justice. Kumara Zeminder undertakes to pay Mrs De La Hay and the child Rs. 60,000 by way of compensation for her husband's death and Mrs De La Hay withdraws the suit against the Zemindar.

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A Calcutta message of September 1st states:—

It is understood that the Governor-in-Council has appointed a Committee with the Hon. Mr. P. C. Mitter as President for preliminary examination of the possibility of levying a system of death duties. The Committee will examine the most suitable way of imposing an estate duty on the value or property passing to the inheritors after the death of the owner, and, also the form of legislation and administrative machinery required for it.

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The seven Duplex Wireless Telephone sets recently ordered by the Madras Government for installation in the disturbed area in Malabar have just arrived in Bombay by the S.S. "Malwa". The Indian States and Eastern Agency, who are the sole agents in India for Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. are at once starting on the work of erection of these stations under the personal supervision of their technical expert Major B.S. Benning. It will also be interesting to note that the same steamer has brought four wireless telephone sets for the Gwalior State which will, also, be shortly erected under the same expert supervision.

FERGUSSEN COLLEGE TILAK BUST.

A meeting of the members of the Executive Committee of the Deccan Education Society's Institutions' Lok. Tilak Memorial Fund will be held on 9th September 1922 at 9-30 a.m. in Poona at 340, Sadashiv Peth.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE AND CINEMA.

THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.—"The Admirable Crichton," played by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society, is being continued during the week-end. There will be a performance at 9-30 p.m. to-night, and also a matinee to-morrow evening.

On Monday night commences a week of variety entertainment provided by "The Will o' the Wisps." As a company "The Will o' the Wisps" are new to Bombay, but most of the artistes have already appeared in various Bandman producetion, and are already firm favourites in the city.

"The Will o' the Wisps" are a party of excellent entertainers, and may be relied upon to give a thoroughly enjoyable evening's pleasure.

They have, in Mr. Marry Reynolds, a baritone of quite unusual merit, possessing a voice of tremendous volume and power, which is employed with fine dramatic effect. Next in merit, though in a very different style, is Mr. Jack Crihton, the humourist of the party. He reminds one of Mr. H. M. Bateman's amusing caricatures of a suburbanite on the spree, and by his comical facial expressions alone, he has the great gift of keeping an audience in roars of laughter.

Mr. Eric Masters has some new and tuneful songs, and he is at his best when making love to the ladies, of whom there are four, sprightly in dance, melodious in song and very prettily garbed. They include Miss Eileen Yates, Miss Edna Raymonde, Miss Gina George and Miss Beryl Lucina who is the expert dancer of the party. M.. David Keir does all the hard work at the pians.

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THE EXCELSIOR PICTURES.— During the week the usual picture programme will be shown in the evenings at the Excelsior Theatre. The principle feature is a fine eight part drama starring Gaby Deslys. It is entitled "The God of Luck" and deals in a fascinating way with the vagaries of that deity which is regarded as having such a great deal to do with the lives of most of us. A little mascot, which has been presented to a business man, brings the reverse of good luck to himself and his friend. The strange train of events which follow, form the material for an excellent story.

* * * *

THE EMPIRE THEATRE.— A moving story of a father's devotion to his son, forms the chief attraction of the picture programme presented at the Empire Theatre this week. John Conroy's wife runs away wih another man, taking with her their infant son. Heartbroken, Conroy loses his identity and becomes a nameless tramp. Years afterwards, he learns that his son, now grown to manhood, is being forced into a loveless marriage by his ambitious step-father. All unknown, the tramp goes to the aid of the boy, and around his efforts to help his son, is woven a dramatic series of adventures. Included in the usual topical pictures is an excellent comedy film entiled "Rough Seas" by Hal Roach..

Commencing on September 9, there will be shown at the Empire for a week, a daily change of pictures, when some magnificent dramatic, historical and humorous films will be screened.

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THE EMPRESS THEATRE.—During the coming week patrons of the Empress Theatre will have an opportunity of seeing the splendid comedy film "Vecks Bad Boy" featuring little Jackie Coogan who made such a tremendous hit in "The Kid". All who have seen this clever youngster will certainly want to see him as the bad boy of the village, in a series of diverting pranks. A fine film depicting that intrepid hunter, Major Jack Allen, in a number of thrilling and sensational wild animal captures, entiled "Roping the Black Panther" will also be screened together with the usual topical films.

* * * *

WEST END CINEMA— "The most amazing situation ever screened," is what a critic has said of the principal love scene in "Tracked to Earth," Frank Mayo's newest Universal release coming to the West End Cinema this week. Mayo's impersonates a supposed horse thief, who hiding, is buried up to his ears in sand. A humbleweed covers his handsome face. A girl of a nearby ranch comes along and her dog digs furiously at the tumbleweed and the defenseless nose under it. It is an easy guess what happens.

"THE ADMIRABLE CRICHTON."

The success which attended the first performance of the "Admirable Crichton" by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club at the Excelsior Theatre on the Thursday night is certain to result in heavy booking and attendances over the week-end. A Barrie play is a rare theat for Bombay. The "Admirable Crichton" is one of his best, and as presented by the A. D. C. it is an enjoyable night's entertainment The play goes with a swing all through, and after the initial stiffness has worn off—and there was very little of it to wear off—the performance bids fair to rank even higher than many of the best plays produced by professional artists in the city. "The Admirable Crichton" will be given to-night, and there will be a matinee performance to-morrow evening.

BILL CLERKS' ASSOCIATION.

SECOND ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING.

The second annual social gathering of the Bill Clerks' Association was held on Sunday the 27th ultimo at the Mardady Vidyalaya Hall under the presidentship of Mr. T. G. S. Little, senior member of the firm of Messrs. Craford Bayley and Company, Solititors.

The Secretary read the report for the year 1921-1922. The main items of the work of the Association during the year were the fixing of a scale of charges for some of the items in attorneys' costs which were not fixed before and the appointment of a board to settle disputes between bill clerks on the settlement of bills.

After the Report was read some of the members present addressed the meeting. While so doing, they criticised the resolution of the Law Society fettering the liberty of the clerks to seek employment elsewhere. They said their attempts to get the resolution modified or annulled had proved of no avail as the Law Society had taken up ather an unsympathetic and defiant attitude.

The Hon. Secretary then addressed the meeting at some length. A member of the Association spoke on the scheme of co-partnership as has been adopted in a firm in England. Other members spoke on the question of a share in the profit calculated on the basis of efficiency and the clerk's probable contribution thereto.

Mr. Little in concluding the proceedings of the Association said that he was grateful that he should have been invited to preside at the deliberations of the 2nd Annual Social Gathering of the Association. He emphasised that the Bill Depatment was one of the most important Departments in a Solicitors' Office. The bill clerks' profession was a learned profession and required thorough knowledge of the practice and procedure of the High Court as the bill clerks has to study all the papers and proceedings that were sent out for costs. He said that there should be complete co-operation between Solicitor and Bill clerks, and further remarked that the work done by the Association during the last two years was satisfactory and he wished every success to the Association.

At the conclusion an interesting drama was performed by an amateur club, and after partaking of refreshments, and a vote of thanks to the Chair, the members dispersed.

TURKISH NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

KEMAL PASHA'S SPEECH AT THIRD ANNIVERSARY.

NEED OF ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE.

(TRANSLATED FROM FRENCH BY K. K. ATHAVALE.)

(Concluded from yesterday's issue.)

One of the principal functions of Government is to maintain the sovereignty of law and to dispense, justice suitably. A good administration of justice is the first need of every nation. Therefore I believe it is my duty to enter into detailed explanations regarding the judicial policy of the Government. It imports in the first place to dispense justice rapidly, impartially surely, and in a manner causing the least possible inconvenience to the population. Then, our national collectivity finding itself by the very force of circumstances, in contact with the east of the world, it becomes incumbent on us to raise the level of our justice to the same height as that of the most civilized country. To arrive at this result we have taken in hand the work of reforming our laws and of renovating and vivifying them. We are succeeding well enough in carrying on this task. While working we have taken in our best consideration the great extent of the country, the inadequacy of the means of rapid communications and the particularities of social life which exist in certain parts of the Empire, gentlemen, modern progress expands, multiplies, and transforms indefinitely the civil needs of the nations. Social collectivities existing in the form of regularly constituted states have endowed themselves with legal assizes consonant with the degree of their civilization, that is to say, the civil rights which they possess correspond to the needs which have sprang up in their bosoms. Civil legislations in all civilized states resemble each other in great part. Amongst us the idea of justice and the mentality which gives it birth are in no way inferior to those of any civilized race. History in hand we could even assume a certain degree of superiority in this regard. Consequently, there would be the anomaly of our legal assizes being lame and inadequate compared with those of other countries. Here a political consideration comes into play; in the conception we have formed of our independence, naturally enters the idea of our judicial sovereignty. It follows, therefore, that we would permit no one to intermeddle in our right to dispense justice ourselves in our country, a right which is inseparable from the notion of an independent state. (*Prolonged applause*). Our existing civil code is the *Medjelle*. This code was edited nearly fifty years ago by a Commission presided over by the late Djevdet Pasha. The principle which guides us in our judicial policy is no other than the precept of Mussalman jurisprudence which has served as inspiration to the *Medjelle*, that is "changes of time bear with them changes of dispositions. Penetrated by the spirit of this precept, our Minister of Justice has recognised the necessity of completing and reinforcing the *Medjelle* by some supplementary dispositions intended to answer the modern needs of the people, which that code was not able to foresee. A bill is in preparation for the constitution of a Commission composed of specialists which will thresh out this question. Among other important works undertaken by the Ministry of Justice in this order of ideas, I must mention those which bear on the question of instituting special judges in nine-tenths of the country; the assimilation of the laws and rules of procedure regulating this institution to those of the justices of peace, and that for the promptor dispensation of justice; also with the same object, the creation of ten judicial inspectorates; suppression of the unnecessary formalities of accusation; and the creation of a branch of medical jurisprudence. Equally under consideration at the Ministry of justice are: the reform of the correctional procedure; the compilation of a code of judicial rules answering to the natural and social needs of certain regions where the population lives in a nomad state; and the reform of penitentiary establishments. But what is paramount in the administration of justice is the existence of a corps of magistrates and judicial officers fit to discharge their exalted functions. It is of particular satisfaction to me to state here that the Minister of Justice has obtained the consent of the Assembly for the establishment of a faculty of law which will eventually become the nursery of a new contingent of judges endowed with the same high qualifications which our existing judges possess. The necessary credits for the creation of this institution have been introduced in the budget of 1338. All these reforms, some of which have been already carried out, and the others are on the point of being taken in hand, will make of our judicial organisation an edifice, of which the entire world will be obliged to acknowledge the symmetry and good order.

ECONOMIC POLICY.

I now come to the Economic policy of the Government, which, after its judicial policy, is the one which is most concerned with the existence of the nation. But before entering into the subject, allow me to put to you—to you and to all the world—a question, and its answer will throw light on my point of view. Who is the real proprietor and master of Turkey? (*Cries of—the peasant*). We have all together made the same reply. Yes, gentlemen, the real proprietor of Turkey, her master, is the true producer of the country, i.e. the peasant. (*Prolonged applause*). Under these conditions, the peasant, more than all the rest, has the right to well-being, abundance, and happiness. It is he who is the most deserving of these blessings. (*Fresh applause*). Very well, the essential policy of the Government and of the Grand Assembly tends to realise this state. Gentlemen, I can say with truth that the only cause of the calamities and miseries of the present hour is the fact that we have ignored this truth in the past.

Tounaly Hilmi Bey (member for Bolou)—I thank heaven for having heard these words.

Mustafa Kemal Pasha.—In fact, since seven centuries we have been snatching our peasants from their homesteads, and sending them on distant expeditions to all the parts of the world in the soldier's uniform to shed their blood without counting and to leave their bones to dry in foreign lands. For seven centuries we have been despoiling them of the fruits of their labour, and dissipating them ourselves elsewhere. And in return we have heaped on them outrages and humiliations, oblivious of the benefits which they have showered on us, of the sacrifices they have made for us with so much resignation, we have treated them with insolence, we have oppressed them, and we have desired to make them our valets: black ingratitude, I call it! Gentlemen, let us at last learn to recognise our faults, and let us incline our heads before this class with respect and contrition.

Tounaly Hilmi Bey: Long live the Pasha! and long live the spirit which is impelling him to speak!

Mustafa Kemal Pasha:—Gentlemen, we are a nation of agriculturists. We should, therefore, seek, by the adoption of modern economic measures, to make the agricultural efforts of the nation get its utmost return. The basis of our agricultural policy is to push to intensity the work of the peasant, especially in his own interest. He should be the first to draw a substantial profit from his increased efforts. Therefore what is necessary for us to do is to complete and to generalise all knowledge, all information, concerning agriculture, to perfect the implements and appliances of the peasant in order to enable him to work the better, and, on the other hand, to devise measures which will guarantee to him the full benefit of his effort.

The absence of modern means of communication is in great part responsible for the present lamentable situation. We must remedy this state. Equally, also, we must suppress all obstacles to the prosperity of our peasant—for instance, certain false principles of exchange which have operated most against the producer: as well as a legislation not very fit to protect him. In this respect, I specially invite your attention to the tragedy of the "capitulations," to-day happily abolished, which did not permit our agricultural products to be protected against similar products from abroad, which explains in great part the economic misery to which the nation finds herself condemned to-day. You are not ignorant of the bad conditions wherein the country is placed from the point of view of its surroundings and of its economic organisations. You know also that amongst us individual economic values had not reached a degree of development permitting them to resist successfully in the contest. The era of the pretended free exchange inaugurated by the *Tanzimat* has ended by rivetting on our legs the fetters of the economic capitulations, when already our production by itself was incapable of defending itself against foreign competition. Much stronger than ourselves in regard to their economic organisation and the reward of the individual worker, foreigners found themselves enjoying on the market-place, a privileged situation. They did not pay for their license, and they had the upper-hand over our customs; at the moment which suited them they introduced in our country merchandises which it pleased them to dump on us, and under conditions fixed by themselves By the favour of such arbitrary and artificial circumstances they had reached a position completely dominating all our economic activities. In truth, the competition they made with us was very disloyal and oppressive. (*Cries of "curse them!"*) In this way our rivals managed to extinguish the very sources of our development. There is nothing including our agriculture against which they have not made fatal onslaughts. They have deliberately ploughed through our economic and financial blossomings. Gentlemen, for Turkey, whose fight has no other object than the assurance of a free and independent existence to the nation, the capitulations are no more in existence, and could no longer exist. (*Prolonged applause.*)

Among the measures to be adopted for directing our economic activity into the paths of progress, we must take such steps as would put new life into the very sources of our agriculture, by arming with modern appliances that primal industry which we ourselves have helped Europe to kill by our complete neglect. (*Cries of: As God wills!*) In this category of ideas, we must not forget the sylvan wealth of our forests, which bears so close and intimate a relation to our agriculture, and which we must husband, keep up well, and develop so as to enable us to draw the maximum of direct and indirect profit.

One of the fundamental principles of our economic policy is to nationalise such of our institutions and economic enterprises as are in direct relation with the public interest. Obviously this could be done only within the limits of our financial capacity. It is only in this way that we could, for instance, rapidly put in exploitation the mining treasures which here remained hidden beneath our soil, and keep the open ports for the direct profit of the nation. However, it is natural that in a simple aim of economic advantage, we should accord all facilities to the capitalists seeking to invest their money in our mining enterprises, our public works, and the rest. But it is equally natural for us to require such capital to submit to our laws.

The economic foundations of our country are undoubtedly embedded in agriculture and its derivatives. Nevertheless, we will not the less occupy ourselves in reviving and protesting the industries existing in our country from times immemorial. The textile industry takes the first rank and the next step is to create new ones in specified places. The action of our ministry of National Economy is moving since a year in this direction. I could cite, for example, the law relating to the workmen of Zangouldak designed to assure the welfare of the workers, the law according facilities to enterprises of transport by automobiles and motor-lorries, the regulation prompted by the idea of helping the families of soldiers on active campaign to undertake for them the continuation of agricultural labour and toil, the distribution of seeds among needy places, the distribution at moderate prices of agricultural implements to the cultivators by the intermediary of Agricultural banks and the importation on a grand scale of fresh supplies of similar implements, and the establishment of protective laws in favour of our national products. All this policy based on a methodical plan and tending to engage our economic activity in the sane paths as I have happened to explain, will be the object of the greatest attention of our Government.

PUBLIC WORKS.

The question of the public works occupies a great place in our pre-occupations. In fact, the economic activity of a country bears a direct relation to the degree of development of its means of communication and of transport, its roads, railways, and ports, etc.

Since I have broached this subject, I will at once say that in what concerns the extension of our public works, and relative installations and their maintenance, our ambitions must not overrun our local and general resources. On the other hand, we must carefully set down our needs and always give preference to the most urgent ones. For the great enterprises requiring the employment of considerable capital, beyond the capacity of our ministry of Finance, we will be compelled to address ourselves to foreign capital. And the case occurring we should equally resort to the technical competence of the foreigners. We should even profit in the greatest possible measure from the disposabilities of this nature which seek a placement amongst us. It is only at such a price that the prosperity and the well-being of the nation could be rapidly assured. Of course, we must not fail to take into consideration the general interest of the producers and the workers at the same time.

The activity of our Ministry of Public Works in the course of the year has given most appreciable results considering that it has been maintained within the limits imposed by its necessarily restricted means. Thus our existing railway lines have been worked with success in the sense that they have not ceased to play an important role in the transport of troops and war material. Portions of the railroad destroyed by the enemy during military operations have been repaired, and even the technical workshops have been remounted. The principal tunnels of the Angora-Sivas line have been completed. The lay-out of this line in the vicinity of two tunnels which had remained unfinished has been modified and the line extended. Considerable work has been done and installations mounted to complete the Erzeroom-Erzindjan line and to build a branch line, viz;—Kukurthy-Kenmur-Maadeni. The preliminary works in connection with the Samsoon-Havza line have been finished, as well as the preliminary survey for the Erzeroum-Sivas line and the line Kotchhissar (Vilayet of Castamouni)—Tossia-Shamandjik-Amassia-Erbaa-Nikhissar-Kilkit-Erzindjan. Several causeways have been repaired. Gentlemen, it should be recognised that however incomplete, the work accomplished by the Ministry of Public Works, is nevertheless represents in the present circumstances an effort for which the nation should express its satisfaction.

POLICE PARTY ATTACKED.

VILLAGERS FIRED ON.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

The Publicity Officer, Bengal, has issued the following communique:—A telegraphic intimation has been received by the Government of Bengal to the effect that a party of eight armed police of Bakarganj District while assisting in execution of a civil court decree in a village, Seikmatia, police station Nazirpur, on the 25th August was attacked by 150 villagers armed with spears, *lejas, lathis and ramdaos*. Nine rounds of buckshot were fired by police, killing two persons and wounding five. Some of the police were slightly injured. The subdivisional officer is enquiring into the case.

SWAMI SATYADEVA ON TOUR

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MOTIHARI, Aug. 30.

Swami Satyadeva arrived at Motihari on the 25th Aug. and delivered a number of lectures on the present political situation. He exhorted the audience to understand the ideal and work out the constructive programme patiently. Speaking on education, the Swami said that true education was that which infused in the people courage and manliness. His religion, he said was Nationalism and he wanted everyone to love his country more than his ife. He addressed a *purdah* meeting on the 29th and a Khilafat meeting in the same day. He left Motihari for Dharia on the 30th.

REPRESSION IN U. P.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 30.

Mohammad Aktarali of Aligarh was sentenced on the 28th to one year's rigorous imprisonment under Sec. 124A. It is reported from Achnara tahsil in Agra District, that a man distributing notices about *khadi* was arrested. One boy who was selling portraits of the leaders is reported to have been arrested.

Strike at the Madras High Court Press has ended and men have resumed work. (A. P.)

"Young India" suggests the boycott of the Imperial Exhibition to be held in London in 1924 while Mr. Gandhi is imprisoned with thousands of other Indians. (A.P.)

The United Provinces Liberal Conference has been fixed for 26th and 27th September and Pandit Gokarnath Misra, Advocate, M. L. C., has been elected President of the Conference. (A. P.)

CONGRESS PROPAGANDA IN DECCAN.

POPULARITY OF KHADDAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SHOLAPUR, Sept. 1.

It was certainly high time that a detailed investigation should be made about the condition of Deccan politics. The "Kesari" and its weekly gramophone the "Mahratta" have been latterly busy telling the public that Non-cooperation is practically dead. With the satirical vigour which the Mahratta politician loves, the "Kesari" in its weekly tirade against Mahatma Gandhi's policy tries to make out that the only road to political heaven lies now in entering the Council. It is very lukewarm in its appreciation of the splendid efforts in the direction of national education that the masses in Maharashtra are putting up. It derides the Khaddar agitation as practically a mission of misery and it denounces the Gandhi ideal as visionary and impracticable. What are the facts? At Kurduwadi, a small town of five thousand souls, which is destined to expand into a big railway centre, the greatest enthusiasm prevailed when Mr. L. G. Khare, who has undertaken a tour in the Deccan to preach the gospel of unity as against dissiparous tendencies, arrived there on the evening of the 31st August from Bombay. The officials of the Congress organisation welcomed him and he was requested to inspect the Shud Khaddar Bhandar, Businessmen, agriculturists and railway servants had assembled at the house of a prominent merchant in the town, Mr. Wamanrao Sadekar and an exchange of views took place. Through the deflection of the "Kesari" other parts of India than the Deccan are likely to believe that the Mahratta dislikes Khaddar. An astonishing proof to the contrary is the record of sales and produce of Khaddar kept at the Khaddar Bhandar. The energy and organising capacity of Mr. Sumant, who has already been His Majesty's guest twice for his political views, are responsible for the success of this unique Khaddar selling emporium town of only five thousand souls. Mr. Khare was surprised to notice that even during the late evening villagers from ten miles away came to the shop and demanded Khaddar. The quality of the article is extremely good, the local spinners and weavers taking a special pride in doing what they call Gandhi work. The Khaddar is cheap and durable as one of the villagers told Mr. Khare with genuine delight, "I am but a poor labourer who carries heavy gunny bags on the back, but this Khaddar sadar (shirt) has lasted me a year and I can afford another because it is so cheap." The middleman and the commission agent who inflate prices have not yet descended upon Kurduwadi and there is far more demand than supply. There is a bitter complaint, however, that not enough cotton can be secured for distribution to the spinners. The local Congress secretary demands Rs. 60,000 of Mr. Bajaj for supplying cotton. During the last year, 25,000 yards of Khaddar was produced, fetching a price of about Rs. 12,000 and the capital invested was only Rs. 2,065. There are seven hundred Charkhas working and the demand for them, particularly for a simple variety, goes, on pressing its claims on the Congress officials.

Mr. Khare's lectured on the present situation to an audience of about four hundred, before the Ganpati mandal of the G. I. P. Union. The lecture was attended by a railway fauzdar and some other officers and the audience regretted it very much that Mr. Khare was hurried away at 8 p.m. to another engagement.

The officials from Barsi and Pandharpur had come to interview him on behalf of their local Congress organisations and a monster meeting is to take place at Pandharpur on the third. Mr. Khare left for Sholapur by the Madras Mail on the 1st morning after a hearty send off, the railway officials gathering up courage to join in it.

INTERVIEW WIT OF. BHANSALI.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to your headlines "Messrs. Dayalji and Bhansali interviewed", "No complaints to make" (Associated Press) in your to-day's issue, I bring before you the following facts with a request to publish the same in your next issue as the public are sure to be misled by your report so far as my brother Mr. Bhansali is concerned.

I had been to see my brother Mr. Bhansali with my family in the Sabarmati Jail on Saturday last. I had written three letters to the Superintendent and only the third one was replied to. My brother was brought before us in the Superintendent's office. He was given a stool to sit on. He looked quite cheerful and happy. He had been sentenced for one year (rigorous) and a fine of Rs. 500 or, in default, six months more. On being asked I was informed that he was on the "chakki" for the first month and had to grind 30 lbs daily. He is reduced by nearly 15 lbs. He was, till my interview, in the hospital—because he himself is ill and not merely because he was attending Mr. Savarkar. As regards complaints against the authorities, he said he would not like to make any. The authorities, specially the Superintendent Mr. Waccha, were very kind to me. Though we were allowed hardly fifteen minutes for the interview, we all were very happy in seeing my brother who appeared to be quite cheerful. Though I had no desire to publish the interview I could not help requesting you to publish the same on account of the above report in your to-day's issue.

Thanking you in anticipation.—Yours, etc.

VIJAYSEN.

100 Cowasji Patel Street,
Fort, Sept. 1.

GUJERAT VIDYAPITH

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Gujerat has decided to celebrate the coming Birthday of Mahatma Gandhi on 2-10-22, by collecting the necessary amount of funds to meet the immediate needs of the Gujerat Vidyapith, of which he is the *first Chancellor*

The Gujerat Vidyapith seeks to realise Indian Ideals in Education. The medium of instruction and Examination is the Vernacular throughout, and considerable progress has been made in this direction even in the Collegiate Department. Every student has to learn Hindi and Urdu, Provision has been made for the study of Ancient Indian Culture, as well as Modern European thought A School of Modern Indian languages has been started to keep Gujerat in touch with the life and literature of other Indian Provinces. Indian Music and Art have their proper place in the University. The institution has got two well-equipped Libraries, one of which is fitted up specially for Oriental Research. A large number of feeder institutions affiliated to this National University help to carry the new Ideals throughout the Province of Gujerat. One of these affiliated institutions, viz., the Proprietary High School of Ahmedabad is the biggest High School in the whole of the British Empire. There are 2,200 boys in this high school alone.

The Gujerat Vidyapith with its Headquarters at Ahmedabad is the fountain head of all these Institutions. This infant Institution has made wonderful progress during the short period of a year and a half. It is now badly in need of money as it has no funds at present.

The Gujerat Mahavidyalaya and its student's Hostels are at present accommodated in 10 hired Bungalows scattered over an area of about a mile and a half. Out of 250 students studying in the Mahavidyalaya, 150 require Residential accommodation. It is not possible to create a healthy communal and National atmosphere unless there is Hostel accommodation to keep all the students at one place. For want of space the students are not in a position to make the best use of the valuable Libraries which contain books of the value of thousands of rupees. At present these Libraries are also located in hired Bunglows, which are not at all suited for the purpose.

Gujerat loves Mahatmaji for the high ideals, he stands for. It loves him for his supreme sacrifice for the Country's Cause. Will Gujerat and Gujeratis residing outside Gujerat, show their practical appreciation of his ideals by liberally subscribing to the maintainence and the development of the National Institution of which he was the *Founder?*

VALLABHBHAI J. PATEL.
President.
Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee.

FALSE KHADDAR PALMED OFF AS GENU NE.

TRADE TACTICS.

More than one complaint having reached us that a promiscuous attempt is being made by a firm of cloth merchants in Girgaum to palm off mill-made or semi-mill made cloth as "Shuddh Khadi" or pure Khaddar, a representative of this journal was deputed to make enquiries in the matter and as a result the following facts have been elicited. The merchants in question, who style themselves as Mahindrakar Brothers and who have their shops in Kshatriya Building, opposite the Portuguese Church, Girgaum, have put up a large sign-board whereon they state in bold letters that they are offering "only for the sake of Swaraj" and "for the sake of Mahatma Gandhi," a "Shudda Khadi" coat called the Gandhi Coat" worth rupees five for rupees two and annas twelve only. The firm has advertised in the local Press to the same effect with the consequence they are reported to be doing quite brisk business in these coats. Our representative who called at the firm and who, being shown the so-called Gandhi coat, saw atonce that it could not be "pure Khaddar," whatever else it was. Asked the proprietor of the shop if the stuff he was selling was "Khaddar" and had no mill-yarn in it. In reply the latter admitted there was mill-yarn in it. "Why then are you advertising it as "Suddh Khadi Coat" asked our representative, to which the shopkeeper could only return an evasive answer. Asked where the cloth came from, he stated that it was "from Sholapur, Warrangal," but it was apparent that he was unwilling to disclose the exact source. In any case the cloth is certainly not pure Khaddar, and the public should be warned against being victimised by descriptions of the above type into patronising the "Gandhi Coat." In this connection we have to mention also the lamentable fact that some Indian merchants are engaged in importing Japanese mill-made khadi, on which a trade mark containihg the pictures of Mahatma Gandhi and Charka figures. We are making enquiries in the matter and hope ere long to be able to throw more light on the tactics of these merchants. The lesson of this is this: Let every patriotic Indian who wishes to don khaddar buy only such cloth as is either spun and woven by himself or those known to him or is certified to be genuine khaddar by any of the Congress Committees.

In reply to a representation by the Madras Landholders Association to the Chairman of the Joint Parliamentary Committee on Indian affairs dated July 4th 1922 on the question of financial contribution of Madras Presidency to the Government of India, the Association has just received a communication from the Secretary of the Joint Committee stating that the question is receiving Committee's consideration. (A.P.)

Free Life Readings

To All Who Write at Once

The well-known European Astrologer, Professor Roxroy, has once more decided to favour the people of this country with Free Test Readings of their lives from his office in Holland.

Prof. Roxroy's fame is so well-known in this country that he hardly needs an introduction from us. His power to read the lives of people, no matter at what distance they may be is described as simply marvellous.

In August 1913 he clearly predicted the Great War, and informed all his clients that "a bereavement in Europe in Royal circles will affect most of the Crowned heads Even Astrologers of various nationalities and reputation all over the world acknowledge him to be these master, and follow in his footsteps. He tells you what you are capable of, and how you can be successful. He mentions your friends and enemies, and describes the good and bad periods in your life. His description as to past, present and future events will astonish and help you.

Baroness Blanquet, one of the most talented ladies of Paris, says:

"I thank you for my Complete Life Reading, which is really of extraordinary accuracy. I had already consulted several Astrologers, but never before have I been answered with so much truth, or received such complete satisfaction. With sincere pleasure I will recommend you and make your marvellous science known to my friends and acquaintances."

If you want to take advantage of this special offer and obtain a review of your life, mention the name of this paper and get a Trial Reading free. Money not necessary. Simply send your full name and address (written by yourself) the date, month, year and place of your birth, and state whether Mr. Mrs. or Miss.

If you wish you may enclose 8 annas (In stamps of your own country) to pay postage and clerical work. Do not enclose coins in your letter. Send your letter to ROXROY, Dept. 1001 D. No. 42, Emmastraar. The Hague, Holland. Postage to Holland 3 annas.

MULSHI SATYAGRAHA.

A POONA MEETING.

A correspondent writes from Poona:—

A public meeting was held at Raoji Market on the 28th August under the presidentship of Wasted Gulam Dastagir Saheb to exhort the people to join the Mulshi Satyagraha campaign for the sake of their Mawala brothern. A pathetic poem was recited by Mr. Patwardhan and his partner. Mr. Karandikar, Dr. Palsoole, Mr. Deo and others were among the speakers. Mr. Karandikar criticised the last Government Communique with regard to Mulshi Pethas Mawalas and graphically pointed out its invalidity and the cunning intention lurking behind it.

Dr. Palsoole said money was thrown in the homes of Mawalas by the compensation officer with a view to show that the Mawalas accepted the compensation and gave their lands and homes voluntarily.

Mr. Deo said he was going for the 3rd time to Mulshi for Satyagraha and was ready to sacrifice himself for the sake of the Mawalas and that in doing so he had the pleasure of having done his duty towards his country. "All of us" said he, "are to die one day; but blessed will be those who did their duty."

The president in his preliminary and concluding speeches said, Mahatma Gandhi had taught them not to fear any one except God in the performance of their duty towards their motherland. Success will be ours if they identified themselves with the cause of the Maharashtra and went to Mulshi for Satyagraha action.

INDIA AND IMPERIAL WIRELESS CHAIN.

The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau in the course of a communication addressed to the Revenue and Agriculture Department of the Government of India on the subject of the scheme of direct wireless communication between Indian and England, observe as follows:—

"The scheme of direct communication between India and England appears to have been drawn up by the British Post Office which tries to pass it on to India without caring to enquire if the scheme will meet with the approval of the Government of India and the Indian Legislature. This method of treating India and her claims is not one to which either the Government of India or the Indian Legislatures or the Indian public can give their accord" the British Cabinet will be accepted by the Government of India.

In conclusion the Committee expect an assurance by the Government of India that no wireless scheme will be adopted without the Indian Legislature being consulted and without proper investigations as to the financial aspect of the same.

A Fyzabad message says: Hon Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, in the course of his speech at the prize distribution ceremony of the Barielly Government High School deprecated the rush among Indians for service and urged them to take to occupations like agriculture, manufacturing industry, trade and commerce. (A. P.)

BOMBAY MARKETS.

(Continued from page 6.)

rates. China is absolutely quiet with very little hope for future. Consuming centres report quiet market. Calcutta, Rangoon, Madras and Punjab refuse to buy except at lower prices.

In view of the political as well as economic unrest throughout the world, we do not believe in any high prices whatever may be the condition of raw material. If however cotton remains steady at this level for some time, any decline in yarn will be prevented and as a result demand from consuming districts will be forthcoming.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 1st.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1-3 1/2
Bank Demand	1-3 1/2
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s	1-3 23/32
Fcs Demand	370
American Dollars	348
Honkong Dollars	201
Shanghai	274
Japan	184 1 2
Singapore	130 1/2

Market Steady.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Sept. 1st.—6 p. m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association:—

Ready.	Bazar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	58 0 0	..
Wheat, white Cawnpore 70-30	57 0 0	..
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	37 0 0	..
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11 8 0	12 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 10 0	13 2 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	12 2 0	12 10 0
Teaseed, White 85-15	77 0 0	15 12 0
Teaseed, Gujar 75-25	75 0 0	15 4 0
Teaseed, Gujar 50-50	72 0 0	..
Teaseed Black	68 0 0	..
Poppyseed, White	13 8 0	14 4 0
Groundnuts	69 0 0	..
Mowraseed	7 7 0	7 11 0
Barley	42 0 0	..
Castorseed	56 0 0	11 3 0
Cotton Seeds Ready-Delivary	35 0 0	5 2 0

Forward	Rs. a. p.
Wheat, May	8 14 0
Wheat, Aug.-Sept.	8 14 6
Linseed, May	13 10 6
Linseed, Sept.	13 7 0

FOREIGN MARKET.

Sept. 1.

During the week under review the Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole have displayed a moderate advance both in Liverpool and New York. In the early part of the week the market eased on unfavourable reports of political situation in Europe and strike developments in America. Later on, the market improved on Bullish private crop reports. Private telegrams from Liverpool reports that the Agricultural Bureau Report is expected Bullish, the crop accounts still continue unfavourable, and that the weather in Texas and Oklahoma is still hot and boll-weevils doing serious damage to the growing crop. About future of the market it is difficult to foretell definitely. Whilst the continued unfavourable weather and crop reports from America seem to be tending towards establishing a very strong statistical position, the unfavourable political and financial situation on the Continent and Europe, and poor trade prospects generally look back upon any material and lasting advance in the near future. We however expect higher market ultimately and advise buying on all material breaks. The future of our market will depend on the estimate of the growing crop of America, and we think we are likely to see rapid fluctuations in our market in the near future. Looking to the weather reports of Indian crop so far, we think it would be safe to sell new Broach April-May at about Rs. 510/15 and Oomra December-January at about Rs. 445/50. The prices in Oomra September have fallen to Rs. 470. The Bull party have been selling heavily for the last two days and unless they come out again to buy freely we think the rate would decline still further.

Our market for ready cotton maintained a quiet tone during the week. Japan and Europe shippers were almost out of the market. Local millwalas bought some fine ready Berar cotton.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with a week ago:—

	Last week.	This week.
Liverpool October	12.69	12.96 plus 27
Liverpool January	12.41	12.73 plus 32
Liverpool March	12.33	12.66 plus 33
New York October	22.44	22.45 plus 1
New York January	22.26	22.46 plus 20
New York March	22.27	22.52 plus 25

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Sept. 1.

Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May opened on the 25th instant at Rs. 496 and gradually declined to Rs. 484 on the 28th instant on a prominent Indore Operator, Japanese Houses and Offices selling. It advanced from this level to Rs. 493 on the 30th instant on buying by Marwari jobbers and offices, and after sharp fluctuations closed on the 31st instant at Rs. 490. Fine M. G. Oomra September opened at Rs. 479 on the 25th instant and dropped to Rs. 473½ on selling by Offices and Japanese Houses. At this level the Bull clique bought lifting the prices to Rs. 487½ on the 28th instant. Later on the Bull party came out as free sellers causing the market to decline to Rs. 470½. On the 29th instant the Bull clique appeared as buyers and a reaction took place the prices going up till Rs 481. On the 30th instant early in the session the Bull clique sold heavily causing the market to decline till Rs. 469. Again at this level they began to buy largely and the prices improved to Rs. 481. After fluctuations the market closed at Rs. 471½ on the 31st instant. While Oomra December-January opened on the 25th instant at Rs. 445 and eased to Rs. 434 on selling by offices. The prices fluctuated within a range of six rupees and closed on the 31st instant at Rs. 438. F. G. M. G. Bengal December-January opened on the 25th instant at Rs. 365 nominal and after fluctuating closed on the 31st instant at Rs. 358, the highest being Rs. 365 and the lowest Rs. 355.

CHEMICALS MARKET.

Sept. 1.

Farima witnessed a very quite market and holders are now ready to part with at Rs. 28. Forward lots are offered at cheap prices, in view of several orders booked at £22 per ton Cif Bombay. Sago flour also witnessed a fall. Maize starch and other sizing starches have nothing new to be reported.

Among dyeing chemicals, Bichromate soda, potash, Brown sugar lead and Aniline salt evidenced a great lull coupled with an appreciable fall in prices. The huge fluctuations in the rate of German Marks does not enable importers to exactly foresee the situation of the market. Consequently, the volume of business transacted in indenting has comparatively gone down for a while. Anile salt was quoted at Rs. 0-9-6 per lb. Antimony salt had a renewed weakness and a few lots changed hands at Rs. 0-12-0 per lb. Epsom salt is silent at Rs. 5-4-0. Magnesium chloride has no demand and stock holders are ready to clear off the stocks at Rs. 4-12-0.

Quotations:—

Soda Sulphide Jap. Rs. 16-0-0; Soda Sulphide U. A. Rs. 23; Soda Caustic Rs. 33-8-0; Bleaching Powder Rs. 49; Brown Sugar Lead Rs. 33; Oxalic Acid Rs. 57; Farnice Dutch Rs. 28; Epsom salt Rs. 5-4-0; Sago flour Rs. 16; Aniline salt Re. 0-10-0; Hydrosulphide soda Rs. 1-12-0; Fithaye Rs. 38; Zinc chloride Rs. 23; Bichromate soda Rs. 44-; Bichromate Potash Rs. 58; Muriatic Acid Rs. 18.

MILL STORES MARKETS.

Sept. 1.

There is still a lull in the mill stores markets, with an ease tone. Demand is very poor, and several lots in important commodities are offered cheaper than the rates ruling in England. Consequently, the indenting business has materially gone down, and is not likely to revive till the lots in the hands of the weak holders are cleared off. Cotton Healds are quoted at Rs. 2-2-0, whereas, the Cif price for immediate shipment is 32d., which price comes to nearly Rs. 2-5-0. Reeds are steady and firm at Rs. 0-5-3, and a slow scarcity is being witnessed. Roller cloth, sizing flannels and cleare cloths are silent, with a little doing. Bobbins have no special fluctuations. There was a small demand in the Rovings and a few lots changed hands at Rs. 27-8-0. Conical pirns, and weft pirns have nothing special. Roller skins, and Picking bands are quite conspicuous by an absence of demand.

The quotations:—

Healds Rs. 2-3-0; Reeds Rs. 0-5-3; Roller cloth Rs. 10; Roller cloth (16dz) Rs. 9-8-0; Roller skins Rs. 60; (English); Roller Skins Rs. 40; (Country); Picking Bands Rs. 2-5-0; Pickers Rs. 75; Rovings Rs. 28-; Slubbings Rs. 30; Council peries Rs. 6; Ring Rabbeths Rs. 13; Weft grates Rs. 33.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 26/15.
Bars Gold forward 26/15
Bars Gold 2nd settlement 27
Bars Silver ready 91/14
Bars Silver 1st settlement 91/14
Bars Silver 2nd settlement 92/2

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 7/16
Bank's selling D D 1/3 15/32
On London—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 1/2
Bank's selling D D 1/3 17/32
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 23/32
Bank's buying T T 1/3 9/16
Bank's buying D D 1/3 19/32
Tone of Exchange—
Quiet Market.
On Paris—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 372
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 392
Bank's buying D D Frcs 382
On Japan—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 166½
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 161½
On Hongkong—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 201
On Singapore—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 180½
On New York—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 348
London Gold ready sh. 92-4
London Silver ready d. 35-2
London Silver forward d. 35-2
Tone of silver—Steady, China buying forward.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange $. 4.46-1/4
French Exchange Frcs 58-30
Swiss Exchange Frcs. 23.40.
Belgium Exchange Frcs. 61.70
Italian Exchange Liras 102.00
German Exchange Mrks. 7200
Prague Exchange Krons. 137

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper Rs. 57/8
5 per cent War Loan 83
4 per cent Terminable Loan 98
4 per cent Conversion Loan 78
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 100
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 100/12
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926 100/4
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1930 100/4
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 103/12
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 95
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 95
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market remain generally unchanged. Call money is available at about 2 per cent, and the short deposit rate remains at about 3 per cent. The Imperial Bank cash balance is up by Rs. 137 lacs, while the Bank-rate continues at 4 per cent. The New Government of India loan is now quoted about 1/8 per cent premium. There is a good inquiry in the market for Government securities.

EXCHANGE.

Exchange on London during the early part of the week opened round 1s. 3-9/16d. but the rates gradually declined to 1s. 3-15/32d. owing to the effects of the political situation in Europe. The America exchange on London dropped from $. 4.47⅛ to $. 4.45-3/8 but subsequently improved and closed steady at $4.46¼. The German mark after taking another downward plunge and reaching the record rate of 11,000 to the pound, recovered later to 6200, and closed round 7300 to the pound sterling.

GOLD.

In sympathy with the decline in American exchange on London, the price of Gold in London advanced to 92s. 7d. per oz. fine and our market improved. The highest rate touched was Rs. 27/2 for ready and Rs. 27/3 for forward delivery. At the higher level, the upcountry demand declined to about 15000 tolas a day and at the close, on a steadier sterling exchange and an improved cross rate, the rate here dropped to Rs. 27 per tola. Our stock is estimated at about 5 lacs tolas.

SILVER.

Silver continued steady throughout the week, the highest rate touched being Rs. 92/3 for September delivery. Our market has been moving in sympathy with the Shanghai market where the undertone still continues to be healthy. Business was on a very restricted scale this week, the off-take averaging about 80 bars a day. Our stock is estimated at about 3,000 bars.

SHARES.

There were three working days during the week under review and transactions were mostly for Budli business rather than in fresh commitments. As the Managing Committee have fixed the maximum price for Currimbhoy and David mill shares at Rs. 2,175 and Rs. 1,975 respectively, there will be no more forward business in these shares. Consequently the bulls will take delivery of the shares offered to them for cash, and those who cannot deliver the shares against their sales, will be squared up at a rate which will be fixed by the Managing Committee on the last day of auction.

The David mill has declared a dividend of Rs. 45, the Standard mill Rs. 130; and Swadeshi mill Rs. 200 for the half year.

In the miscellaneous section, Tata Steel deferreds improved to Rs. 195 on shorts covering. Trams declined to Rs. 113/12 on selling orders for cash delivery. Amongst Bank shares, Imperial Bank Contributories are still in good demand. Railway shares continue steady.

SHARES.

Market closed dull with limited business.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1345, Contributory 370, India 133, Central 34xd, Tata Bank 154 and Eastern 80.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah. Advance 2990, Alliance 320n, Apollo 70, Birla Mills 81/4, By. Cotton 1080, By. Dyeing 1450, Bradbury 975, Century 765, Cent. India 4675, Colaba Land 2250, Coorla 265, Crescent 480, Edw. Sassoon 460, E. D. Sassoon 4/15, Elphiston 132/8, Fazulbhoy 1220, Gokak 247/8, Ind. Bleaching 205, Ind. Malwa 597/8xd. Jamshed Mfg. 420, Kastoorchand 800, Khatao 555, Kilachand Mills 16, Kohinoor 2455 Luxmi Cotton 5550, Madhavrao Scd. 215, Madhowji 400, Mathuradas 700, M. Petit 4750n, Mayer Sassoon 290, Morarji 6900, New Great 822/8, New City 610xd, Pabani 755, Pearls 977/8, Phonenix 845, Planet 220, Shapurji 317/8, Sholapur 15,000n, Simplex 720, Standard 2450, Swan 1100, Swadeshi 4690, Tata Mill 1075, and Vishnu Cotton 2400.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 490, B. Burma 490, B. Burma N. I. 137/8, Bt. Burma pet 7/4 B. Tramway 113/12, B. Flour 1500, B. Steam 215, Bundi Cement 39/8, Ind. Cement 275, Katni Ord. 235, Katni Defd. 1160, New India 18, Shivrajpur 29/8, Tata Iron Ord. 53/12, Tata Iron Defd. 200, Tata Hydro 780, Tata Oil 37/8 and Scindia Steam 7.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Let me point out that there are several inaccuracies in the paragraph about the Bombay Stock Exchange that appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" on Tuesday last. It states that last month the Directors fixed the prices of the shares of the David and Currimbhoy Mills for giving a chance to the Bears to cover their sales. The decision of the Board was arrived at after consultation with some of the members of the Syndicate. The decision was strongly condemned by the Bear party on the ground that there was a corner and instead of fixing the rate the Directors ought to have declared a corner in accordance with the power vested in them by Rule 26-A framed in connection with the formation of the Clearing House. Instead of declaring a corner the Directors gave a long lease of life to the Bulls. The rate fixed by the Board was Rs. 1,790 ex-dividend for the Currimbhoy Mill shares. That was only a few days ago. The Directors allowed the rate to jump up by about Rs. 400 and in fact they compelled the Bears to make a gift of Rs. 385 to the Bulls by fixing the rate of the Currimbhoy Mill share at Rs. 2,175. This rate is not only fictitious but fabulous as the Agents and Directors of the Mill are not disposed to buy the share even at Rs. 1,000. The Bulls paid nearly 20 per cent. for carrying forward their business and it is said that they have decided in spite of the adverse decision of the Board to take delivery and make and recover payments under protest from their brokers. It is a notorious fact that the same Syndicate made a corner in the share of the Fazulbhoy Mill which was pushed up to Rs. 2,200. It was only in April, 1921, that the Agents bought back from the Syndicate 6,000 shares of the Mill at Rs. 1,300 exclusive of Rs. 300 which was declared as dividend. In that year the Fazulbhoy Mill paid a dividend of about Rs. 500 on a share whose nominal value is Rs. 250. It is possible that the Syndicate will now approach the Agents and offer them shares of the Currimbhoy Mill at a much lower price than that at which they sold the shares of the Fazulbhoy Mill to the Agents.—Yours, etc.,

M. Y. Z.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, Aug. 31st.

Means of observations taken at 8 a.m. 12 a.m. 2 p.m. 6 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. Inches			29.710
Temperature of Air		Degrees	80 7
Wet Bulb Thermometer		"	76 2
Dew Point		"	74 5
Relative humidity of Air		"	0.816
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)		"	7.6
Maximum temperature of Air		"	84 9
Minimum do do		"	78 0
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight			W.
Movement of Wind do		miles	234
Fall of Rain		inches	0.08
Total fall during month		"	5 15
Do. do. year		"	68.78
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 1st Sept			0.11

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.
	Sept	h. m.	ft. in.	Sept	h. m.	ft. in.
S.	2	m 9 7	26 1	2	m 2 10	18 1
		9 0a	24 8		8 1a	19 7
S.	3	m 9 55	26 7	3	m 3 6	17 11
		9 53a	25 3		4 3a	18 11
M.	4	m 10 34	27 0	4	m 3 54	17 8
		10 36a	25 10		4 35a	18 4
Tu.	5	m 11 8	27 3	5	m 4 34	17 5
		11 14a	26 4		5 6a	17 9
W.	6	m 11 38	27 5	6	m 5 6	17 3
		11 48a	26 9		53 4a	17 4
Th.	7	m 0 4a	27 6	7	m 5 34	17 1
					6 2a	16 11
F.	8	m 0 36	29 1	8	m 6 36	14 7
		0 52a	29 10		7 9a	15 2

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week.

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name.	Paid up Amount	Face Value.	Div. paid	Last Div.	Quotation to buy
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Allahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	18%	120
Alliance	100	..	Jan-Aug.	17½	190
Baroda	50	100	Jan-July	15%	15
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	16%	1345
" Contributary	138	..			370
India	50	100	Jan-July	15%	113
Central	25	50	Feb-Oct.	14%	34 xd
Tata Bank	22 1/2	75	" ex.	10	15/4
Chartered Bank	£5	£5	Apr-Oct.	"	£ 17
Eastern	£5	£10	"	"	80
Honghong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	$125	$125	"	62½	£ 115
Mercantile Bank of India	A £ 12 1/2		" "	10%	£ 28/4
Bank of Morvi	10	25	Feb-Oct.	8%	15

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	100	Mar-Sept.	8 3/4%	120
Ahmedabad Pratnij	500	500	"	912%	640
Amritsar Patty	100	100	"	9%	106
Central Provinces	100	100	"	6%	88
Chaparmukh Silghat	100	100	"	2%	58
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	5%	62
Khulna	..	..			
Bagirhat	100	100	"	4%	148
Larkhana	100	100	"	4%	62
Mandhra Bhon	90	100	Feb Aug.	"	62 xd
Pachora Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	"	90
Sara Sirajgunj	100	100	Mar-Sept.	4%	85
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.	2%	79 xd
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul.-Jan.	11%	110
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	"	585
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug.	4%	85

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	10	10	July	1-13-4	39/8
Bamankua	5	..	..	..	4
Central mining	10	..	..	6%	28
Indian Cement	250	250	..	17 1/2%	275
Katni Cement ord.	100	100	"	12	235
" Defd	40	40	"	48	1160
Shivrajpur	10	10	"	4-0-4	29/8

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct.	150	2990
Alliance cotton	100	100	"	40	320 n
Apollo	50	50	Feb-Jan.	8	70
Birla mills	100	100	Apr-Sept	8	81/4
By. Cotton	500	500	Sep-Dec.	100	1080
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-apr.	96	1450
Bradbury	250	250	June-Nov.	100	9 5
Bombay Industrial	100	100	"	15	75
Century	100	100	Apr-Sep.	73	765
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	225	4675
Colaba Land	700	700	March	130	2250
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	25	265
Crescent	100	100	July-Dec.	50	480
Currimbhoy	250	250	"	110	..
David	250	250	Apr-Sep.	45	..
Dawn	250	250	Mar-Apr.	80	1100
E. D. Sassoon United	7 1/2	10	Sep.	as.8	4 15
Edward Sassoon	200	200	Mar-Aug.	25	460
Elphinstone	100	100	June	25	1328
Fazulbhoy	250	250	"	120	1220
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	200	3100
Globe	100	100	Mar-Sep.	30	195
Gokak	100	100	"	30	247/8
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May.	15	205
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb	65	597/8 xd
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	65	440
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	800
Khatao	100	100	Apr-Nov.	35	555
Kilachand mill's	25	25	Aug-Jan.	1 1/2	16
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar-Aug.	30	2455
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apr.-Oct.	500	5850
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	"	28	215
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	30	400
Mathuradas	500	500	May-Nov.	60	700
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	400	4750 n
Mayer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Aug.	30	290
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr-Nov.	400	6900
New Great	200	200	Mar-Sep.	70	822/8
New City	100	100	"	60	610 xd
Paban	250	250	"	90	705
Pearls	250	250	July-Dec.	90	977/8
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug	100	845
Premier	100	100	May	"	140
Planet	108	100	Dec-Aug.	15	220
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug-Jan.	25	290
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr-Aug.	16	130
Shapurji	102	101	Aug-Sept	20	317/8
Sholapur	1000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1800	15,000
Simplex	250	250	Jan-Dec.	70	720
Standard	209	500	Apr-Sept.	130	2450
Swan	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	1100
Swadeshi	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	4190
Tata Mill	500	500	May-Oct.	90	1075
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	2400

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	188	100	"	6 o/o	130
Andhra Valley	1000	1000	"	2	785
Bombay. Electric Supply & Tramway	52	52	"	5	113/12
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	30	730

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102	123	"	50	490
B. Burma					
T. Corpo	125	125	"	25	490
B. Burma N.I.	50	125	"	10	137 8
By. Flour	500	500	Jan-Aug.	15 o/o	1500
Bt. Burma Pet			Mar-Oct.	as 3.	7/4
By. Steam	250	250	Oct. Rs.	41/2%	215
Kemp & Co.	200		July.	20	140
Maroka	100		"	12	92
New India Insur.	25	250	"	"	18
Oriental Govt. Life	50	200	April	30%	350
Phillips	40		July	10%	48
Port Canning	1000		Sept.	5%	660
Scindia Steam	30	30	"	"	7
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.	75	75	Sept.	16 o/o	53/12
Defd	30	30	Sept.	202	200
M. Ord.	75	75	"	"	...
M. Def	400	400	"	"	...
Tata Oil	100	100	"	"	37/8
Thacker Co.	50	50	Jan.	"	198

NOTICE.

ADVERTISERS' DISTRIBUTING SYNDICATE

On account of the enormous development of our general business, both foreign and local, and while thanking our numerous clients for their kind patronage extended to us, we hereby notify that Mr. H. C. HALL has been appointed SALES MANAGER to deal directly with the large or small local publicity contracts entrusted to us.

Advertisers' Distributing Syndicate,
A. MONIZ,
General Manager for India.
Proprietress,
OLIVE CAMPOS,
Bombay, 1st September, 1922.

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JOURNALS . . .
CASH BOOKS. .
SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS, Etc., Etc.
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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

The Monsoon has been active in the Gangetic plain and central parts of the country. Conditions are slightly disturbed in the north of the Bay. Rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, the United Provinces, Central India east, Konkan, and local in Assam, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, East Rajputana, Gujarat, the Central Provinces, Malabar, Mysore, Madras Deccan and north Madras coast. A few falls also occured in upper Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and southeast Madras.

Chief amounts are:—Port Blair, Victoria Point, Tavoy, Diamond Island, Kyaukpyu one and half inches, Moulmein two, Rangoon one, Akyab three, Darjeeling one, Daltonganj three, Cawnpore one, Dehra Dun Dalhousie two, Sutna one and half, Masulipatam, Cocanada one.

Forecast:—Increase in east of Central Provinces.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 1st Sept. 1922.	Total since 1st June, 1922.	June 1st to 1st Sept. 1921.	June 1st to 1st Sept. 1920.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	0.18	62.89	72.88	35.35
Fort (St. George's Hospital).	0.09	57.74	75.68	40.78
Esplanade (Gok. Tej. Hospital)	0.07	23.35	68.89	39.76
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	0.05	63.15	73.85	39.97
Kemp & Co., (Cannaille Bld.)	..	..	..	..

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 1st September 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear at Rawalpindi and Multan and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Rawalpindi and in defect at Lahore, Hissar and Delhi. Both day and night temperatures were nearly normal or above the average.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore reports 1.10in of rain, while Allahabad had 0.76in., Jhansi 0.42in., and Agra 0.54in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Allahabad humidity is in excess.

Sind and Rajputana—Kotah reports 0.22 of rain. Skies are clear in upper Sind and clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Jodhpur and in excess in east Rajputana. Day temperature was below normal at Kotah and Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rajkot reports 0.66in of rain while Dwarka had 0.31in., Bhavnagar Para 0.12in. and Surat 0.20in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Rajkot day temperature was below normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rain has fallen locally; Jubbulpore, Saugor and Chanda reporting 0.05in., 0.07in and 0.26in respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Sangor and Hoshangabad day temperature was lower than usual.

The Konkan.—All stations report rain. Bombay had 0.18in., Ratnigiri 0.31in, Mormugao 0.1in. and Karwar 0.68in. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum, Hyderabad and Aurangabad report 0.11in., 0.53in. and 0.22in. of rain respectively. Skies are in general moderately clouded and at Ahmednagar humidity is in defect. Day temperature was above normal at Sholapur.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has again been fairly active. It has given nearly general rain in the Konkan, Kathiawar and the United Provinces and local rain in Hyderabad, the Central Provinces, south Gujarat, east Rajputana, the Madras Deccan, Mysore and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have occurred in the south Bombay Deccan and southeast Madras. Cawnpore is the only station which reports a fall exceeding an inch and amounting to 1.10in.

Forecast.—An increase of rain is likely in the Central Provinces and some extension in the southeast Punjab.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 31st August, 1922.

The monsoon has strengthened in the Peninsula and Central India. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Central India, the Konkan and the Madras Deccan and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, Chota-Nagpur, the United Provinces, east Rajputana, Gujarat, the Central Provinces, Malabar, Hyderabad and Mysore. A few falls have also occurred in Orissa, Bihar, the Bombay Deccan and southeast Madras.

The chief amounts are—Port Blair three inches; Mergui one; Tavoy, Moulmein, Tourgoo, two; Bassein, Diamond Island, Myitkyina one and a half; Sibsagar one; Silchar three; Cherrapunji, Chaibasa two; Benares one; Jhansi one a half; Mussooree five; Dalhousie, Kotha one and a half; Nowgong four; Sutna two; Jubbulpore one and a half; Seoni, Pachmarhi one; Nizamabad one and a half; Mercara, Negapatam one.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 1ST OF SEPT. 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity At 8 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Rainfall. Total 1st June to date.	Rainfall. Departure 1st June to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	95.2	80.6	77	..	0	..
Do. 31st	91.8	80.5	79	..	0.00	-0.62
Jask	91.8	80.5	79	..	0.00	-0.06
Muskat	89 7	79 9	84	..	0.00	-0.12
Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	102.8	82.8	63	..	0.82	-2.76
Rawalpindi	98.7	79.1	67	..	13 98	-4.67
Lahore	104.	..	53	..	6.78	-6 71
Hissar	104.0	85.4	48	..	1.45	-1.78
Ambala	94.8	80.2	68	..	23.98	+4.36
Delhi	94.8	78.2	58	..	14 82	-4.09
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	89.3	78.5	81	0.54	19.64	+0.08
Malnpuri	89.1	78.5	91	..	29 58	+10.84
Jhansi	88.9	76.6	89	0.42	39.84	+2.36
Cawnpore	87 7	75.1	93	1.10	37.84	+13.46
Allahabad	91.4	77.9	93	0.76	32.37	+4.35
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobabad	97.5	79.4	71	..	0	-2.09
Karachi	88 5	77.1	83	..	1.51	-2 93
Ajmer	96.2	74.0	26	..	9.47	-3.19
Jaipur	91.6	74.8	86	0.07	4.38	-3.86
Kotah	94.6	76.2	93	0.22	20.64	+0.58
Mount Ab

COMPULSORY PRIMARY EDUCATION

TO BE INTRODUCED IN THE PRESIDENCY.

GOVERNMENT RESERVES POWER OF CONTROL.

In July of last year the Government of Bombay appointed a Committee, presided over by the Hon. Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar, President of the Legislative Council, to consider the whole question of the introduction of free and compulsory education throughout the Presidency excluding Bombay City. This Committee reported to Government in May of this year and Government has now drafted a Bill to give effect to a number of the Committee's recommendations. The text of this Bill is published in the Official Gazette.

The Bill provides the machinery necessary for the working of schemes of free and compulsory elementary education by local authorities and at the same time makes improved arrangements for the supply of primary education. The following are some of its principal provisions:—

The Bill extends to the whole of the Presidency except Bombay City. The existing duties of District Local Boards and Municipalities in respect of primary education (other than the provision of funds) will be transferred to School Boards. These Boards will consist of not less than 10 or more than 15 persons and will include women and representatives of minorities. Not more than three of the members may be appointed by Government, the remainder being elected by the local authority. To these Boards will be entrusted the duty of enforcing the provisions of the Act.

Every School Board will have a paid administrative officer.

GOVERNMENT'S POWER.

A local authority may voluntarily submit to Government a scheme for provision of compulsory elementary education in any part of its jurisdiction. Elementary education is defined as being that provided by Standards 1 to 4 in Vernacular schools or Standards 1 to 5 in English schools. But Government have the power to refuse to sanction any scheme or to modify or, under certain circumstances, to cancel, any scheme put forward by a local authority. The object of this power being reserved to Government is to prevent a scheme being put into operation which it is beyond the financial resources of Government to support.

If the scheme is sanctioned, Government will pay one-half of the annual cost, if the local authority is a Municipality, and two-thirds if the local authority is a District Local Board. A local authority may be called upon by Government to submit a scheme of compulsory education and, in the event of the authority failing to prepare such a scheme or to bring it into operation or to continue to keep it in operation, it will be open to Government to prepare its own scheme and recover the cost from the local authority.

COMPULSORY SCHOOL AGE.

Attendance at the schools is obligatory for children between the ages of 6 and 11 unless:

(a) the child is sick,
(b) is receiving approved instruction elsewhere
(c) if the nearest school is more than a certain distance from the child's home,
(d) if there is no accommodation or the child has been refused admission for good and sufficient cause.

The penalty for not sending a child to school is a fine of not more than Rs. 2 and, if the offence is repeated, 8 annas a day for the period during which the failure to attend school continues.

A Patel can convict under this Section if there is no magistrate in the village, but an appeal from the conviction may be made to a magistrate. Moreover, proceedings under these sections can only be taken by the School Board or its Officer and, in the case of a first offender a warning must be given before a prosecution is instituted. A person employing a child liable to compulsory education may be fined Rs. 25.

GOVERNMENT TO PRESCRIBE CURRICULUM.

Government will prescribe the curriculum to be followed in these schools but it may be altered by the local board to suit local conditions. All approved schools are to be open to Government inspection.

It is also provided in the Act that particular classes of communities may be exempted from this operation.

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Machinery inquiries with Draft of $300 to cover Initial charges.

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INK TABLET
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P. O. BAGHBAZAR, CALCUTTA.

MATRIMONIAL SUIT.

WIFE SEEKS ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 31.

An interesting matrimonial suit is now being heard at the High Court before Justice Coutts Trotter. In this case Mrs. Towers, nee Josephine Mary Andy, seeks the annulment of her marriage with Christopher Joseph Towers (taxi-driver). Mrs. Towers who is just nearing seventeen years of age, is a daughter of the late Mr. Stephen Andy, Barrister-at-Law, and a grand-daughter of the late Dr. Palhy Andy, founder of the National Church Mission of India, alleged that it was as a result of coercion that she had married Towers and she therefore wanted the marriage to be annulled.

Christopher Joseph Towers examined stated that she fully reciprocated his love and her mother had no objection to their marriage. At the Marriage Registrar's office the usual declaration was read out very deliberately by Miss Andy who also signed the register without the least hesitation. She quite understood she was getting married to him. On returning home he was accused of having stolen a bicycle and threatened with beating for having got married to Miss Andy. He ran and hid in a neighbouring house and on the following day he was arrested by the police. He was put up before the Magistrate and sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

The Acting Registrar of marriage in November 1921 was then examined. He deposed that Miss Andy was perfectly willing to get married to the respondent and understood the declaration form that she read out and a ring was also put on her finger by the respondent. She signed the register. The case is proceeding.

POLICE ACTIVITIES IN RAIPUR

ARRESTS OF PROMINENT MEN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

RAIPUR Aug. 31.

The Raipur Police, probably encouraged by the commendations in the C. P. Government communique regarding the arrest of Mr. Shukla in March last, has started a series of prosecutions of Congress and Khilafat workers in this District. Pandit Narayan Rao Megha, member, All-India Congress Committee, Pandit Sunderlal Sharma of Rajim are in jail under section 107 and 108 C. P. C. since May last. Moulvi Hamidali of Akltara was sentenced under section 124 A to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment only in July last. Notices art said to have been issued to two prominent Khilafat workers of Raipur for binding them over under section 108 C. P. C. for speeches delivered in July and October last year and one speech in July this year. Mr. Abdul Raufkhan Malvi has already received notice. His case has been fixed for 11th September.

SIR J. WOODROFFE.

FAREWELL ADDRESS BY CALCUTTA VAKILS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.).

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

To-day all the Judges of the High Court assembled in the Chief Justice's court-room which was packed with the members of various branches when vakils presented a farewell address to Sir John Woodroffe who is retiring from the bench. He was first an Advocate for fifteen years then a judge for eighteen years. The address was printed on a country-made paper with a backing of Moorshidabad silk and decorated with a border of Indian gold embroidery. The address referred to Justice Woodroffe's sympathy with Indians, unfailing courtesy, strict impartiality, his solicitude in cause of Indian arts and his scholarship and love for Brahminic scriptures. The Advocate-General and the President of the Incorporated Law Society associated themselves with all that was stated in the address.

The Chief Justice said that Justice Sir Woodroffe's retirement would undoubtedly cause a great loss to the Court. They were however confident that though he personally would not be with them, the good work which he had done in the Court and in India would provide a fitting and lasting memorial of a learned and an upright Judge.

In the course of a reply Justice Woodroffe said: "You have spoken of my work in propagation of a right understanding of great civilisation of India. This also is a work of justice, though in another sphere. I have been moved to undertake it by reason of my affection for the country as, also, because of my great debt to it both material and intellectual. Justice is here also correct judgment, that is, the discrimination of what is true and false or what is worthy of praise or reprobation with complete impartiality and freedom from all racial national and creedal prejudice. What I owe to Indians cannot be fully expressed here."

NEW EDITOR OF "SERVANT"

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

Mr. Nripendra Chandra Banerji, late Vice-Principal, Chittagong College, after serving one years' imprisonment assumed the editorial charge of the "Servant," vice Pramathanath Mukherji resigned.

ARBITRATION COURTS.

QUESTION IN BENGAL COUNCIL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

At the Bengal Legislative Council to-day replying to a question regarding Arbitration Courts of the Non-Cooperators Hon. Mr. Stephenson said:—The so-called Arbitration Courts have from time to time been established in various places in mafussil and have purported to try civil and criminal cases. Their estabilshment has been reported at one time or another from nearly all the districts of the Province. In most cases, people, they have oppressed, have been afraid to give evidence necessary to secure a conviction for extortion, assault and so forth. The executive action has been taken wherever possible. In many cases the so-called courts have died of inanition and in some, responsible inhabitants of the locality have put them down. Government have no information regarding any court at Raona in Burdwan. At Jamalpur a court existed for about a month and dealt with four or five petty cases. The procedure was for a member of the court to send for the parties and after hearing them deliver judgment. Sentences usually took the form of subjecting the accused to shoe-beating or pulling his ears and making him stand and sit for a certain number of times or infliction of a fine which was given to the complainant.

In reply to another question the same member said that 3,635 prisoners convicted for offences in connection with the Non-Co-operation movement were treated as special class prisoners.

A SURAT ARREST.

POLICE DISCOVER A MARE'S NEST.

"Bapoo B. Desai" writes to us as follows from Surat in a letter dated 23rd August, which reached us only yesterday:—

"I was proceeding to Navsari by 1 p.m. local train from Surat on the 23rd August, 1922. During my journey I was arrested midway between Surat and Navsari by the Police, for unknown reasons. The only reason for my arrest that I can find is t I am one of the active Non-cooperators. I was brought back to Surat and then my house was searched by the police. But they could not find anything so as to take action against me. Hence I was released at 6 p.m. on the same day to their utter disappointment."

From enquiries at the office of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, we learn that the arrested person is not Mr. Bapoobhai B. Desai of the B. P. C. C., who had a hearty laugh when he was asked yesterday over the phone whether it was he or a name sake of his who had the good fortune to receive the attentions of the blundering Surat Police.

THE TRIPLE BOYCOTT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Ganpati festival of this year is being exploited by the pro-Council party to preach for their entry into the Legislative Council. This party is using tactics. Their first trick is to hit the Congress majority party in a weak spot. Some people catching the infection of the Poona politicians who originated the idea of using Lokamanya's name to support their view, are urging that there should be no change in the Congress programme so long as the Mahatma is in jail. There are others who, out of a mere sense of chivalry, urge the same thing. It is this attitude that the pro-Council party is seeking to hit. In securing this weak spot the Poona politicians are jubilating and are exploiting the Ganpati festival for winning their fight by attacks on it. They, however, forget that Mahatma always insisted on his followers that they should ever be ready for the removal of any individual including himself. They, who have absorbed the principles of Mahatma, will look with unconcern at such tactics. They and also others, who occasionally catch the infection of Poona politicians, will see through the game. The Poona politicians will not succeed in hoodwinking Bombay and Maharashtra regarding their real object of *entering into the Councils.*

The second stratagem of the pro-Council party is to insist on the unity of the "triple boycott." Because the boycott of courts and schools has failed, therefore, has also the boycott of councils failed. The boycott of courts and schools has to be relaxed, nay withdrawn, as a matter of course, therefore, the boycott of councils must be altogether withdrawn. That is the upshot of their argument in this respect and for so arguing they always insist on the oness of the triple boycott. Owing to the linking of the boycott of courts with that of councils, the pro-Council party has been strengthened by the lawyers of the province. The pro-Council party in Maharashtra have thus eliminated all opposition to them in what may be called the intellectual portion. This linking must be broken and the Pro-Council party must be told that these two boycotts are quite unconnected with each other as either of these is quite unconnected with the boycott of schools. One of these three boycotts is as little connected with another as with the boycott of foreign cloth. They are connected with each other only for their being parts of a programme. But the question of relaxing or withdrawing anyone of them has nothing *per se* to do with that of relaxing or withdrawing any other of them. If people understand and emphasise this—as certainly they do—the failure of the tactics of the pro-Council party will be demonstrated.

Will they not rather give up this ill-conceived controversy and try to enter into the councils without creating bad blood?—Yours, etc.,

P. R. LELE.

The "Madras Mail's" Colombo correspondent cables that the Government of Cylone has decided not to participate in the British Empire Exhibition in 1924.

C. D. INQUIRY COMMITTEE.

FINAL MEETING TO CONSIDER DRAFT REPORT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

In connection with the final meeting of the Congress Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee, Hakim Ajmal Khan, the President, and Dr. Ansari accompanied by Messrs. H. M. Hyat and A. Basit, Secretaries of the Committee, arrived in Calcutta this morning by the Punjab Mail from Kasauli. Mr. A. Kasturiranga Iyengar has come by the Madras Mail. Mr. V. J. Patel has not yet arrived, the Jubbulpore mail being late but is expected here late to-night. Pandit Motilal Nehru will arrive to-morrow morning. Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar will not be able to come being laid up with influenza at Salem. The Committee will sit to-morrow and consider the draft report. It is understood that more than a day will be devoted for the purpose. After the report has been approved of, it will be printed and circulated as promptly as possible to the members of the All-India Congress Committee to enable them to be prepared for discussion over it at the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee to be held in Calcutta on the 15th September.

KHILAFAT INQUIRY COMMITTEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 31.

The Khilafat Inquiry Committee will meet at Bombay for the consideration of their draft report on the same date the Congress Civil Disobedience Committee sits here.

Mr. C. R. Das who went recently to Darjeeling is expected to come down to Calcutta to attend the meeting of the Congress Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee provided his health permits him to do so.

IS AN AHMEDIYA A MAHOMEDAN?

INTERESTING CASE IN MADRAS HIGH COURT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Aug. 30.

At the High Court to-day Justices Oldfield and Krishnan delivered judgment in the criminal revision petition preferred by a person belonging to Ahmadiya sect against the decision of the Sessions Judge of Malabar acquitting his (petitioner's) wife of a charge of alleged bigamy. The facts of the case are that the petitioner, a Mohammadan, took to Ahamadiya faith whereupon his wife, after consultation with the Government Pleader and religious authority married a second husband. The firs husband therefore, prosecuted her for bigamy but she was acquitted by the Sessions Judge of Malabar who held that when a Mahommedan became an Ahamadiya, he was an apostate and as such his wife was at liberty to take another husband. It was argued before the High Court that Ahamadiyas were also Mohammedans, that they should not be held apostates since they acknowledged Mahomad as the Prophet of God and were monotheists. Their lordships held that Ahamadiyas were only the reformed sect of Mohammadans, that they subscribed to the Quran and it was unjustifiable to hold that Ahamadiyas were apostates. Their lordships, therefore, set aside the acquittal of the woman but in the circumstances of the case did not think a re-trial necessary.

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The Super-Milk
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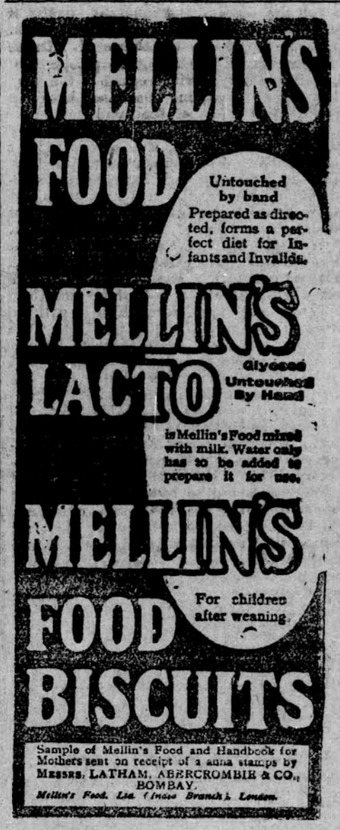
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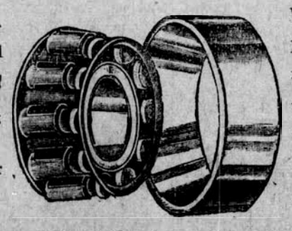

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SHARE AND COTTON GAMBLING IN BOMBAY

AN APPEAL AND A WARNING.

Mr. Popat L. Chudgar writes:—

It is well-known that speculation in almost every important commodity is rampant in Bombay. For some months past speculation in Cotton and Mill shares has assumed the most alarming proportions and the consequent demoralization of a vast bulk of the population of Bombay and many other commercial centres in the Presidency is too frightful to contemplate. It is time that all right minded persons should urgently look into the matter and combine to devise some effective means to put a stop to this huge gambling which threatens to become a formidable national vice and which if not checked in time is certain to lead to unthinkable disaster and national ruin from which it will be difficult to extricate the nation for years to come.

Amongst the many agencies that serve to promote and foster this speculation spirit amongst the people, the principle and notorious is the system followed by certain rich Marwadis and other Capitalists with an insatiable lust for gambling to form themselves into an association called a syndicate with the set purpose of carrying on organized gambling in certain Shares or Cotton. These people by force of wealth and by the almost unlimited support they receive from the leading Indian and Exchange Banks and other financing houses of Bombay, can successfully squeeze the weaker persons so as to practically rob them of all their money.

The *modus operandi* of this syndicate or rather the gang is first o f all to select shares of certain mills for their operations; having selected these they start quietly buying up all the available shares while making a skilful manoeuvre of selling and buying and they manage it in such a way as to avoid detection of their plans until all the available shares are practically secured by them. They still offer to purchase as many shares as there are sellers and thus carry the prices far beyond the most reasonable and natural proportions, and thus artificially inflate them so much so that they raise them to twice or even three times their natural value. Having done that till the settlement day, they compell the payment of differences at the highest rate raised by them having no intention to take delivery unless forced to do so and by making badles at exorbitant interest, they swallow up the differences.

To illustrate the above statement, I shall cite the recent instance of a gamble in the shares of Currimbhoy and David Mills, which has been attempted by the Syndicate. Having regard to all the conditions of the state of mill industries at present, and gloomy future staring it in the face, the natural value of these shares can in no event exceed Rs. 700 and 800 each respectively. The Currimbhoy mills used to make a profit of 4 lacs per month in 1920, 2½ lacs per month in 1921 and it hardly makes a profit of one lac per month this year; the average rate of its shares in 1920 was Rs. 1,300 each, in 1921 it was raised to Rs. 1,000 each and at present it is Rs. 2,175; the dividend per share in 1920 was Rs. 300, in 1921 Rs. 220 and it is certain that it won't exceed Rs. 40 for the half year of 1922; according to these unimpeachable facts the intrinsic value calculated at 10 per cent., on the investment even if that circumstance continues as at present cannot exceed Rs. 800 and yet the rate quoted is Rs. 2,175 each. Can anything be more absurd? The fictitiousness of the price as a design to rob the unwary and ignorant public is too patent to require further demonstration. The same applies to the shares of David mills; again when the future prospects of the mill industry having regard to the very high prices of cotton, dear and irregular labour, high prices of fuel and coal, short working days, formidable competition of Lancashire and Japan, the ever increasing use of hand-spun and hand-woven Khaddar increasing poverty and consequent declining buying power, the comparative higher taxes, complete loss of the markets of Persia, Mesopotamia, Mauritius, Africa, Java, Straights and China on account of the iroads of cheap foreign cloth in those markets, and financial difficulties all over the world, the uncertain exchange and the complicated political situation of Europe and Near East, the increasing stock on account of scarce demand from up-country though this is the best buying season, the heavy decline in the prices of yarn, are considered, it looks very gloomy with no imaginable chances of improvement and it is likely that the industry will soon revert to worse than pre-war conditions which were far from satisfactory. This shows that the prices of shares are bound to collapse heavily and no one knowing the real state of things will be surprized if within the next six months they are not reduced to almost one third of their present rates. This will open the eyes of all those men who without any thought whatever plunge headlong into the snares spread by the gang and lose all their wealth only to become wise after the event.

What is true of shares, is equally true of cotton. There too these syndicates are, as active as in the share bazar and though they have no actual use of even an ounce of the cotton they offer to purchase, they go on purchasing quantities far beyond the actual and possible supplies and force up the prices much beyond the natural and normal.

These syndicates have become a regular nuisance, may a formidable danger, and they have tenderd all honest, healthy and natural trade impossivle. Such syndicate are fast developing themselves into a veritable concreating up the very vitals of the people and it is time that all persons having the welfare of the public at heart should combine to cut it off before it becomes incurable.

The disingenious game of these syndicates would not have been possible it they had not behind their operations unlimited backing of the large Indian and Exchange banks and other financing houses including agents and trustees of certain Rajahs and Maharajahs who have entrusted them with money for wise and considerate investments. However great their own resources may be, they cannot for a single minute be enabled to carry on their unrestricted gambling if the Banks and financiers withdraw their assistance and decline to have any further dealings with them.

The authorities and directors of these Banks must now realize their grave responsibilities and risks in financing these people directly or indirectly through Mucadams or in any other manner whatsoever, in their own interests as well as in the interests of the public. They must know that in financing these men, they are co-operating and substantially co-operating with them in bringing about a systematic demoralization of the people and an eventual disintegration of the trade and the consequent disaster to the country. They must further consider the grave risks to themselves in advancing money on securities of shares and cotton, to estimate the real market value of which is almost impossible in the circumstances; there is no knowing when they may heavily fall and when it would be hard to realize even one half of the money advanced on them. If the crisis comes, as it is sure to come if things are allowed to continue as at present, the Banks will be the first to suffer and suffer heavily and the financial crisis would be very great wich consequences too dire to contemplate.

The authorities and the directors of the Bank should also consider that the making of money by investing them for any purposes moral or immoral cannot be and is not the sole and exclusive object for which the Banks exist. It is opposed to all notions of business morality and trade decency as well as to the ordinary principles of banking that a large part of all its available funds should be invested to support such cleas, bare-faced gambling having for its set purpose the clever design to fleece if not to rob thousands of ignorant people. There are a number of genuine honest industries and trades in which any amount of capital can be profitably and usefully invested and there is no reason or justification in advancing money in furthorance of such highly objectionable purposes. It is hoped that if the authoritics of the various banks do not improve matters and wash their hands clean of all this dirty business, the share-holders and the depositing public will take immediate action to teach them their duty and responsibility.

It is time that all concerned will realize the gravity of the situation and bestir themselves to put an end to this game with a heavy hand so as to make its revival impossible for all time.

INDIAN COOPERATIVE NAVIGATION AND TRADING CO. LD.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I think I have sufficiently proved to Mr. Bharucha that I do not hold brief for the Directors. I was merely drawn into this controversy on account of silly and mischievous statements particularly with regard to figures Mr. Bharucha was making in the Press to the great detriment of the Company. I was given to understand that he is a professional "accountant" and I was, therefore, pained to see his bold misrepresentation of the commonplace facts and figures which are familiar to almost all the shareholders. It was at this stage, I questioned him the accuracy of his figures and of one or two statements concerning the accounts. How he acquitted himself of the self-sought task is already patent to your readers. And instead of strictly confining himself to the points in my letters, he is coming out with his shibboleth of "mismanagement" and submits a further list of Directors' sins of omission and commission to me for repy. The Directors' rejoinder he certainly will have if he will only patiently wait. Public Press is not a fit place for the discussion of the internal management of the Company. One can reasonably ventilate his grievances in the Press when he is not afforded an opportunity of being heard or satisfied. Has Mr. Bharucha gone or written, to the office for explanation of the points on which he wants information? If not why does he rush to the Press? Is it business like for the Directors to discuss their internal management in the columns of "The Bombay Chronicle"? If so, why hold general meetings and invite the poor shareholders? Mr. Bharucha with one solitary share of the nominal value of rupees ten is the Company and his sweet will must be done!

In my last reply I made my position sufficiently clear in that I am not an apologist of the Management but what I strongly resent is that people who do not understand or who do not care to study or inquire about things or who have their own axes to grind should rush into print and mislead the shareholders and bring the Company into ill repute.

I have made personal enquiries at the office about the points raised by Mr. Bharucha and I am perfectly satisfied with their replies. To mention two of these: "Why Rs. 30,000 cash in hand and an overdraft of Rs. 21,000?" asks Mr. Bharucha. The Secretary was very courteous and kindly allowed me, at my request, the inspection of the Cash Book and the Pass Book. On the 31st May, 1921, at the commencement of the day they had Rs. 1,000. During the day money came in to the extent of Rs. 29,000. The whole amount was banked the next day there leaving on hand only Rs. 1,597: The Pass Book exhibits that the overdraft was only for a *few hours* for which no interest was charged: I wish Mr. Bharucha had ascertained these fats before he asked those damaging querries in the Press creating mountain out of a molehill. Do not these two instances indicate the hollowness of Mr. Bharucha's querries?

I hope to be excused for these deviations. I am concerned with Mr. Bharucha's figures and and facts and his fresh points 4 (d) and (e), price of the steamers and the consumption of coal are for the Directors and not for me to reply and I earnestly urge the Directors to the best interest of the Company to withhold all this information until the proper time and proper moment arrives for its disclosures.

Mr. Bharucha says that the two new steamers arrived in Bombay in January 1920 and exclaims as to "why they could not run during the January-May seson of 1920: "Ye shareholders in general and brother shareholders in particular know that these steamers never saw the Arabian Sea in January-May season of 1920. Perhaps Mr. Bharucha will get out of this as he has done in his previous replies to my letters saying "erred in minor details," "no great sins", "going over again" "maginying minor matter" and "how are the Shareholders to know."

Mr. Bharucha now maintains his ratio figures which are 48 per cent for 1918-19 and 55 per cent for 1919-20 against my 57 per cent and 94 per cent for the same periods. Can he honestly maintain those figures on an accountant's standpoint of view? I publicly challenged Mr. Bharucha to disprove mine but he has failed either to prove his own or disprove mine.

With regard to the dividend rates, Mr. Bharucha evidently quotes actually those that have been declared and paid. Let me tell Mr. Bharucha that these figures are not the true index of the Company's profit and it passes my comprehension as why he at all quoted them. Verily to strengthen his shibboleth of hismanagement? I submitted that there was no real profit in 1920-21 and the profits earned for the year 1918-19 was about 34 per cent on the then paid-up Capital. It was from the fat year the dividend for the lean year was declared.

The commotion at the meeting was the creation of Mr. Bharucha's followers and not of Mr. Bharucha and I must blame him for not properly training them in discipline. Credit is certainly due to Mr. Bharucha for silencing momentarily the turbulent section of his followers, for, if they do not obey their chief, whom will they?—Yours, etc.

J. A. FERNANDES.

Aug. 31.

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TO THE EDITOR,

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Correspondent S. M. L.

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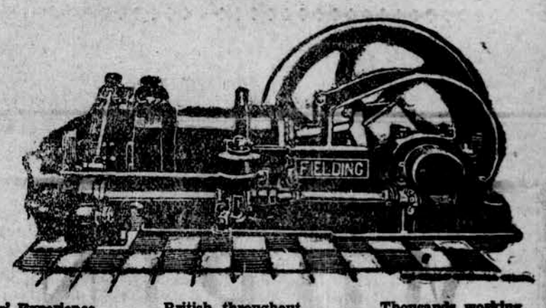

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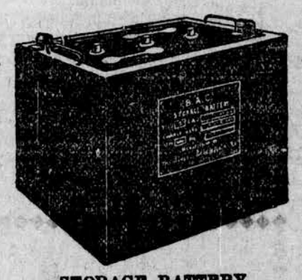

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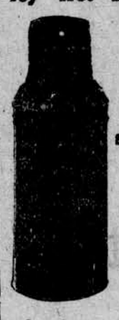

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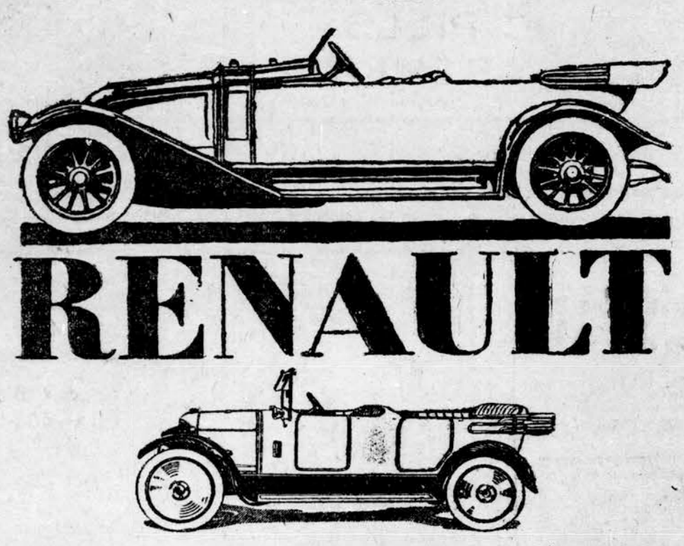

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